azbil

MagneW3000 FLEX*/PLUS* Smart Electromagnetic Flowmeter Converter Model MGG10C-M/P/R/S/T MGG14C-M/P/R

User's Manual



Azbil Corporation

NOTICE

While the information in this manual is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate, Azbil Corporation disclaims any implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose and makes no express warranty except as may be stated in its written agreement with and for its customer.

In no event shall Azbil Corporation be liable to anyone for any indirect, special or consequential damages. This information and specifications in this document are subject to change without notice.

Safety

About this manual

This manual contains information and warnings that must be observed to keep the model MGG10C/MGG14C MagneW3000 FLEX⁺/PLUS⁺ Flowmeter operating safely. Correct installation, correct operation and regular maintenance are essential to ensure safety while using this device.

For the correct and safe use of this flowmeter, it is essential that both operating and service personnel follow generally accepted safety procedures in addition to the safety precautions specified in this manual.

The following symbols are used in this manual to alert you to possible hazards:

MARNING

Denotes a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided could result in death or serious injury.

⚠ CAUTION

Denotes a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided could result in minor injury or damage to device.

Safety messages

Carefully read this section before installing or operating this device.

⚠ WARNING

ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD! Turn the power supply OFF before opening the converter cover.

⚠ CAUTION

Switch the control equipment to manual control before terminating flowmeter operation and shutting off the output to the control equipment. This action prevents the power shut-off from directly affecting the control equipment.

⚠ CAUTION

Install the flowmeter in a location with an ambient temperature of -25 °C to 60 °C (-13 °F to 140 °F) and an ambient humidity of 5 to 100% RH to prevent equipment malfunction or output errors.

A CAUTION

Do not install the flowmeter near high-current power lines, motors or transformers to prevent damage from electromagnetic induction, which can cause equipment malfunction or output errors.

⚠ CAUTION

Do not install the flowmeter in a location subject to direct sunlight, wind, rain, severe vibration, or in a highly corrosive atmosphere. The converter and detector can be damaged.

⚠ CAUTION

Be sure to ground the welding power transformer when welding near the flowmeter to avoid output errors.

⚠ CAUTION

DO NOT use the flowmeter to ground a welder. It can damage the flowmeter.

Azbil Corporation

MagneW3000 FLEX+/PLUS+ Electromagnetic Flowmeter **CE Conformity Supplement**

CE CONFORMITY: This product is in conformity with the protection requirements of the following European Council Directive: 2004/108/EC/, the EMC Directive and 73/ 23/EEC, Low Voltage Directive. Conformity of this product with any other "CE Mark" Directive(s) shall not be assumed.

EMC Directive/Standard		Conformity	Notes	
ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY: 2004/108/EC, EMC Directive				
EMISSIONS: EN61326-1:2006, Gr.1 Class A, Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use				
EN 55011:2007 /A2:2007, Gr.1, Class A, Industrial Control Equipment, Radiated electromagnetic disturbances 30MHz - 1000MHz,		30MHz-230MHz quasi-peak limit 40dB(uV/m) at 10m 230MHz-1000MHz quasi-peak limit 47dB(uV/m) at 10m	1	
IMMUNITY: EN61326-1:2006, Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use, EN 61326-2-3:2006, Particular requirements		PERFORMANCE: Unless otherwise noted, the performance of this product, at the specified levels of electromagnetic interference, is within the specifications for for "Performance Under Rated Conditions."		
IEC 61000-4-2:1995+A1:1998+A2:2001, ESD, Electrostatic Discharge	_	4 kV Contact 8kV Air		
IEC 61000-4-3:2006 , Radio-frequency electromagnetic field, amplitude modulated 80 -2700 MHz	A	1kHz, AM80% 10 V/m (80 -1000 MHz) 3V/m (1.0 -2.0 GHz) 1V/m (2.0 -2.7 GHz)	1	
IEC 61000-4-4:2004, Electrical Fast Transients/Burst	В	1kV	1	
IEC 61000-4-5:2006,Surge	В	1kV	1	
IEC 61000-4-6:2007 , Conducted Radio-frequency, 150 KHz - 80 MHz	A	3V	1	
IEC 61000-4-8:1993+A1:2001 , Power frequency magnetic field	A	30A/m 50Hz	1	
EN 61000-4-11:2004, Voltage Dip/short interruptions	С	0.5, 1cycle 0% (100%) 10/12 cycle 40% (60%) 25/30 cycle 70% (30%) 250/300 cycle 0% (100%)		

NOTES:

PC = Performance Criteria

Twist pair cables required for all I/O interface circuits. 1.

> In case of remote model, two core double shield cable in metal conduit pipe is required for the input line in connection with detector.

Performance Criteria: Immunity includes the tests and severity levels specified in EN 61326-1-2006 and EN 61326-2-3-2006.

LV Directive	Conformity
LOW VOLTAGE DIRECTIVE: 2006/95/EC	EN 61010-1:2001(IEC61010-1:2001), Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use Part 1: General requirements

MagneW3000 FLEX+/PLUS+ Electromagnetic Flowmeter Documentation Supplement

1. Mains supply

The symbol for a.c. or d.c. on the name plate is as follows:

for a.c. power supply

for d.c. power supply

2. Fuse marking



The fuse cannot be replaced by the operator.

Fuse rating and electric characteristics are as follows:

Fuse rating: Voltage 250V

Current 3A

Manufacturer type:239003 (LITTEL FUSE)

3. Grounding (Earthing)

Protective grounding (earthing) should be connected as shown in Operator's Manual.

The MagneW3000 FLEX⁺/PLUS⁺ has protective grounding (earthing) terminals in the terminal box and on the external surface of its casing (see figure).



Remote models

Integral models

An external switch or circuit-breaker must be installed near the MgneW3000 FLEX⁺/PLUS⁺ on the power line.

4. Equipment operation



Power line is connected to commercial power. The terminal cover must not be opened when power is on.

Chapter 1: Introduction	
MagneW3000 FLEX ⁺ /PLUS ⁺ Flowmeter	. 1-1
Main components	. 1-1
Analog output and digital output	. 1-3
System configuration for analog output (4 to 20 mA DC output)	. 1-4
System configuration WITHOUT the communication function	. 1-5
System configuration WITH the HART communication function with the internal power	
supply	. 1-6
System configuration WITH the SFC or HART communication function with the extern	
power supply	
System Configuration for Digital Output (DE Output)	
System configuration	
Approval of this Device	. 1-10
Chapter 2: Installation	
Site selection	2.4
Unpacking and storage	
Installation options	
Changing the orientation of the converter	
Wiring	
Integral wiring - 1 (1-contact input and 1- contact output)	
Integral wiring - 2 (2-contact input)	
Integral wiring - 3 (2-contact output)	
Remote wiring - 1 (1-contact input and 1- contact output)	
Remote wiring - 2 (2-contact input)	
Remote wiring - 3 (2-contact output)	
Grounding	
Signal and excitation cable specifications	
Signal and excitation cable wiring	
Wiring cable	
Wiring	
Setting write protection	
Setting the communication via the HART	
Setting the empty detection function	
Setting the communication via the SFC	. 2-23
Connecting power	
Chapter 3: Operation	
Start-up	. 3-1
Shut down	. 3-1
Using the display panel	. 3-2
Using the infrared touch sensor keys	
The following table is a summary of the functions of each of the keys	. 3-4
Chapter 4: Using the display panel	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1_1
About modes MEASURING MODE	. 4 -1 . ⁄1_/
LCD display flow Entering BASIC SETUP MODE	. 4-5 Δ-11

Table of Contents

Settir	ng the TAG NO	4-12
	Default setting	
	Setting range	
	Damping time constant	
	Default setting	
	Setting range	
	Auto zero	
	Flow counter - Reset value	
	Flow counter - Resetting	4-17
	Detector data	
	Default setting	
	Setting the Number of Dummy Detectors	
	Default setting	
	Setting range	
	Flow rate range	
	Setting range	
	Flow rate indication	
	Default setting	
	Setting range	
	Entering ENGINEERING / ADVANCED / MAINTENANCE MODE	
	Entering ENGINEERING MODE	
	Entering ADVANCED MODE	
	Entering MAINTENANCE MODE	
	Selecting functions	
	Relations for setting function FXXXX	
	Range functions	
	Single range	
	Normal direction automatic dual range	
	Normal direction, external switching dual range	
	Normal/reverse automatic switching range	
	[Built-in counter function]	
	[Contact input function]	
	[Contact output function]	
	Flow rate range	
	Setting range	
	Setting hysteresis	
	Selecting the current output method for dual range	
	Setting / Changing the preset value of the built-in flow counter	
	Specific gravity	
	Pulse weight	
	Setting the pulse width	
	Setting high and low limit alarms	
	Setting a 2-stage flow rate alarm	
	Selecting fail-safe mode for the analog output	
	Default setting	
	Setting range	
	Selecting fail-safe mode for the pulse output	
	Default setting	
	Setting range	
	Setting the contact output status	
	Damping time constant	
	Default setting	
	Setting range	
		1 00

Table of Contents

Ma	anual zeroing	4-57
	Important	4-57
	How to set	
Se	etting moving average	
	Default setting	4-58
	Setting range	
Au	to spike cut function	
	Default setting	
Ma	anual spike cut function	
	Default setting	
	Setting range	
	Coefficient of compensation	
	Setting the drop-out	
	Setting the low flow cut	
	Setting decimal place	
	Change the excitation frequency	
	Setting the analog output limit	
	Change the flow direction	
	Error history check/clear	4-69
•	5: Maintenance and Troubleshootir	•
	out and output signal loop check	
	output check	
Analog	Default setting	
	Setting range	
Pulsa or	utput check	
1 0130 00	Default setting	
	Setting range	
Co	ontact input/output loop check	
00	Default setting	
	Setting range	
Fx	citation current check	
	mulated signal by the calibrator	
O.I.	Preparation	
Troubles	shooting	
	t startup	5-11
	on errors	
	essages	
	ror codes for critical problems	
	ror codes for non-critical problems	
	recautions	
•	perating precautions	
EX	amples of symbolStructure and functions of SFC	5-15 5 16
	Structure and fullchold of SFC	

List of Figures

Figure 1-1	Integral System	1-1
Figure 1-2	Remote System	
Figure 1-3	System configuration of analog output WITHOUT communication functio	n.1-5
Figure 1-4	System configuration of with the HART communication with internal pow	
_	supply	1-6
Figure 1-5	System configuration for analog output WITH the communication function	n
	(example setup)	
Figure 1-6	System configuration for digital output	
Figure 1-7	Parts of the converter	
Figure 1-8	System configuration	1-11
Figure 2-1	Integral installation	2-3
Figure 2-2	Wall mounted remote installation	2-3
Figure 2-3	Pipe mounted remote installation	2-4
Figure 2-4	Integral converter terminal block	2-6
Figure 2-5	Integral converter terminal block	2-7
Figure 2-6	Integral converter terminal block	2-8
Figure 2-7	Remote converter terminal block	2-9
Figure 2-8	Remote converter terminal block	2-10
Figure 2-9	Remote converter terminal block	2-11
Figure 2-10	Cable usage ranges	2-12
Figure 2-11	Signal Cable Dimensions	2-13
Figure 2-12	Excitation Cable Dimensions	
Figure 2-13	Signal and excitation cable construction	2-13
Figure 2-14	Detector to converter wiring diagram	2-14
Figure 2-15	Wiring diagram for current output	
Figure 2-16	Wiring diagram for pulse output	
Figure 2-17	Switch locations on main card	
Figure 2-18	Wiring diagram for contact input	
Figure 2-19	Wiring diagram for contact output	
Figure 2-20	Switch locations on main card	
Figure 2-21	Write protection switch positions	
Figure 2-22	Switch locations on main card	
Figure 2-23	HART communication switch positions	
Figure 2-24	Switch locations on main card	
Figure 2-25	Empty detection function switch positions	
Figure 2-26	Switch locations on main card	
Figure 2-27	SFC communication switch positions	
Figure 2-28	Name plate	
Figure 3-1	Start-up display	
Figure 3-2	Display panel	
Figure 3-3	Touch sensor keys	
Figure 3-4	Using the touch sensor keys	
Figure 4-1	Single range	
Figure 4-2	Normal direction automatic dual range	
Figure 4-3	Normal/reverse automatic switching range	
Figure 4-4	2-stage flow rate alarm output	
Figure 4-5	Selecting the current output method for dual range	4-43

List of Tables

- Table 2-1Remote converter terminal descriptions (1-contact input & 1-contact output)2-6
- Table 2-2Remote converter terminal descriptions (2-contact input)2-7
- Table 2-3Remote converter terminal descriptions (2-contact output)2-8
- Table 2-4Remote converter terminal descriptions (1-contact input & 1-contact output)2-9
- Table 2-5Remote converter terminal descriptions (2-contact input)2-10
- Table 2-6Remote converter terminal descriptions (2-contact output)2-11
- Table 2-7Write Protection Levels2-19
- Table 3-1Touch Sensor key Functions 3-4
- Table 3-2Default settings3-5
- Table 4-1Mode functions4-2
- Table 4-2Output selection4-37
- Table 5-1Startup Errors5-11
- Table 5-2Operation Errors5-12
- Table 5-3Critical Errors5-13
- Table 5-4Non-critical5-14

Chapter 1: Introduction

This chapter contains an overview of the model MGG10C/MGG14C MagneW3000 FLEX⁺/PLUS⁺ Flowmeter. It provides definitions for all the major parts of the converter.

MagneW3000 FLEX+/PLUS+ Flowmeter

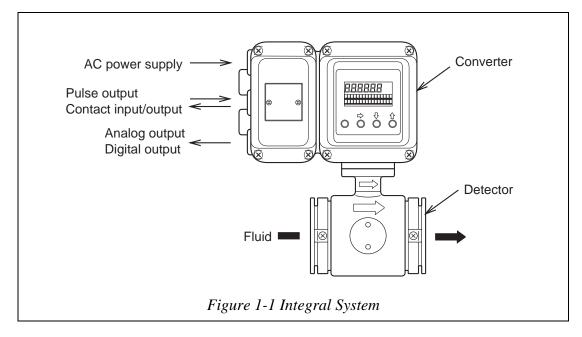
Thank you for purchasing the Azbil Corporation model MGG10C/MGG14C Flowmeter. This system features:

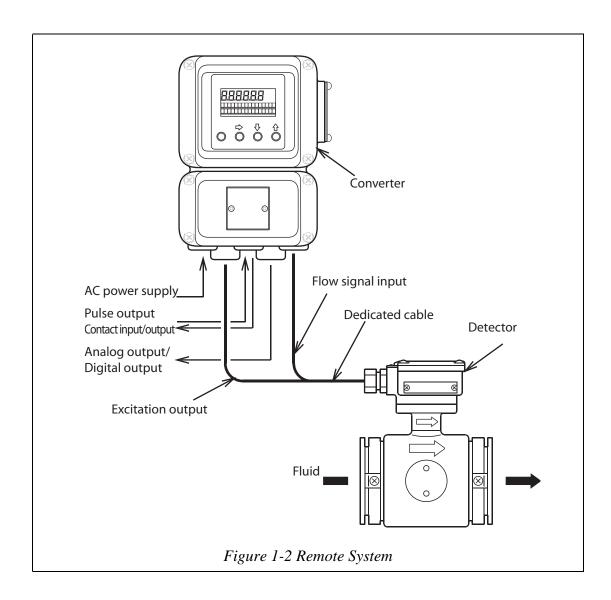
- Digital panel display
- Intuitive, versatile operator interface with large characters and backlit liquid crystal display (LCD)
- I/O Capacity

Main components

The model MGG10C/MGG14C MagneW3000 FLEX⁺/PLUS⁺ Flowmeter consists of a detector and a converter which operate on the principles of Faraday's law.

- **Integral** The converter is mounted directly on the detector and they are installed as an integrated unit on the fluid pipe.
- **Remote** The converter and detector are installed separately and connected together via cables





Azbil Corporation Introduction

Analog output and digital output

Introduction

The choice of either an analog output or digital output system configuration depends on whether or not you want to use the digitally enhanced (DE) communication mode.

Analog output (4 to 20 mA DC output)

In analog mode, the flowmeter sends the instantaneous flow rate as a proportional 4 to 20 mA output signal to a controller or a recorder in the control system.

Digital output (DE output)

A flowmeter in the DE mode can communicate in a direct digital fashion with Azbil Corpotation or Honeywell DCS system. The digital signal can include flow rate, flowmeter database, and self-diagnostics.

Switching output mode

The analog/digital output mode is selectable.

System configuration for analog output (4 to 20 mA DC output)

Introduction

In the analog mode, the flowmeter can be configured with or without SFC communciations.

WITHOUT the communication function

The DC power supply that transmits the analog output, when the flowmeter is used without SFC communications, is built into the product.

The analog output signal is transmitted directly to the host control system.

• Analog output range: 0.8 to 22.4 mA (-20 to +115%)

• Resistive load: $0 \text{ to } 600 \Omega$

WITH HART communication function

The DC power supply that transmits the analog output and HART communication, when the flowmeter is used with the HART communications, is built into the product.

• Analog output range: 3.2 to 22.4 mA (-5 to +115%)

• Resistive load: $0 \text{ to } 600 \Omega$

WITH the communication function (SFC or HART)

When the flowmeter is used in the analog mode with SFC communications, an external power supply (DC power) and external resistive load (minimum 250 Ω) is required. HART communication is also available with the external power supply and resistive load.

• Analog output range: 3.2 to 22.4 mA (-5 to +115%)

• DC power: 16 to 45V DC

• Maximum value of external resistive load is calculated:

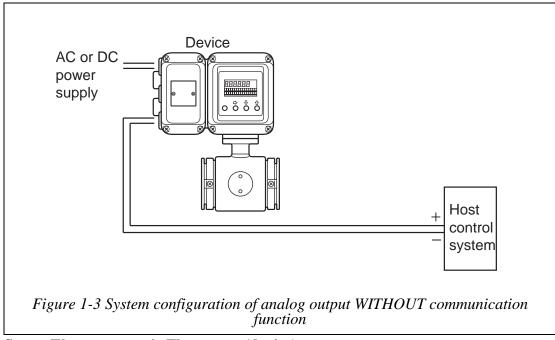
Maximum resistive load (Ω) = $\frac{External\ power\ supply\ for\ communication\ -\ 8.5V}{0.025}$

⚠ CAUTION

For systems WITH the SFC communication function, failure to install the external power supply and the external resistive load, will prevent the analog output from being accepted on the receiving instrument side. Be sure to install the external power supply and the external resistive load as specified.

System configuration WITHOUT the communication function

Figure 1-3 shows a sample system configuration without the communication. In this system, the device measures the flow rate and outputs analog 4 to 20mA DC signal to the Host Control System.



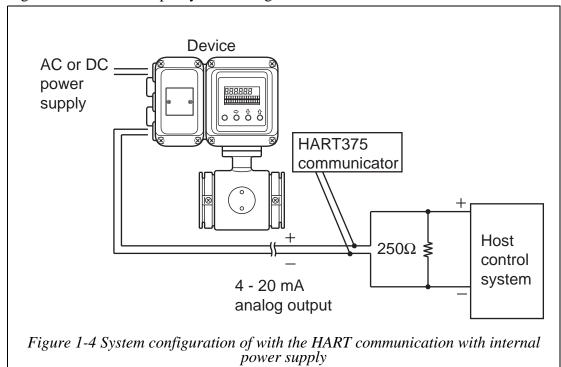
Smart Electromagnetic Flowmeter (device)

• Measures flow rate and outputs an analog signal.

Introduction Azbil Corporation

System configuration WITH the HART communication function with the internal power supply

Figure 1-4 shows a sample system configuration in with the HART communication.



Smart Electromagnetic Flowmeter (device)

• Measures flow rate and outputs an analog signal.

HART Communicator:

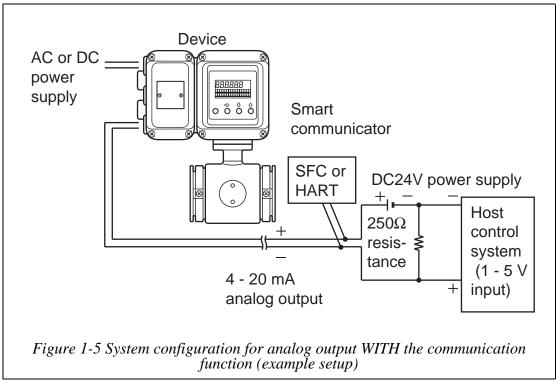
• Communicate with the MagneW3000 FLEX⁺/PLUS⁺ and configure the date of the MagneW3000 FLEX⁺/PLUS⁺. For the HART communication by the HART 375 communicator, the necessary DD file needs to be downloaded.

Azbil Corporation Introduction

System configuration WITH the SFC or HART communication function with the external power supply

Figure 1-5 shows a sample system configuration in which the instantaneous flow rate measured by the unit is output with a 4 to 20 mA DC analog signal.

In order to enable communications, a DC power supply and a resistance of 250Ω or more must be installed on the receiving side.



Smart Electromagnetic Flowmeter (device)

• Measures flow rate and outputs an analog signal instantaneous flow rate.

Smart Communicator (SFC):

- Communicates with the device to read data and change the device settings.
- The SFC version must be V7.0 or later.

HART Communicator:

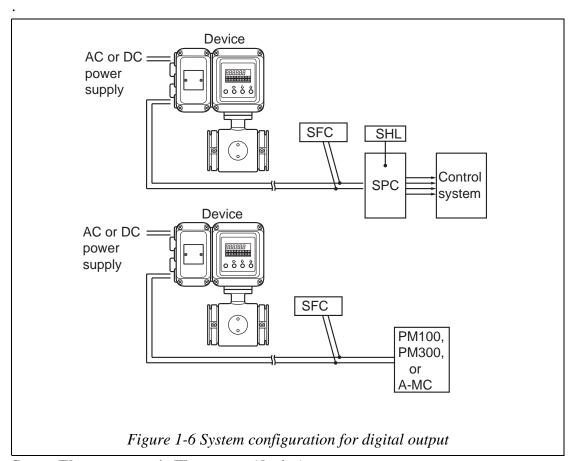
• For the HART communications by the HART 375 communicator, the neccesary DD file needs to be downloaded.

System Configuration for Digital Output (DE Output)

System configuration

Figure 1-5 shows a system configuration in which the flow rate measured by the unit, the database in the unit, and self-diagnostics are output using the DE (Digital Enhancement) protocol (rules for digital signal communication).

In this system, the DE protocol-based digital signal transmitted from the unit is output to the control system after conversion to an analog signal at the smart protocol converter (SPC). Or, the digital signal is directly transmitted to the control system, if it is capable of receiving the DE protocol-based signal directly.



Smart Electromagnetic Flowmeter (device)

Measures flow rate and outputs the instantaneous flow rate and unit self-diagnostics using a digital signal.

Smart protocol converter (SPC)

Converts the DE protocol-based digital signal into a 4 to 20 mA or 1 to 5 V DC analog signal for output.

Smart handy loader (SHL)

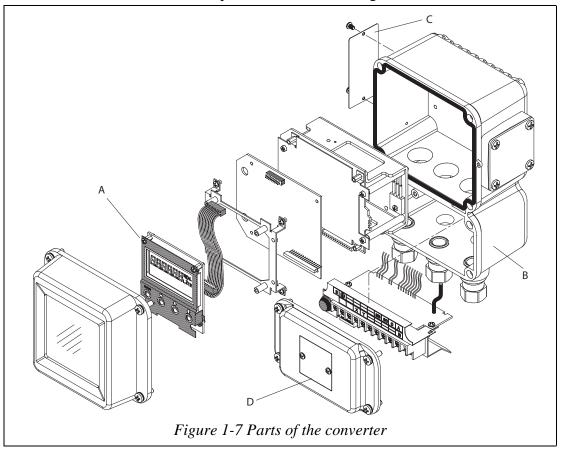
Used to change the SPC settings.

Smart communicator (SFC)

Used to communicate with the device to read data and change the device settings.
 PM100

• Simultaneously executes such functions as process control on the UCN, regulatory control, sequencing, calculation, and process input/output.

The converter consists of the components shown in the figure below.



Converter

- Converts electromotive force by the detector to the flow rate signal.
- Transmits the analog output or the digital output as the flow rate signal.

Data setting device (A)

- Displays the flow rate and the totalized value.
- The Data can be configured through the four infrared sensor keys.

Terminal box (B)

- Encloses the inputs/outputs terminals.
- Equipped with 12kV, 1000A lightning arrestor.

Name plate (C)

• Indicates model numbers, product numbers and the detector factor (EX).

Tag number plate (D)

• Indicates the tag number as specified in the product order.

Approval of this Device

Overview

If the basic model number is MGG14C and 1/2 NPT wiring connection is selected and style code is selected as "N", this device functions as an FM/CSA, non-incentive-approved model. In this case, the installation standards described in this section must be followed.

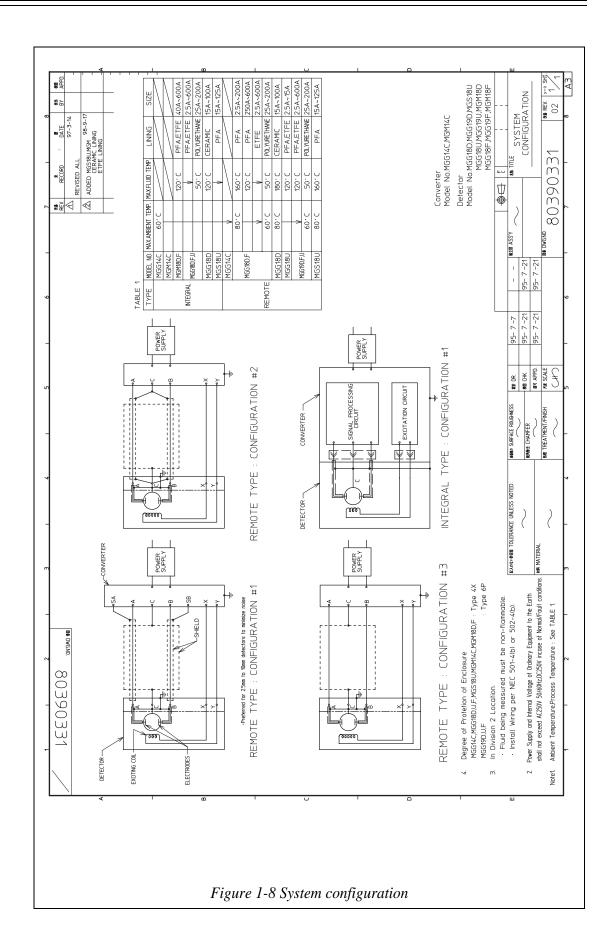
Installation of this device

FM/CSA Nonincendive model

THIS EQUIPMENT IS SUITABLE FOR USE IN CLASS I, DIVISION 2, GROUPS(A, B, C, D), CLASS II/III, DIVISION 2, GROUPS (F, G), OR NON-HAZ-ARDOUS LOCATIONS ONLY.

⚠ CAUTION

- Power supply and internal voltage of ordinary equipment to the earth shall not exceed AC250V 50/60HZ, DC250V in case of normal /formal conditions.
- Ambient temperature is from 25 to 60C
- Process temperature is from -40 to 160C (Remote model).
- Process temperature is from -40 to 120C(Integral model)



MEMO

Chapter 2: Installation

This chapter describes the installation and wiring procedures for the flowmeter.

⚠ WARNING

ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD! DO NOT perform wiring work while the power is ON!

Site selection

When selecting an installation site for the flowmeter, observe the following safety measures:

⚠ CAUTION

Install the flowmeter in a location with an ambient temperature of -25 °C to 60 °C (-13 °F to 140 °F) and an ambient humidity of 5 to 100% RH to prevent equipment malfunction or output errors.

igtriangle CAUTION

Do not install the flowmeter near high-current power lines, motors or transformers to prevent damage from electromagnetic induction, which can cause equipment malfunction or output errors.

⚠ CAUTION

Be sure to ground the welding power transformer when welding near the flowmeter to avoid output errors.

△ CAUTION

DO NOT use the flowmeter to ground a welder. It can damage the flowmeter.

△ CAUTION

Do not install the flowmeter on the bridge or deck of the ship.

Installation Azbil Corporation

Unpacking and storage

The model MGG10C/MGG14C MagneW3000 FLEX⁺/PLUS⁺ Flowmeter is a precision instrument and should be handled with care to prevent damage or breakage.

After unpacking the flowmeter, verify that the following items are included:

- Model MGG10C/MGG14C converter
- Standard accessories
- MagneW setting data sheet
- Test report

If you have questions regarding the technical specifications of the flowmeter, contact your nearest Azbil Corporation office or Azbil Corporation representative. When making an inquiry, make sure to provide the model number and product number of your flowmeter.

Storage

When storing the flowmeter before use:

- Store indoors at room temperature (77 °F or 25 °C) within a humidity level of approximately 65%.
- Store away from vibration or shock.
- Store the converter and detector in the original packaging.

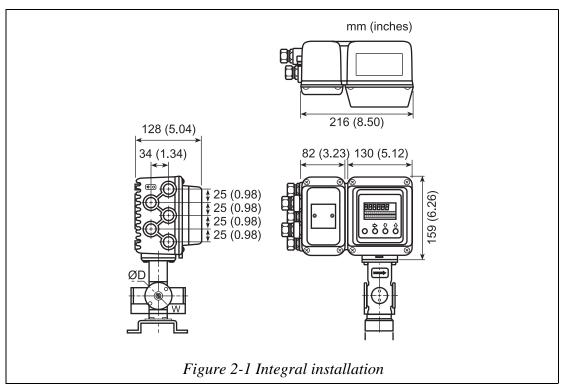
In addition, when storing the converter after use:

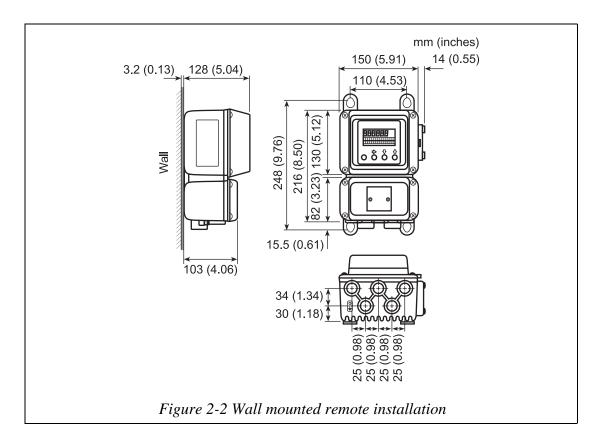
• Attach the display cover, Terminal box cover and Waterproof gland(s) to prevent moisture ingression into the device.

Azbil Corporation Installation

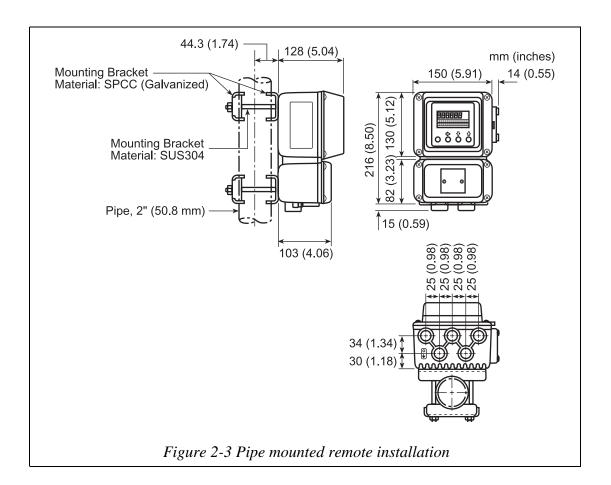
Installation options

There are three ways to install the flowmeter. Integral systems are pre-assembled with the converter attached to the detector; remote systems allow you to install the converter in a remote location - wall mounted or mounted directly to a two inch (50.8 mm) pipe. The following illustrations provide dimensions for the three different installation options.





Installation Azbil Corporation



Changing the orientation of the converter

The model selected when the flowmeter is purchased determines the orientation of the display. It is possible, however, to change the horizontal or vertical orientation of the converter.

To change the orientation of the converter:

- 1. Remove the four screws holding the display cover to the main body and remove the cover.
- 2. Remove the four screws holding the display panel to the main body.
- 3. Remove and rotate the display panel to the required orientation.
- 4. Replace the four screws and tighten.
- 5. Rotate the display cover so that the openings for the LEDs are correctly aligned with the Display Panel.
- 6. Replace the four screws and tighten.

Azbil Corporation Installation

Wiring

△ CAUTION

Use electrical tube and duct to prevent water entry and protect the cable from external damage.

A CAUTION

Be sure to use a waterproof gland at the conduit connection to prevent water entry inside of the terminal box and prevent output errors.

⚠ CAUTION

Turn off the power supply before connecting the cables to the converter. The converter can be damaged. This type of damage is not covered by Azbil Corporation's warranty.

⚠ CAUTION

Be sure to plug all unused conduit connections with a water tight plug.

△ CAUTION

In case that a remote model is installed in a ship, the cables between the converter and detector must be covered with a flexible metal conduit.

Integral wiring - 1 (1-contact input and 1- contact output)

To wire a remote system, the following cables are required:

Analog output cable
Pulse output cable
Contact input/output cable
see page 2-17
see page 2-17
see page 2-17

The following pages provide information on selecting the correct cables and wiring the system. A diagram of the terminal block for a remote system is shown below.

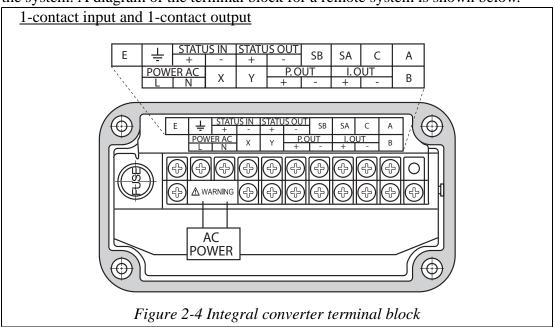


 Table 2-1 Remote converter terminal descriptions (1-contact input & 1-contact output)

Symbol Description		Description
I. OUT	+	Analog output
	_	Thinlog output
P. OUT	+	Pulse output
	_	
STATUS IN	+	Contact input
	_	Contact input
STATUS OUT	+	Contact output
	_	Contact output
Е		Not used
Ţ		Grounding (grounding resistance must be $<100\Omega$)

∼ Note In case of DC24V and DC110V power supply, the symbol of the "L" and "N" of the power supply become "+" and "−".

Azbil Corporation Installation

Integral wiring - 2 (2-contact input)

To wire a remote system, the following cables are required:

Analog output cable
Pulse output cable
Contact input/output cable
see page 2-17
see page 2-17
see page 2-17

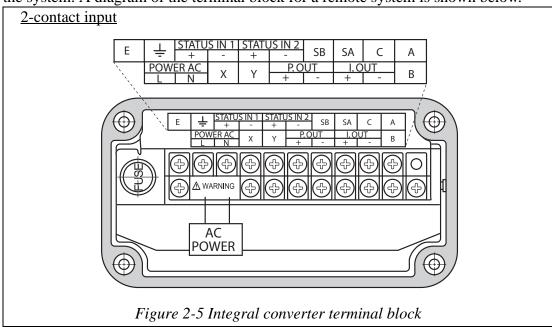


Table 2-2 Remote converter terminal descriptions (2-contact input)

Symbol		Description
I. OUT	+	Analog output
	_	Tilling output
P. OUT	+	Pulse output
	_	
STATUS IN 1	+	Contact input 1
	_	
STATUS IN 2	+	Contact input 2
51711 05 11 2	_	Contact input 2
E		Not used
Ť		Grounding (grounding resistance must be $< 100 \Omega$)

Note In case of DC24V and DC110V power supply, the symbol of the "L" and "N" of the power supply become "+" and "−".

Integral wiring - 3 (2-contact output)

To wire a remote system, the following cables are required:

Analog output cable
Pulse output cable
Contact input/output cable
see page 2-17
see page 2-17
see page 2-17

The following pages provide information on selecting the correct cables and wiring the system. A diagram of the terminal block for a remote system is shown below.

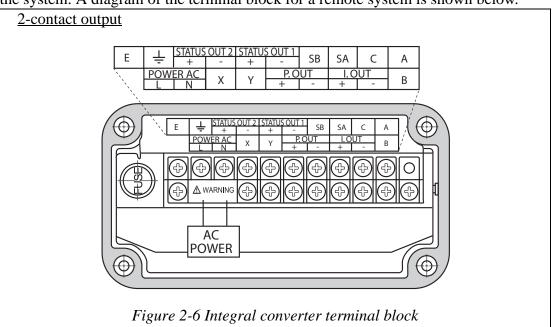


Table 2-3 Remote converter terminal descriptions (2-contact output)

Symbol		Description
I. OUT	+	Analog output
	_	r marog output
P. OUT	+	Pulse output
	_	
STATUS OUT 1	+	Contact output 1
	_	Contact output 1
STATUS OUT 2	+	Contact output 2
	_	Contact output 2
E		Not used
<u></u>		Grounding (grounding resistance must be $< 100 \Omega$)

∼ **Note** In case of DC24V and DC110V power supply, the symbol of the "L" and "N" of the power supply become "+" and "−".

Remote wiring - 1 (1-contact input and 1- contact output)

To wire a remote system, the following cables are required:

Signal cable
Excitation cable
Analog output cable
Pulse output cable
Contact input/output cable
see page 2-12
see page 2-16
see page 2-17
see page 2-17
see page 2-17

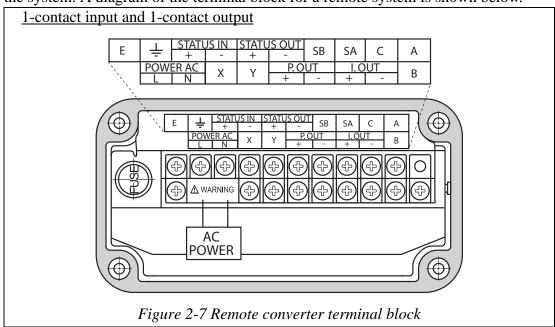


 Table 2-4 Remote converter terminal descriptions (1-contact input & 1-contact output)

Symbol		Description
A		
В		
С		Flow rate signal input
SA		
SB		
I. OUT	+	Analog output
	_	Thialog output
P. OUT	+	Pulse output
	_	Tuise output
STATUS IN	+	Contact input
	_	Contact input
STATUS OUT	+	Contact output
	_	Contact sulput
X		Excitation
Y		Dictation
Е		Not used
Ť	·	Grounding (grounding resistance must be $<100\Omega$)

[~] Note In case of DC24V and DC110V power supply, the symbol of the "L" and "N" of the power supply become "+" and "−".

Remote wiring - 2 (2-contact input)

To wire a remote system, the following cables are required:

Signal cable
Excitation cable
Analog output cable
Pulse output cable
Contact input/output cable
see page 2-12
see page 2-16
see page 2-17
see page 2-17
see page 2-17

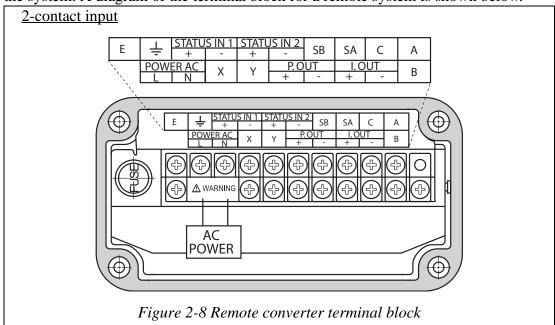


Table 2-5 Remote converter terminal descriptions (2-contact input)

Symbo	l	Description
A		
В		
C		Flow rate signal input
SA		
SB		
I. OUT	+	Analog output
1.001	_	Analog output
P. OUT	+	Pulse output
1.001	_	Tuise output
STATUS IN 1	+	Contact input 1
	-	Contact input 1
STATUS IN 2	+	Contact input 2
	_	Contact input 2
X		Excitation
Y		Lacitation
Е		Not used
Ť		Grounding (grounding resistance must be $< 100 \ \Omega$)

[∼] **Note** In case of DC24V and DC110V power supply, the symbol of the "L" and "N" of the power supply become "+" and "−".

Remote wiring - 3 (2-contact output)

To wire a remote system, the following cables are required:

Signal cable
Excitation cable
Analog output cable
Pulse output cable
Contact input/output cable
see page 2-12
see page 2-16
see page 2-17
see page 2-17
see page 2-17
see page 2-17

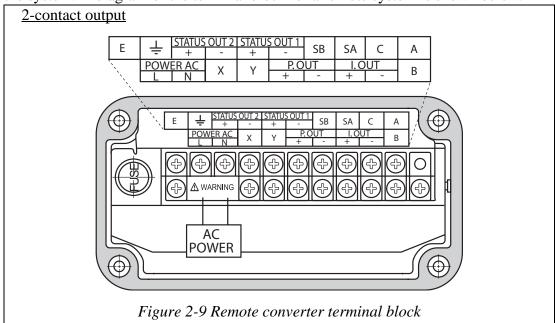


Table 2-6 Remote converter terminal descriptions (2-contact output)

Symbol		Description
A		
В		
С		Flow rate signal input
SA		
SB		
I. OUT	+	Analog output
1. 001	_	Anaiog output
P. OUT	+	Pulse output
1.001	_	i uise output
STATUS OUT 1	+	Contact output 1
5111105 001 1	_	Contact output 1
STATUS OUT 2	+	Contact output 2
51A105 001 2	_	Contact output 2
X		Excitation
Y		
Е		Not used
<u>_</u>		Grounding (grounding resistance must be $< 100 \ \Omega$)

Note In case of DC24V and DC110V power supply, the symbol of the "L" and "N" of the power supply become "+" and "−".

Grounding

⚠ CAUTION

ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD! Grounding is essential for accurate measurement. The grounding resistance must be less than 100Ω .

Signal and excitation cable specifications

For remote installations, the converter and detector are connected using a set of dedicated cables (Model MGA12W). The signal cable connects the output signal of the detector to the converter and the excitation cable feeds the excitation current to the detector. You can obtain these cables from Azbil Corporation or purchase commercially available cables. Integral flowmeters already contain the converter to detector connections.

The cables between the detector and converter should be no longer than 300 m (984 ft.), but the actual length depends on conductivity of the fluid being measured.

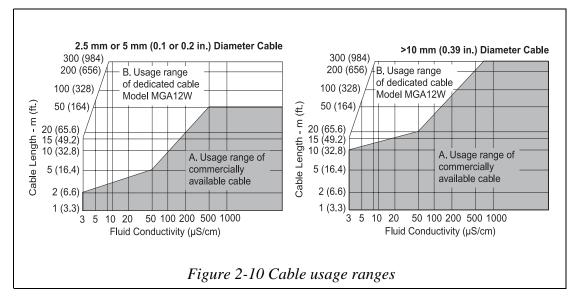
The following cable diameters apply:

Signal cable - 11.4 mm (0.45 in.), 0.75 mm² (.0011625 sq. in.) or equivalent commercially available cable (CVVS or CEEV, for example)

Excitation cable - 10.5 mm (0.41 in.), 2 mm² (.0031 sq. in.) or equivalent commercially available cable (CVV, for example)

Cable dimensions and construction are shown on the following pages.

The following graphs show the ratio of fluid conductivity to cable length and show cable usage ranges for different diameter cables. The acceptable usage range for Azbil Corporation's cable Model MGA12W cables encompass both areas A and B in the graphs below while commercially available cables are limited to area A only.



Azbil Corporation Installation

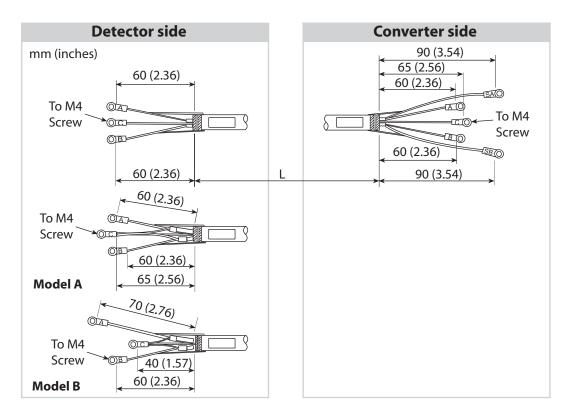


Figure 2-11 Signal Cable Dimensions

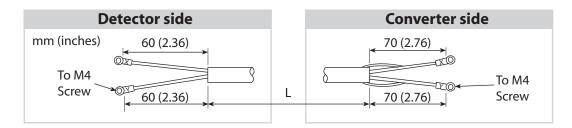
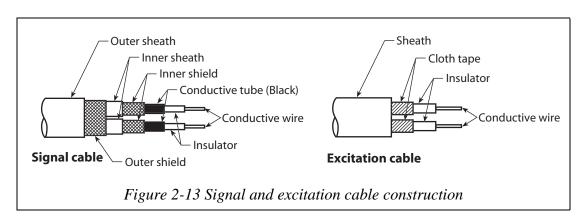


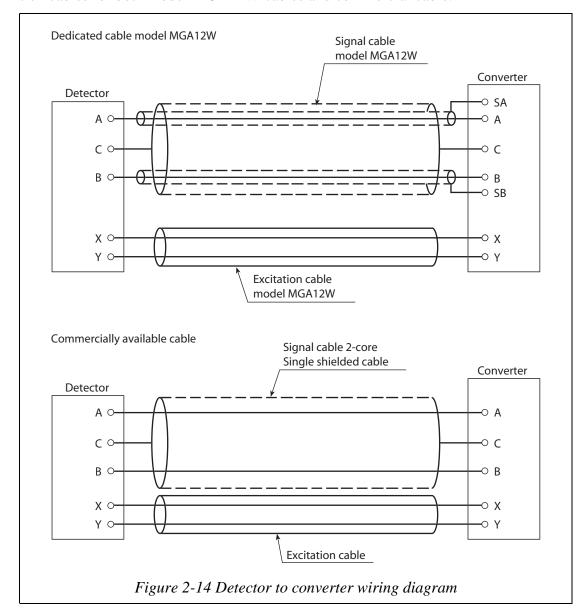
Figure 2-12 Excitation Cable Dimensions



~ **Note** Strip the conductive tubing (black) down to the ends of the inner shields on the conductive wires for terminals A and B of the signal cable.

Signal and excitation cable wiring

The following figure shows the proper terminal connections for the signal and excitation cables for both model MGA12W cables and commercial cable.



Wiring cable

Selecting the cable

The recommended wiring cable is a 600V vinyl sheath electrical wire CVV (JIS C 3401) with a conductor section of $2 \text{ mm}^2(0.0031 \text{ inch}^2)$, or a twisted cable with an equivalent or higher capacity.

Shielded wire is recommended for wiring at locations subject to electromagnetic noise interference.

Select a sheath material suitable for the cable installation environment (consider ambient temperature, corrosive gas, corrosive fluid, etc.)

Run the cable into the terminal block through the conduit connection (G1/2 internal thread, CM20 external thread, Pg13.5 or 1/2NPT internal thread).

An outer diameter of ϕ 11(0.433 inch) is optimum. (The applicable range of cable outer diameters is $\phi 10(0.394 \text{ inch}) - \phi 12(0.4724 \text{ inch})$.)

A crimp terminal (M4 screw) with an insulation sleeve is recommended for the terminal connections.

The maximum length of the wiring cable is 1500 m(4921 ft). However, the maximum length between converter and detector is 300 m(984 ft).

Wiring the cable

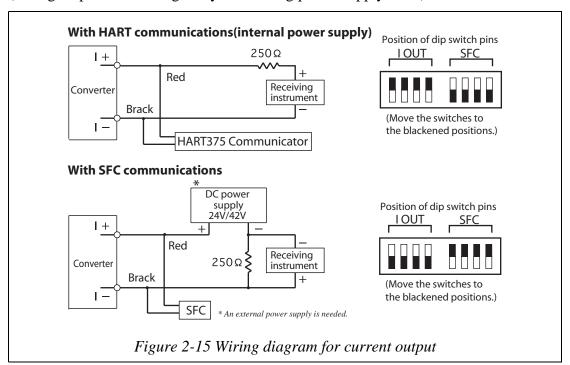
When wiring the cable between this product and the control equipment, the following precautions must be observed.

- ~ Note Run the wiring away from equipment that may generate noise, such as highcapacity transformers, motors, or power supplies. DO NOT install the cable in the same tray or duct as other power cables. Output errors may result.
 - For water proofing and damage prevention of the wire, we recommend cabling work using conduits and ducts. Use a water proof cable gland.

Wiring

Analog output wiring

The current output wiring method depends on HART or SFC communication. An external power supply is required to communicate with the SFC. (Change dip switch settings only after turing power supply OFF.)



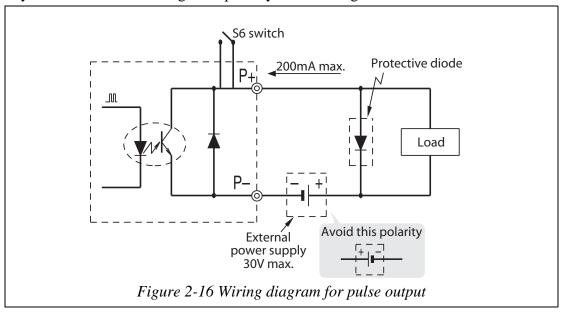
- ~ **Note** Check and confirm that the polarity of the wiring is correct. Incorrect polarity may cause damage to the equipment.
 - In case of not using communication function, the position of dip switch pins should be set as the HART communication. HART Communication works with the wiring for the SFC communication.
 - The communication type (HART or SFC) must be specified when ordering. In case of communication change, the following two configurations are necessary.
 - 1) According to the communication type, switch position should be changed. (Refer to the Figure 2-15).
 - 2) Change communication type in the "COM SELECT" screen in the "Shipping Info" screen.

Azbil Corporation Installation

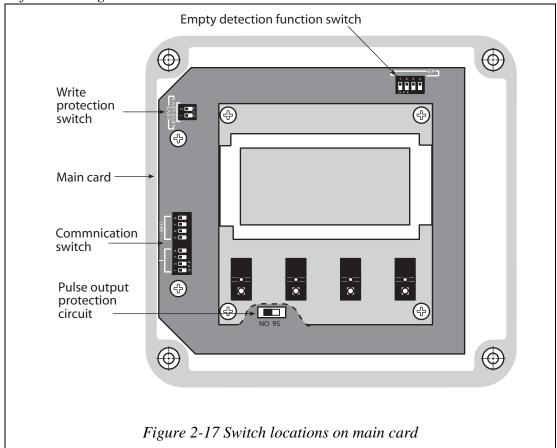
Pulse output wiring

The pulse output is an open collector output.

Pay close attention to voltage and polarity when wiring.



~ Note Check and confirm that the polarity of the wiring is correct. Incorrect polarity may cause damage to the equipment. Use an external power supply that meets the voltage and capacity specifications. Pulse may be output when the power is turned ON or OFF. Pulse output protection circuit causes voltage drop. Some counters may not pick up the pulses due to this voltage drop. In such case, turn On S6 switch. Refer to the Figure 2-17.

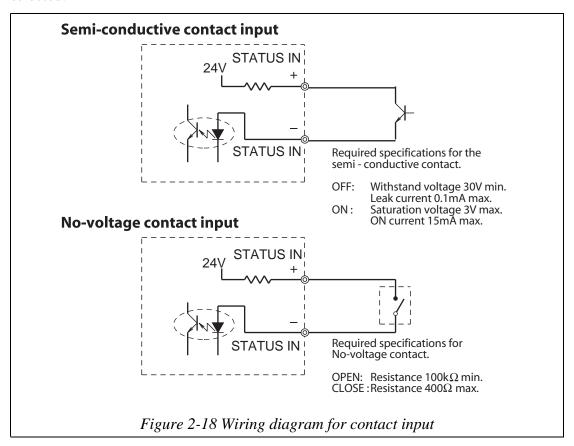


Installation Azbil Corporation

Contact input wiring

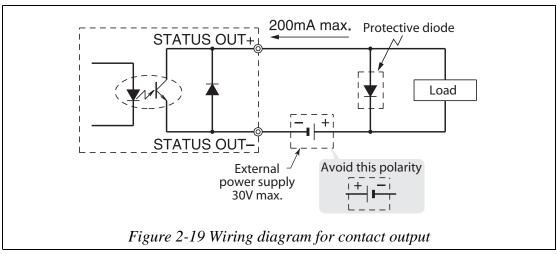
Either a semi conductive contact or a no-voltage contact can be used as the contact input.

The contact input terminals are not available when a 2-contact output model has been selected.



Contact output wiring

Pay close attention to voltage and polarity when wiring for an open collector output.



Note Check and confirm that the polarity of the wiring is correct. Incorrect polarity may cause damage to the equipment.

Use an external power supply that meets the voltage and capacity specifications.

Azbil Corporation Installation

Setting write protection

Write protection settings allow you to control the level at which data confirmation and manipulation are possible. The system has four modes:

Basic setup mode - used to run the flowmeter on a day-to-day basis.

Engineering mode - used by those who are responsible for flowmeter configuration.

Maintenance mode - used when system maintenance is required.

Advanced mode - used to apply some specific noise immunity functions, and other advanced functions.

Write protection settings are changed by setting the switch positions of the write protection switch on the main card in the converter. When the flowmeter is shipped, settings can be made in any mode (Level 0). The following table shows the write protect levels available by resetting the switch:

Table 2-7 Write Protection Levels

Level	Basic setup/ Engineering mode	Advanced mode	Maintenance mode	Remarks
0	>	>	~	Default setting
1	~	~	×	
2	>	_	×	
3	_	_	×	

[✓] - Both data confirmation and manipulation are possible.

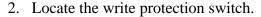
 ⁻ Only data confirmation is possible.

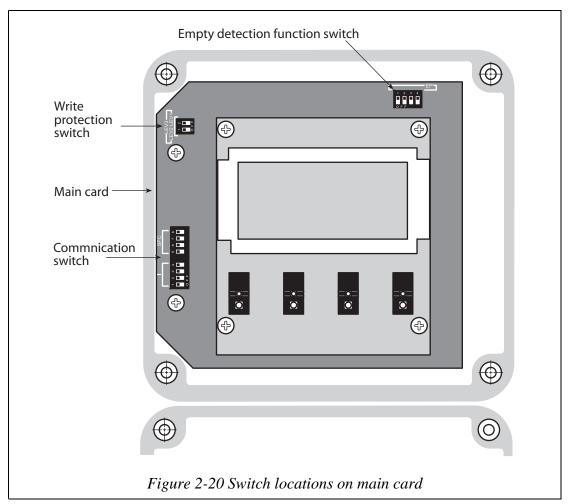
^{× -} Neither data confirmation nor manipulation are possible.

Installation Azbil Corporation

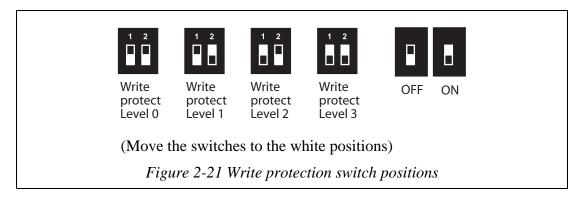
To set the write protection level:

1. Remove the four screws holding the display cover to the main body of the converter and remove the cover.





3. Set the write protection switch positions to the required level of protection.

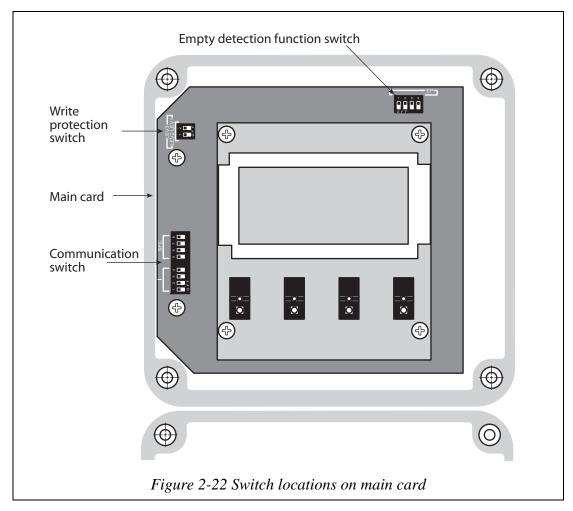


Azbil Corporation Installation

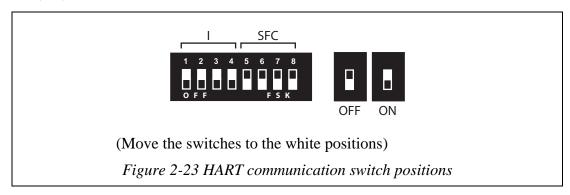
Setting the communication via the HART

To check the communication switch position on the main card:

- 1. Remove the four screws holding the display cover to the main body of the converter and remove the cover.
- 2. Locate the communication switch



3. Make sure that position of the I switch (1-4) are ON and positions of the SFC switch (5-8) are OFF.



~ **Note** Refer to the Figure 2-15 Wiring diagram for current output for the wiring

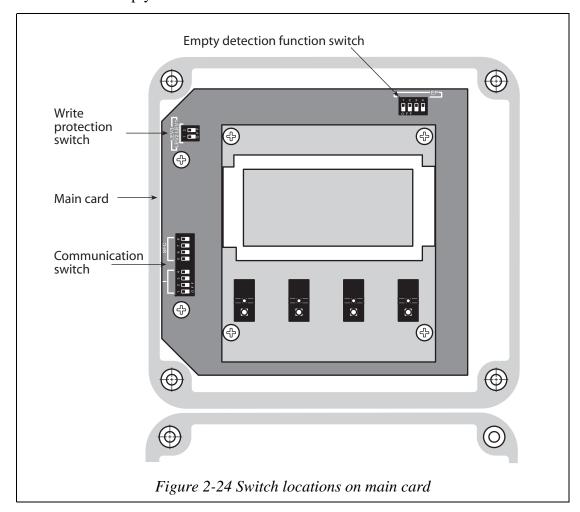
Installation Azbil Corporation

Setting the empty detection function

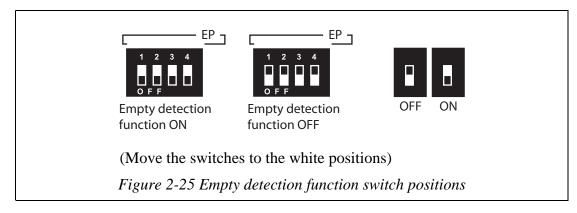
This function fixes the analog output and latches the display to zero when the detector is empty.

To set the empty detection function:

- 1. Remove the four screws holding the display cover to the main body of the converter and remove the cover.
- 2. Locate the empty detection function switch.



3. Set the empty detection function switch positions to the required setting.

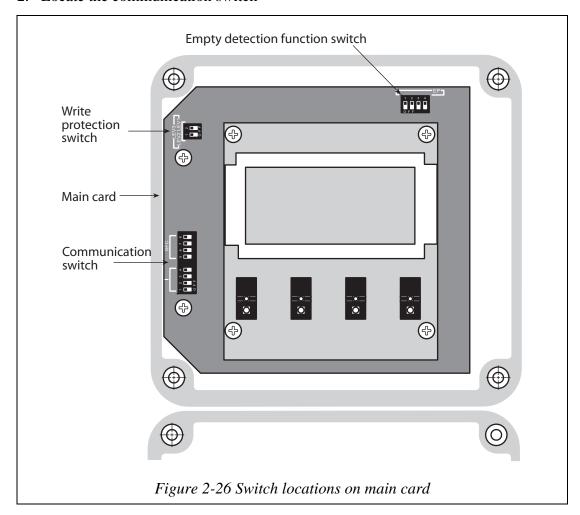


Azbil Corporation Installation

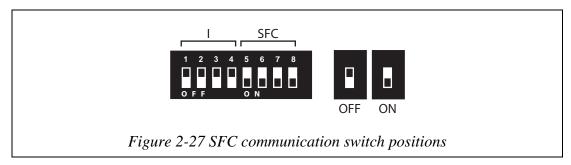
Setting the communication via the SFC

To check the communication switch position on the main card:

- 1. Remove the four screws holding the display cover to the main body of the converter and remove the cover.
- 2. Locate the communication switch



3. Make sure that position of the I switch (1-4) are OFF and positions of the SFC switch (5-8) are ON.

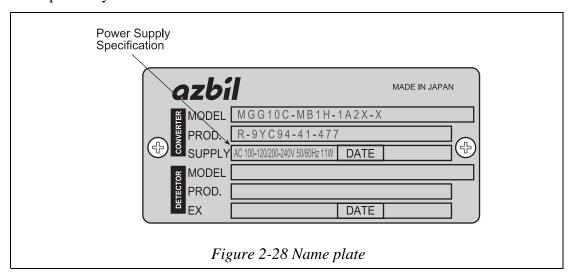


Connecting power

MARNING

ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD! DO NOT perform wiring work while the power is ON!

Commercial power (AC100~120, 200~240V, 50-60Hz) or a 24 VDC \pm 10% power supply is required for this system. The power supply specification is shown on the name plate of your converter.



The 24 VDC converter has a terminal marked "POWER DC24V" instead of "POWER," as on the remote converter.

Chapter 3: Operation

This chapter describes the procedure for starting and shutting down the flowmeter and using the display panel and the infrared touch sensor keys.

Start-up

To start operation of the flowmeter:

- 1. Confirm that the detector is correctly installed on the pipe.
- 2. Confirm that the wiring between the converter and the detector has been properly completed according to the installation instructions specified in this manual. In case of using a HART/SFC communication function, verify an appropriate wiring according to the wiring in this users manual.
- 3. Begin and then stop fluid flow through the detector so that fluid is present in the detector in a static condition.
- 4. Confirm that there is no leakage at the flanges of the detector.
- 5. Apply power to the converter.
- 6. The following display appears seven seconds after the power is ON.:



Figure 3-1 Start-up display

7. Zero the flowmeter using the procedure on page 4-14.

The flowmeter is now on and operational.

Shut down

⚠ CAUTION

Switch the control equipment to manual control before terminating flowmeter operation and shutting off the output to the control equipment. This action prevents the power shut-off from directly affecting the control equipment and causing the valve positioner to malfunction.

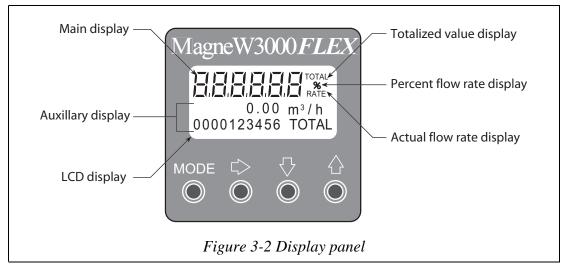
To stop operation of the flowmeter:

- 1. Switch the control equipment connected to the flowmeter to manual control.
- 2. Turn off power to the converter.

Operation Azbil Corporation

Using the display panel

The display panel is shown below, followed by a description of each feature. The infrared touch sensor keys are described in the next section.



Main display

- Indicates the flow rate selected in basic setup mode.

Auxiliary display

- Several values are displayed in this area:
- During measurement mode, indicates a flow rate to supplement the flow rate selected in the basic setup mode.
- Indicates the totalized value
- When not in measurement mode, indicates the procedures for parameter setting, adjustment, etc.

Percent flow display

- When lit, indicates that the percent flow rate is currently being displayed on Main display.

Actual flow rate display

- When lit, indicates that the actual flow rate is currently being displayed on Main display.

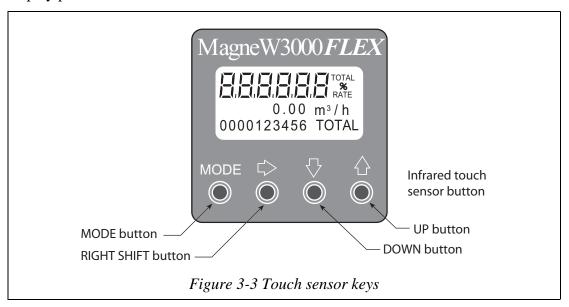
Totalized value display

- When lit, indicates that the totalized value is currently being displayed on Main display.

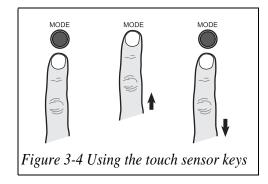
Azbil Corporation Operation

Using the infrared touch sensor keys

The infrared touch sensor keys allow you to make selections by simply touching the display panel.



For best results, approach the key from below and completely cover the circle. Then move your finger straight down to its original position. These motions ensure correct operation. Moving sideways across the keys can accidently activate the wrong control.



Operation Azbil Corporation

The following table is a summary of the functions of each of the keys.

Table 3-1 Touch Sensor key Functions

key	Function
MODE key MODE	Touching and holding this key for more than three seconds opens Basic setup MODE. Writes data into memory after changing the parameters or internal data in engineering mode, maintenance mode or advanced mode.
RIGHT SHIFT key	Shifts the cursor in the display to the right.
DOWN key	When the cursor is on the Mode Indicator as shown below, touching the DOWN key displays the next screen. ** BASIC SETUP ** MODE When the cursor is located at a number, touching the DOWN key decrements the number. ** DAMPING 001.0 s Cursor When the cursor is located at the decimal point, touching the DOWN key moves the decimal point to the right. #* 1.0000 m/s SPAN 07.069 m³h Cursor

Azbil Corporation Operation

Table 3-1 Touch Sensor key Functions

key	Function
	When the cursor is on the Mode Indicator as shown below, touching the UP key displays the next screen.
	* BASIC SETUP Cursor MODE
	When the cursor is located at a number, touching the UP key increments the number.
UP key	* DAMPING 001.0 s
	When the cursor is located at the decimal point, touching the UP key moves the decimal point to the left.
	# 1.0000 m/s SPAN 07.069 m³h
	When the cursor is located at READY, touching the UP key starts operation.
	* AUTO ZERO READY Cursor

Table 3-2 Default settings

Parameter	Default	Parameter	Default
TAG	XXXXXXXX	HI-ALM	+115%
DAMPING	3.0s	LO-ALM	-115%
SPAN	as specified	FALL SAFE MODE	LOW
DISPLAY SELECT	as specified	ST. OUT MODE	CLOSE
HYSTERESIS	0	AVERAGING	OFF
GRAVITY	1.0000	COEFFICIENT	1.0000
PLS SCL (PULSE SCALE)	as specified or 1.0000 l/p	DROP OUT	2%
PLS WID (PULSE WIDTH)	DUTY 50	LOW FLOW CUT	OFF

MEMO

Chapter 4: Using the display panel

This chapter describes the four modes of operation and how to use each one. A flow chart of the functions for each mode is also included.

About modes

The MagneW3000 FLEX⁺/PLUS⁺ Flowmeter has five modes of operation:

- MEASURING MODE
- BASIC SETUP MODE
- ENGINEERING MODE
- MAINTENANCE MODE
- ADVANCED MODE

The following table describes the functions available in each mode.

Table 4-1 Mode functions

Mode	Description
MEASURING MODE	This is the normal operational mode and indicates the measuring status. Each time the MEASURING MODE is selected, data is written into memory. Settings entered in other modes are held in temporary memory for two minutes, but will return to the previously saved value unless the MEASURING MODE is selected to save the data. The only exception is the counter, which is always saved into memory immediately.
BASIC SETUP MODE Mode indicator: ** ENGINEERING MODE	This mode is used to change data settings that must be recorded or changed frequently. These settings include: TAG NO. Damping time constant Display select Auto zero Flow rate range Detector data Built -in counter reset/preset This mode is used to change data settings that are
Mode indicator:	used less frequently. These settings include: Function setting Flow rate range Pulse data Fail safe mode setting
MAINTENANCE MODE Mode indicator:	This mode is used when adjustment or verification is required for regular maintenance of the system or when troubleshooting the system. This mode includes: Shipping information Output adjustment Gain adjustment This mode is further divided into the following two modes: OUTPUT CHECK MODE CALIBRATION MODE

Table 4-1 Mode functions

Mode	Description	
	This mode is used to apply some specific noise immunity functions.	
	This mode includes:	
ADVANCED MODE	Damping	
	Manual zero	
Mode indicator:	Averaging	
٨,	Auto spike Cut	
Q	Coefficient	
	Drop out	
	Low-flow cut off	
	Flow direction change	

△ CAUTION

The CALIBRATION MODE and ADVANCED MODE contain adjustments and operations that are very important for proper flow rate measurement. Improper settings in these modes will prevent measurement.

MEASURING MODE

This is the normal operational mode. In this mode, the screen indicates the measuring status. What is displayed on screen depends upon the setting selections made in the other modes.

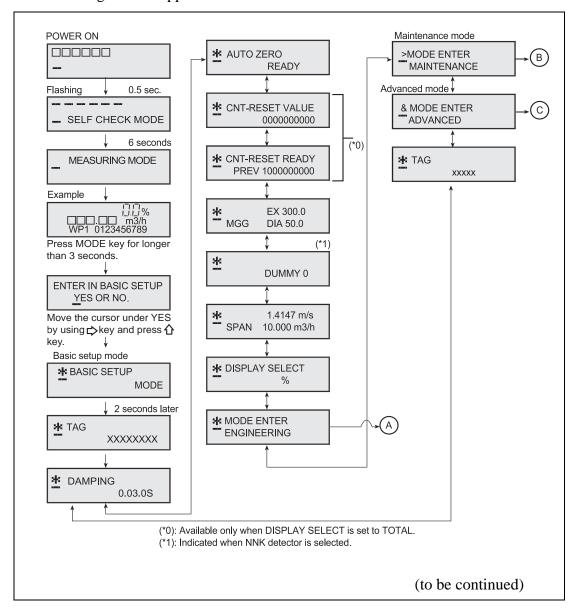
This mode performs one other important function. Entering this mode causes the system to save settings entered in other modes. Each time the MEASURING MODE is selected, data is written into memory. Settings entered in other modes are held in temporary memory for two minutes, but will return to the previously saved value unless the MEASURING MODE is selected. The only exception is the counter, which is always saved into memory immediately.

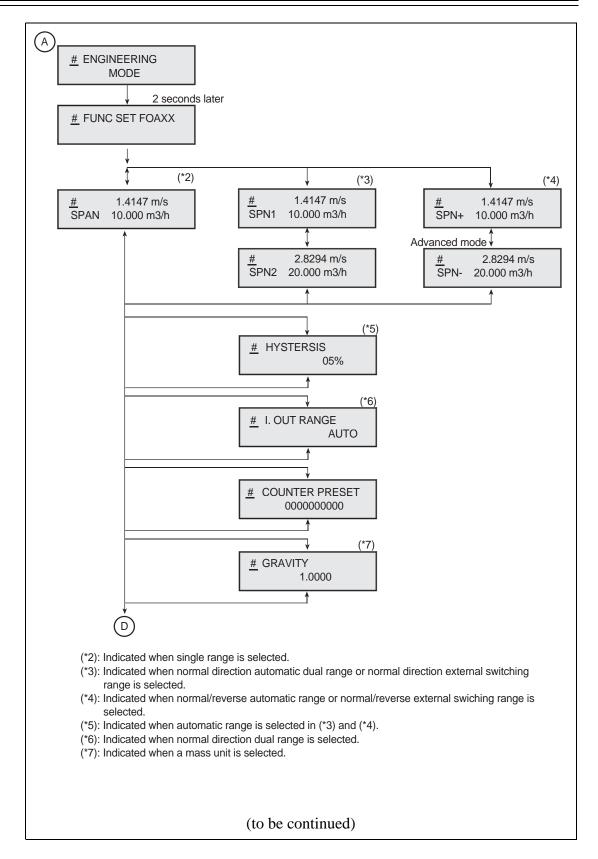
⚠ CAUTION

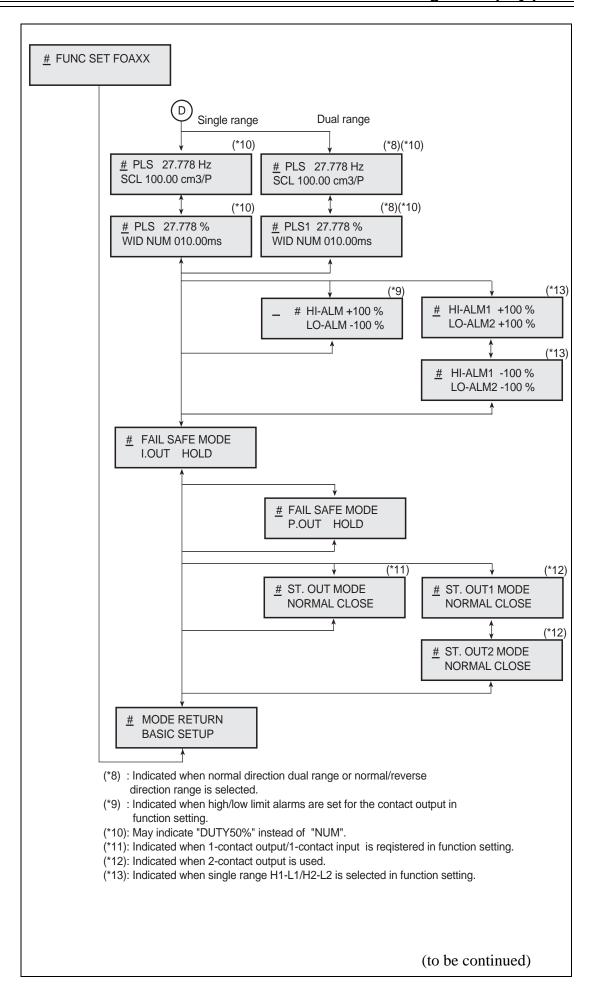
After entering settings in other modes, ALWAYS immediately select the MEASURING MODE to save settings.

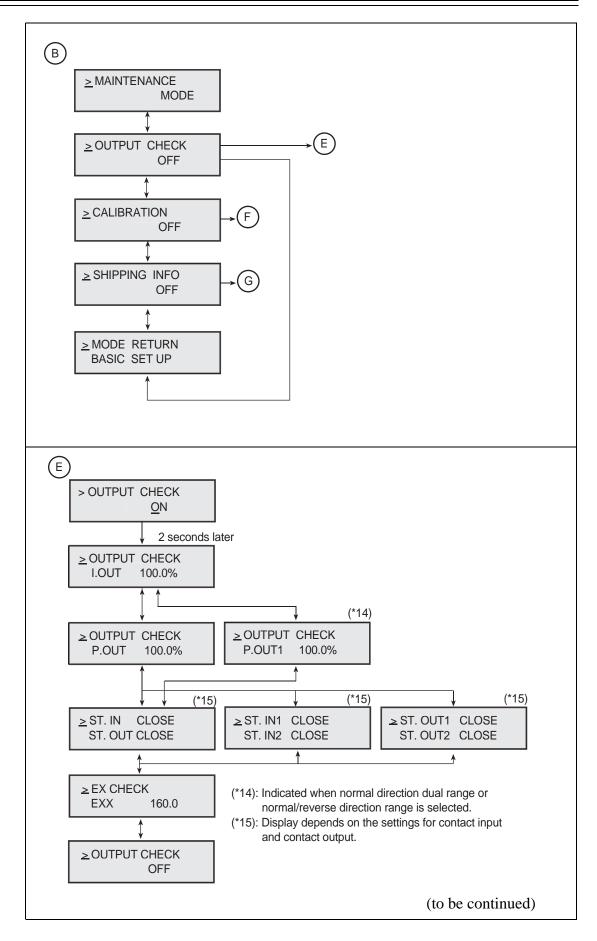
LCD display flow

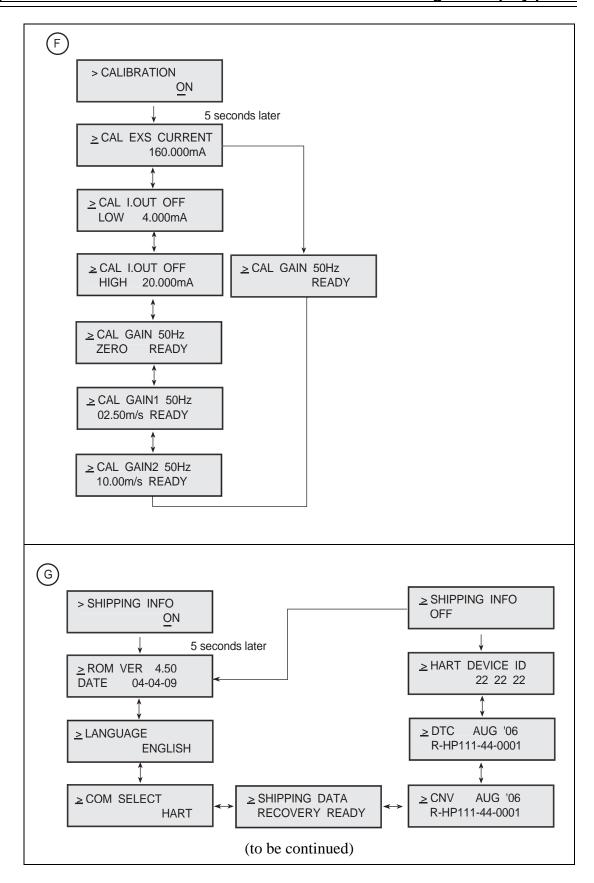
The following screens appear in this order.

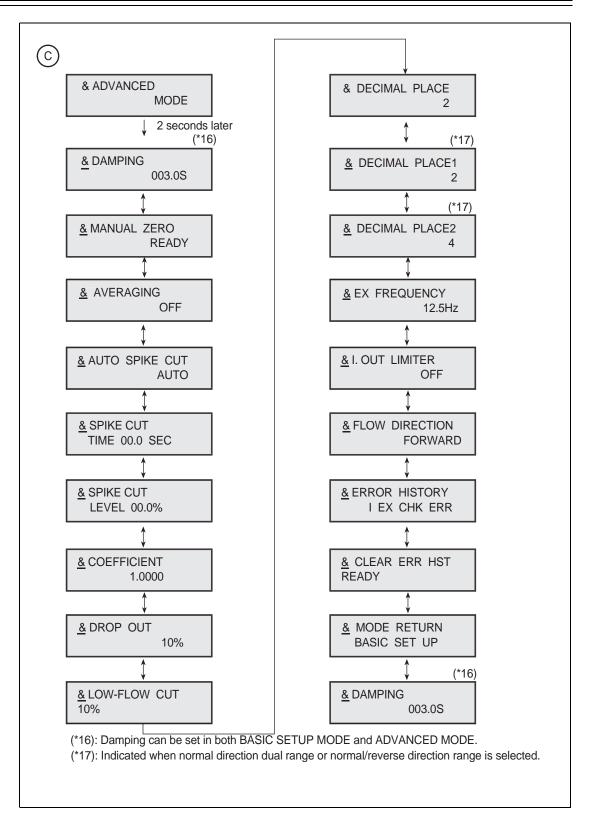












Entering BASIC SETUP MODE

The following screens appear in this order in BASIC SETUP MODE.

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	11717171 % 11_11_11_1 % 10.0 m3/h WPO 0000000020		Left display is an example of MEASURING MODE. Touch MODE key and hold for three seconds. The BASIC SETUP MODE ENTER screen appears.
2	ITITITI % ILILILI % ENTER BASIC SETUP YES OR NO ITITITI % ILILILI % ENTER BASIC SETUP YES OR NO		Make sure to operate the following within 8 seconds. If no operation is done in 8 seconds, the screen automatically returns to the MEASURING MODE. 1) In case of entering BASIC SETUP MODE Touch the ⇔ key twice to move the cursor to YES. Touch the ⇔ key once. 2) In case of back to MEASURING MODE Touch the ⇔ key three times to move the cursor to NO. Touch the ⇔ key once.
3	# BASIC SETUP MODE	* ベーシックセットアップ モード	With the operation of 1), the BASIC SETUP MODE screen appears for two seconds.
4	* TAG XXXXXXXXX	# タグナンバ ** タグオンバ ** **********************************	TAG setting screen appears two seconds after.

Setting the TAG NO.

This function sets the TAG NO. of the flowmeter.

Default setting

XXXXXXXX

Setting range

8 characters max. Alphanumeric characters, -, @, and space can be set.

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	ENTER BASIC SETUP YES OR NO	セッテイヲハジメマスカ? YES OR <u>N</u> O	Enter the BASIC SETUP MODE. (See page 4-11)
2	* TAG XXXXXXXXX	上川 % * タグナンバ <u>※</u> ※ ※ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・	In the BASIC SETUP MODE, the TAG NO. screen is the first screen that appears.
3	* TAG	* タグナンバ <u>※</u> タグナンバ <u>※</u> XXXXXXXX	Touch the ⇔ key until the cursor is at the character to be changed.
4	* TAG EXXXXXXX	* タグナンバ <u>F</u> XXXXXXX	Touch ☆ or ▽ key to change the character.
5	* TAG FIC-0001	* タグナンバ FIC-0001	Touch the ⇔ key until the cursor is back at the mode indicator.

Damping time constant

The damping time constant removes minute fluctuations when transmitting the measured flow rate to the control equipment. Check the amplitude of fluctuation in flow output and set the damping time constant to an appropriate value. The new value becomes effective as soon as it is entered

Default setting

3.0 second.

Setting range

0.1 to 199.9 seconds. (0.0 to 199.9 seconds for "Fast Response Option for Short Run Batch Precess".)

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	ITITI %		Enter the BASIC SETUP MODE. (See page 4-11)
2	## DAMPING 003.0s	温 ダンピング 00 <u>3</u> .0S	Use the Touch ☆ or ▽ key to cycle through the screens until the damping screen appears.
3	* DAMPING 003.0s	*************************************	Touch the $ Arr$ key until the cursor is at the value to be changed. (in the example, the key is touched three times.)
4	* DAMPING 01 <u>0</u> .0s	ドリー % & ダンピング 01<u>0</u>.0S	Use ☆ or ▽ key to change the numeric value. Touch and holding either key quickly increments or decrements the values.
5	MATERIAL STATE OF THE STATE OF		Touch the \$\ \to \ key until the cursor is back at the mode indicator. Touch the MODE key and hold for three seconds to return to MEASUREMENT MODE to save the Damping Time Value.

Auto zero

This function adjusts the flowmeter so that the measured flow rate is zero when the fluid is in static condition inside the detector.

⚠ CAUTION

Before operating the flowmeter for the first time, be sure to carry out auto zero. Zero adjustment is very important for accurate flow measurement.

$\underline{\Lambda}$ CAUTION

Before performing auto zero calibration of the flowmeter, make sure the detector is properly grounded (grounding resistance must be less than $100~\Omega$), that the detector is filled with the fluid to be measured and that the fluid is in static condition. Zero adjustment is possible with a flow speed of 0.2~m/s (0.656~ft./s) or less, but the flow speed should be 0.0~m/s (0.0~ft./s) for accurate adjustment. Output errors can result from improper zeroing.

If the conditions above can not be guaranteed the auto zero function should be ignored.

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	ITII % ILII % ENTER BASIC SETUP YES OR NO	レッテイヲハジメマスカ? YES OR NO	Enter the BASIC SETUP MODE. (See page 4-11)
2	* AUTO ZERO READY	* ゼロセッテイ READY	Use the or key to cycle through the screens until the AUTO ZERO screen appears.
3	* AUTO ZERO READY	ドー・ドー・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・	Touch the key once to move the cursor to READY to indicate that the system is ready for zeroing.
4	* AUTO ZERO ON	ゴルー % * ゼロチョウセイ <u>O</u> N	Touch the \(\frac{1}{2} \) key once to select READY and start the auto zero adjustment. The large numerical display flashes and READY changes to ON during adjustment. When the zero adjustment is complete, the flashing stops and ON changes back to READY. Zero adjustment takes approximately 60 to 100 seconds.

	Sci	reen	
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
5	* AUTO ZERO READY	ドイル % 上に上 % * ゼロセッテイ READY	Touch the \(\) key until the cursor is back at the mode indicator. Touch the MODE key and hold for three seconds to return to MEASUREMENT MODE to save the zero setting.

Flow counter - Reset value

This function sets the totalization starting value of the built-in flow counter

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	* CNT-RESET VALUE 0000010000	* カウントリセットチ 0000010000	To change this function, the DISPLAY SELECT must be set to TOTAL (see page 4-22). Enter BASIC SETUP MODE (see page 4-11). Use the
			key to cycle through the screens until the CNT-RESET VALUE screen appears.
2	*CNT-RESET VALUE 0000010000	* カウントリセットチ 0000010000	Touch the \(\brace \) key as many times as is necessary to move the cursor to the value to be changed. (In the example, the key is touched six times.)
3	*CNT-RESET VALUE 0000050000	* カウントリセットチ 0000050000	Touch the ♥ or ♠ key to change the numerical value. Touching and holding either key quickly increments or decrements the values.
4	*CNT-RESET VALUE 0000050000	サカウントリセットチ 0000050000	Touch the $ Arr$ key until the cursor is back at the mode indicator. Touch the MODE key and hold for three seconds to return to MEASUREMENT MODE to save the new value.

Flow counter - Resetting

This function resets the current totalized value and saves it to memory. (The default value for the counter is 000000000 at power-up.)

	Sc	reen	
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	*CNT-RESET READY PREV 0000000000		Enter BASIC SETUP MODE (see page 4-11). (The first screen in this mode is always the TAG screen.) Use the or key to cycle through the screens until the CNT-RESET screen appears.
2	*CNT-RESET READY PREV 0000000000	**************************************	Touch the \Leftrightarrow key once to move the cursor to READY.
3	* CNT-RESET ON PREU 0000123456	*カウントリセット <u>O</u> N PREU 0000123456	Touch the \(\frac{1}{2} \) key to select READY and reset the counter. READY changes to ON as the counter resets and then changes back to READY when it's done.
4	* CNT-RESET ON PREV 0000123456	*カウントリセットON PREU 0000123456	Touch the \(\) key until the cursor is back at the mode indicator. Touch the MODE key and hold for three seconds to return to MEASUREMENT MODE to save the new value.

Detector data

This function is used to select the constant, model and diameter of the detector being used with this converter. In this screen, three values can be changed: the detector constant (EX), detector type (MGG, KID, NNK, NNM) and the detector diameter (DIA)

Default setting

If only converter is purchased, the default values are EX 300.0, MGG, DIA050.0.

If the converter and detector are purchased together, the converter contains the detector data that was set during actual flow calibration. DO NOT change this data or the flowmeter output will be incorrect.

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	* EX 300.0 MGG DIA 050.0	* EX 300.0 MGG コウケイ 050.0	Enter BASIC SETUP MODE (see page 4-11). Use the ☆ or ▽ key to cycle through the screens until the detector DATA (EX/DIA) screen appears.
2	* EX 320.0 MGG DIA 050.0	* EN 320.0 MGG コウケイ 050.0	Touch the ⇔ key until the cursor is at the detector Constant (EX) to be changed. Touch the � or ♥ key to change the value.
3	* EX 320.0 KID DIA 050.0	* EX 320.0 <u>KID コウケイ 050.0</u>	Touch the ⇔ key until the cursor is at the detector type. Use the ⇔ or ∜ key to change the value.
4	* EX 320.0 KID DIA 100.0	* EX 320.0 KID コウケイ 100.0	Use the ⇒ key to move the cursor to the detector Diameter value. The converter works with the following detector Diameters (in millimeters): • 2.5 • 5 • 10 • 15 • 25 • 40 • 50 • 65 • 80 • 100 • 125 • 150 • 200 • 250 • 300 • 350 • 400 • 450 • 500 • 600 • 700 • 800 • 900 • 1000 • 1100

	Sc	reen	
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
5	* EX 320.0 KID DIA 100.0		Touch the □ key until the cursor is back at the mode indicator

✓: Can be used

Size/Detector Model No.	MGG	KID	NNM	NNK
2.5	✓	~		
5.0	✓	~		
10.0	✓	~		
15.0	✓	~		
25.0	✓	~	~	
40.0	✓	~	~	
50.0	✓	~	~	~
65.0	✓			
80.0	✓	~	~	
100.0	✓	~	~	~
125.0	✓			
150.0	✓	~	~	
200.0	✓	~	~	~
250.0	✓	~	~	
300.0	✓	~	~	
350.0	✓	~	~	
400.0	✓	~	~	~
450.0	✓		~	
500.0	✓	~		
600.0	✓	~	~	~
700.0	~		~	
800.0	~		~	
900.0	✓			
1000.0	✓			
1100.0	✓			

Note For MGG and KID type detectors, set the detector factor (EX) as the value stamped on the name plate. For NNM and NNK if you need to replace a converter with a new one, contact an Azbil Corp. representative.

Setting the Number of Dummy Detectors

This is used to set number of dummy detectors installed with the NNK detector (selected in the detector data setting).

This screen appears only for open channel type electromagnetic flowmeter NNK.

Default setting

0

Setting range

0 to 9

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	* DUMMIY 0	* Ø = 0	Enter BASIC SETUP MODE (see page 4-11). Use the ☆ or ∜ key to cycle through the screens until the detector DATA screen appears. Touch the ⇔ key move the cursor to the detector type. Change the detector type as NNK using the ☆ key.
2	* DUMMIY <u>0</u>	* Ø = 0	Touch the key once.
3	* DUMMIY 3	* Ø = - 3	Use the ☆ or ▽ key to input the number of dummy detectors. In this example, the number of the dummy detectors has been changed from 0 to 3.
4	# DUMMIY 3	* Ø = - 3	Touch the \Rightarrow key once to move the cursor to the mode indicator.

Flow rate range

This function is used to set the flow rate range (the value when the analog output reaches 100%). In this screen, three values can be changed: flow rate value, flow rate unit, and time unit.

Setting range

Flow rate: 0.00001 to 99999

Unit: m³, l, cm³, t, kg, g, BPH, KGPH, GPH, mGPH, lb, KGPM,GPM,

mGPM

Time unit: s, min., h, d

	Sci	een	
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	* 1.4147 m/s SPAN 10.000 m3/h	* レンジ 1.4147 m/s SPAN 10.000 m³/h	Enter BASIC SETUP MODE (see page 4-11). Use the ♥ or ♠ key to cycle through the screens until the SPAN screen appears.
2	* 1.4147 m/s SPAN <u>1</u> 0.000 m3/h	* レンジ 1.4147 m/s SPAN <u>1</u> 0.000 m³/h	Touch the ⇔ key until the cursor is at the flow rate value to be changed.
3	* 2.8294 m/s SPAN 20.000 m3/h	* レンジ 2.8294 m/s SPAN 20.000 m ³ /h	Touch the ∇ or \triangle key to change the value.
4	* 2.8294 m/s SPAN 20.000 <u>l/</u> h	* レンジ 2.8294 m/s SPAN 20.000 <u>l/</u> h	Use the ⇔ key to move the cursor to the flow rate unit. Touch the ∜ or ❖ key to change the unit. ⚠ CAUTION If a weight unit is set, the Specific Gravity must also be set to avoid output errors.
5	* 2.8294 m/s SPAN 333.33 l/min	* レンジ 2.8294 m/s SPAN 333.33 l/ <u>m</u> in	Use the ⇔ key to move the cursor to the time unit. Touch the ♥ or ♠ key to change the unit. Available units: h, min., s, d
6	# 2.8294 m/s SPAN 333.33 l/min	# レンジ 2.8294 m/s SPAN 333.33 l/min	Touch the ⇔ key until the cursor is back at the mode indicator.

Flow rate indication

This function selects the flow rate indication displayed on screen. The data can be displayed as a percent (%), the actual flow rate (RATE) or the totalized value (TOTAL)

Default setting

As specified when ordered.

Setting range

%(flow rate in percent), RATE (actual flow rate), TOTAL (totalized value)

	Sci	een	
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	* DISPLAY SELECT	* ヒョウジセンタク %	Enter BASIC SETUP MODE (see page 4-11).Use the
2	*DISPLAY SELECT	* ヒョウジセンタク	Touch the $ Arr key once to move the cursor to the flow rate indication value.$
3	*DISPLAY SELECT RATE *DISPLAY SELECT PATE *DISPLAY SELECT TOTAL *DISPLAY SELECT TOTAL	* ヒョウジセンタク RATE * ヒョウジセンタク	Touch the ♥ or ♠ key to scroll through the selections (%, RATE or TOTAL). Note that the Main Display changes as the different display selections appear. The current flow rate indication value appears at the upper right in the Main Display.
4	* DISPLAY SELECT RATE		Touch the key until the cursor is back at the mode indicator.

Entering ENGINEERING / ADVANCED / MAINTENANCE MODE

This is to describe how to enter ENGINEERING, ADVANCED and MAINTENANCE MODE.

~ **CAUTION** *Check the write protection level to enter each mode (See page 2-19).*

Entering ENGINEERING MODE

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	* MODE ENTER ENGINEERING	*モードヲイドウシマスカ? エンジニアリング モード	Enter BASIC SETUP MODE (see page 4-11). Use the ↑ or key to cycle through the screens until the MODE ENTER ENGINEERING screen appears.
2	* MODE ENTER ENGINEERING	*モードヲイドウシマスカ? エンジニアリング モード	Touch the □ key once to move the cursor to ENGINEERING.
3	# ENGINEERING MODE	サインジニアリング モード	Touch the & key to select. The ENGINEERING MODE screen appears.
4	# FUNC SET FQAXX	造 キノウセッテイ FOAXX	Two seconds later, Function set screen appears.

Entering ADVANCED MODE

	Sci	reen	
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	# MODE ENTER ADVANCED	** モードヲイドウシマスカ? アドバンスト モード	Enter BASIC SETUP MODE (see page 4-11). Use the ↑ or key to cycle through the screens until the MODE ENTER ADVANCED screen appears.
2	* MODE ENTER ADVANCED	* モードヲイドウシマスカ? アドバンスト モード	Touch the □ key once to move the cursor to ADVANCED.

	Sei	reen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure	
3	& ADVANCED MODE	1	Touch the \(\frac{1}{2} \) key to select. The ADVANCED MODE screen appears.	
4	# DAMPING 003.0S	▲ ダンピング 003.0S	Two seconds later, DAMPING screen appears.	

Entering MAINTENANCE MODE

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	# MODE ENTER MAINTENACE	************************************	Enter BASIC SETUP MODE (see page 4-11). Use the
2	* MODE ENTER MAINTENACE	*モードヲイドウシマスカ? メンテナンス モード	Touch the $ Arr$ key once to move the cursor to MAINTENANCE.
3	≥ MAINTENACE MODE	1	Touch the & key to select. The MAINTENANCE MODE screen appears.
4	≥ OUTPUT CHECK MODE OFF	シ シュツリョクチェック OFF	Two seconds later, OUTPUT CHECK MODE screen appears.

Selecting functions

Introduction

Sets the electromagnetic flowmeter functions: range, counter, contact input, and contact output.

There will be restrictions on the functions that can be set depending on your model's specifications. Note that the setting range will be limited depending on the selection of contact input/output.

The possible combinations are shown on the following pages.

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	# FUNC SET FOA11	サキノウセッテイ FOA11 タンレンジ	Enter ENGINEERING MODE (see page 4-23).
2	#FUNC SET FOA11 SINGLE RANGE	#+ノウセッテイ FQA11 タンレンジ	Touch the ⇔ key to select the kind of function settings. 1st character is for range setting, 2nd is for built-in counter setting, 3rd is for contact input function setting and 4th is for contact output function setting.
3	# FUNC SET F1A12 DIR AUTO DUAL RG	#キノウセッテイ F1A12 セイホウコウジドウキリカエ	Touch the ∇ or \triangle key to select the desired function.
4	# FUNC SET FOB13 PRESET COUNTER	#キノウセッテイ FOB13 プリセットカウンタ	Two touches of the ⇔ key in step 1 enables the selection of the built-in counter function. Touch the ∜ or ♦ key to select the desired function.
5	# FUNC SET F0A21 EXT AUTO ZERO	# キノウセッテイ FOA21 ガイブゼロチョウセイ	Three touches of the ⇔ key in step 1 enables the selection of the contact input function. Touch the ∜ or ♠ key to select the desired function.
6	# FUNC SET FOA14 ERROR DIAG ALM	######################################	Four touches of the ⇔ key in step 1 enables the selection of the contact output function. Touche the ∜ or ♠ key to select the desired function.

	Screen		
Step	(English) (Japanese)		Procedure
7			When completing the setting of the respective functions, touch the \(\subseteq\) key to move the cursor to the "#".

Relations for setting function FXXXX

Introduction

The range, built-in counter, contact input, and contact output functions can be set using the combinations shown in the table below. For example, when "Single range" and "Addition with preset" are selected, there are three contact input choices (X, 1, and 2) and three contact output choices.

1-contact input and 1-contact output (DI/DO)

Range function	Built-in counter function	Contact input function	Contact output function
0: Single range	A: Addition	X: Not activated	X: Not activated
			1: Alarm output
			4: Self-check result output
			5: Empty detection function
			6: High/low limit alarm
		1: External 0% lock	X: Not activated
			1: Alarm output
			4: Self-check result output
			5: Empty detection function
			6: High/low limit alarm
		2: External auto zeroing	X: Not activated
			1: Alarm output
			4: Self-check result output
			5: Empty detection function
			6: High/low limit alarm
		4: Counter reset	X: Not activated
			1: Alarm output
			4: Self-check result output
			5: Empty detection function
			6: High/low limit alarm
	B: Addition with	X: Not activated	3: Preset output
	preset	1: External 0% lock	3: Preset output
		2: External auto zeroing	3: Preset output
1: Automatic switch-		X: Not activated	2: Range switching output
ing dual range function	A: Addition	1: External 0% lock	2: Range switching output
		2: External auto zeroing	2: Range switching output
		4: Counter reset	2: Range switching output
2: External switching	A: Addition	3: External range switch-	X: Not activated
dual range		ing	1: Alarm output
			2: Range switching output
			4: Self-check result output
			5: Empty detection function
			6: High/low limit alarm
	B: Addition with	3: External range switch-	3: Preset output
	preset	ing	
3: Normal/reverse auto-	A: Addition	X: Not activated	2: Range switching output
matic switching range		1: External 0% lock	2: Range switching output
		2: External auto zeroing	2: Range switching output
	G M	4: Counter reset	2: Range switching output
	C: Normal/reverse	X: Not activated	2: Range switching output
	totalization	1: External 0% lock	2: Range switching output
		2: External auto zeroing	2: Range switching output
		4: Counter reset	2: Range switching output

Range function	Built-in counter function	Contact input function	Contact output function
4: Normal/reverse	A: Addition	3: External range switch-	X: Not activated
external switching		ing	1: Alarm output
range			2: Range switching output
			4: Self-check result output
			5: Empty detection function
			6: High/low limit alarm
	B: Addition with	3: External range switch-	3: Preset output
	preset	ing	
	C: Normal/reverse	3: External range switch-	X: Not activated
	totalization	ing	1: Alarm output
			2: Range switching output
			4: Self-check result output
			5: Empty detection function
			6: High/low limit alarm

2- contact inputs

Range function	Built-in counter function	Contact input function	Contact output function
0: Single range	A: Addition	X: Not activated	X: Not activated
		1: External 0% lock	X: Not activated
		2: External auto zeroing	X: Not activated
		4: Counter reset	X: Not activated
		5: External 0% lock + Auto zeroing	X: Not activated
		7: External 0% lock + Counter reset	X: Not activated
		9: External auto zeroing + Counter	X: Not activated
		reset	
2: External switch-	A: Addition	3 External range switching	X: Not activated
ing dual range		6: External 0% lock + Range switch-	X: Not activated
		ing	
		8: External auto zeroing + Range	X: Not activated
		switching	
		A: External range switching +	X: Not activated
		Counter reset	
4: Normal/reverse	A: Addition	3 External range switching	X: Not activated
external switching		6: External 0% lock + Range switch-	X: Not activated
range		ing	
		8: External auto zeroing + Range	X: Not activated
		switching	
		A: External range switching +	X: Not activated
		Counter reset	
	C: Normal/reverse	3 External range switching	X: Not activated
	totalization	6: External 0% lock + Range switch-	X: Not activated
		ing	
		8: External auto zeroing + Range	X: Not activated
		switching	
		A: External range switching +	X: Not activated
		Counter reset	

2- contact outputs

Range function	Built-in counter	Contact input	Contact output function
<u> </u>	function	function	•
0: Single range	A: Addition	X: Not activated	X: Not activated
			E: High 1 and High 2 alarm or Low 1 and
			Low 2 alarm
			1: Alarm output
			4: Self-check result output
			5: Empty detection function
			6: High/low limit alarm
	B: Addition with	X: Not activated	3: Preset output
	preset		D: Alarm + Preset output
			F: Preset + Self-check
			G: Preset + Empty detection
			H: Preset + High/low limit alarm
			I: Self-check result + Empty detection
			J: Self-check result + High/low limit
			alarm
			K: Empty detection + High/low limit
			alarm
1: Automatic switch-	A: Addition	X: Not activated	2: Range switching output
ing dual range			7: Alarm + Range switching output
8			8:Self-check result + Range switching
			output
			9: Empty detection + Range switching
			output
			A: High/low limit alarm + Range switch-
			ing output
			C: Range switching output + Self-check,
			Empty detection
	B: Addition with	Y: Not activated	B: Range switching output + Preset out-
	preset	A. Ivot activated	put
3: Normal/reverse	A: Addition	X: Not activated	2: Range switching output
automatic switching	A. Addition	A. Ivot activated	7: Alarm + Range switching output
range			8:Self-check result + Range switching
range			output
			9: Empty detection + Range switching
			output A: High/low limit alarm + Range switch-
			ing output
			C: Range switching output + Self-check,
	B: Addition with	V. Natastinatal	Empty detection
		A: Not activated	B: Range switching output + Preset out-
	preset	V. N	put 2. Parasas it him a tank
	C: Normal/	X: Not activated	2: Range switching output
	reverse totaliza-		7: Alarm + Range switching output
	tion		8:Self-check result + Range switching
			output
			9: Empty detection + Range switching
			output
			A: High/low limit alarm + Range switch-
			ing output
			C: Range switching output + Self-check,
			Empty detection

Range functions

Single range

Measures a single range in the normal direction.

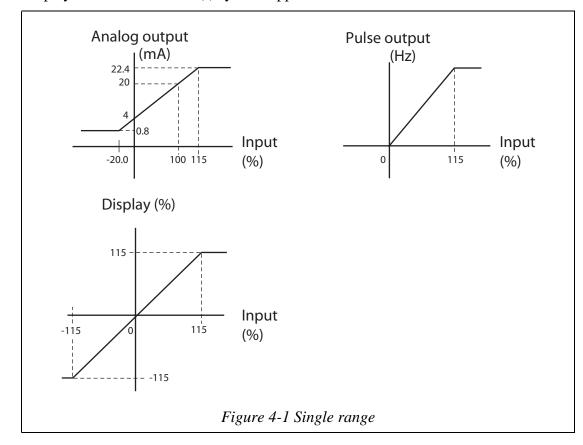
The output for a reverse flow will be as follows

Analog output: Possible to approx. -20% (0.8 mA). With communication, to

approx. -5% (3.2 mA).

Pulse output: No output

Display: A minus (-) symbol appears.



Normal direction automatic dual range

This function has two ranges: wide and narrow. When the narrow range measurement exceeds 100%, the unit automatically changes to the wide range.

This function should be used in combination with the wide/narrow range distinction output contact. Hysteresis setting is available when dual range is selected.

① When AUTO is selected for an analog output

Range No.1 4 to 20 mA DC Range No.2 4 to 20 mA DC

② When WIDE is selected for an analog output

4 to 20 mA DC is output according to either range No.1 or range No.2, whichever has the wider range.

When there is a pulse output

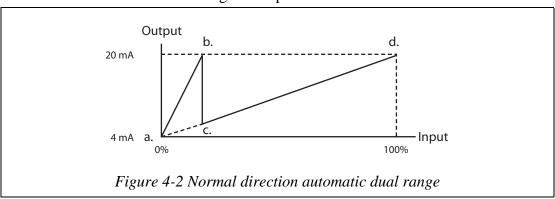
The pulse weight is the same for both ranges No.1 and No.2.

Contact output

At shipment, the contact output status of the distinction status signal for ranges No.1 and No.2 is as follows.

Range No.1: Closed Range No.2: Open

Reverse setting is also possible.



(Example)

① AUTO range

Range No.1 (narrow range): Outputs 4 to 20 mA for 0 to 10 m³/h (a-b).

Range No.2 (wide range): Outputs 4 to 20 mA for 0 to 40 m³/h (a-d)

② WIDE range

Range No.1 (narrow range): Outputs 4 to 8 mA for 0 to 10 m³/h (a-c).

Range No.2 (wide range): Outputs 8 to 20 mA for 10 to 40 m³/h (c-d).

Normal direction, external switching dual range

The range is switched via an external switching command to the contact input. Also, the wide/narrow range distinction contact output (status signal) can be sent out using the same timing.

Analog output

① When AUTO is selected for an analog output

Range No.1 4 to 20 mA DC Range No.2 4 to 20 mA DC

② When WIDE is selected for an analog output

4 to 20 mA DC is output according to either range No.1 or range No.2 whichever has the wider range.

When there is a pulse output

The pulse weight is the same for both ranges No.1 and No.2.

Contact input

Range switching command contact input

Range No.1: Close Range No.2: Open

Contact output (select functions as required.)

Range switching distinction status signal

The contact output status at shipment is as follows.

Range No.1: Closed Range No.2: Open

Reverse setting is also possible.

Normal/reverse automatic switching range

Automatically switches the range when the fluid flow direction reverses. Hysteresis setting is available when normal/reverse switching is selected.

Analog output

Normal direction: 4 to 20 mA DC Reverse direction: 4 to 20 mA DC

When there is a pulse output

There is no distinction in output between the normal and reverse directions. The pulse weight is also the same.

The built-in counter simply integrates the flow rate without distinguishing normal and reverse directions. However, when normal/reverse differential flow integration is selected, integration of the "-" direction (subtraction) is available.

Example: In the normal direction

$$-100 \rightarrow -99 \rightarrow -98 \rightarrow ... 0 \rightarrow 1, 2, 3$$

In the reverse direction

$$100 \rightarrow 99 \rightarrow 98... 0 \rightarrow -1, -2, -3$$

With indication

With a reverse flow rate, the "-" symbol will appear on the flow rate display. With built-in counter, it is possible to select the normal/reverse differential flow integration function.

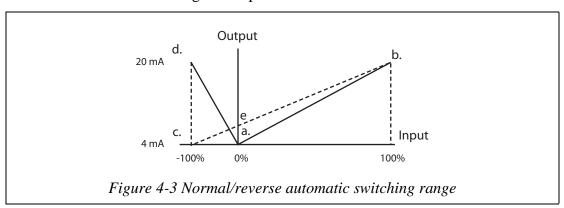
Contact output

Normal/reverse distinction status signal

The contact output status at shipment is as follows.

Range No.1: Closed Range No.2: Open

Reverse setting is also possible



(Example of setting)

- ① AUTO range
 - Range No.1 (normal range): Outputs 4 to 20 mA for 0 to 30 m³/h (a-b).
 - Range No.2 (reverse range): Outputs 4 to 20 mA for 0 to -10 m³/h (a-d).
- ② WIDE range
 - Outputs 4 to 8 mA for -10 to $0 \text{m}^3/\text{h}$ (c-e), 8 to 20 mA for 0 to $30 \text{m}^3/\text{h}$ (e-b).

When WIDE is selected, Low-flow-cut is not performed.

Normal / Reverse external switching range

Switches between the normal and reverse ranges by inputting a switching command contact from the host system or controller.

It is also possible to output the normal/reverse range distinctive contact output (status signal) using the same timing.

Analog output

① When AUTO is selected for an analog output

Normal direction: 4 to 20 mA DC

Reverse direction: 4 to 20 mA DC

② When WIDE is selected for an analog output

4 to 20 mA DC is output according to either range No.1 or range No.2, whichever has the wider range.

With pulse output

There is no distinction in output between the normal and reverse directions. The pulse weight is also the same.

The built-in counter simply integrates the flow rate without distinguishing between the normal and reverse directions. However, when normal/reverse differential flow integration is selected, the integration of the "-" direction (subtraction) is available.

Example: In the normal direction

$$-100 \rightarrow -99 \rightarrow -98... 0 \rightarrow 1, 2, 3$$

In the reverse direction

$$100 \rightarrow 99 \rightarrow 98... 0 \rightarrow -1, -2, -3$$

With indication

With a reverse flow rate, the "-" symbol will appear on the flow rate display.

For the built-in counter, it is possible to select the normal/reverse differential flow integration function.

Contact input

Range switching command contact input

Normal direction: when opened

Reverse direction:when closed

Contact output (select the function required.)

Normal/reverse distinction status signal

The contact output status at shipment is as follows.

Range No.1: Closed

Range No.2: Open

Reverse setting is also possible.

[Built-in counter function]

A: Addition counter

In the normal/reverse range, addition is performed in the normal and reverse directions, respectively.

B: Addition counter with preset

The preset value ranges from 0000000000 - 9999999999.

In the normal/reverse range, addition is made in the normal and reverse directions, respectively.

C: Normal/reverse differential flow rate integration display

Displays the difference in integration between the normal and reverse directions.

It is necessary to determine the direction: normal or reverse.

[Contact input function]

This function can be set when either 1- or 2-contact input has been selected in the additional specifications.

X: Not activated

1: External 0% lock input

Use to completely halt the flow rate signal (display, analog output, or pulse output) at 0%.

2: External auto zero adjustment input

Enables zero adjustment from a remote location.

Zero adjustment is possible when the contact is ON for 0.2 seconds or more.

Be sure to stop the fluid.

3: External range switching input

Range No.1 or normal direction: when opened Range No.2 or reverse direction: when closed

4: Built-in counter reset input

Reset will take effect when the contact is ON for 0.2 seconds or more, and counting will start from the counter reset value at the moment when the contact turns OFF.

5: External 0% lock input and external auto zero adjustment input

Terminal ST IN1 can be set to external 0% lock input and terminal ST IN2 to external auto zero adjustment input.

6: External 0% lock input and external range switching input

Terminal ST IN1 can be set to external 0% lock input and terminal ST IN2 to external range switching input.

7: External 0% lock input and built-in counter reset input

Terminal ST IN1 can be set to external 0% lock input and terminal ST IN2 to the built-in counter reset input.

8: External auto zero adjustment input and external range switching input

Terminal ST IN1 can be set to external auto zero adjustment input and the terminal ST IN2 to external switching input.

9: External auto zero adjustment input and built-in counter reset input

Terminal ST IN1 can be set to auto zero adjustment input and terminal ST IN2 to built-in counter reset input.

A: External range switching input and built-in counter reset input

Terminal ST IN1 can be set to external range switching input and terminal ST IN2 to built-in counter reset input.

[Contact output function]

This function can be set when 1- or 2-contact output has been selected in the additional specifications.

- X: Not activated
- 1: Alarm contact output

An alarm is output when any of the following items becomes abnormal.

The abnormal item can be checked on the display of the instrument.

Also, external confirmation is available using the SFC.

- ① Self-diagnostic
 - Coil disconnection
 - ROM error
 - RAM error
 - NVM error
 - ADC error

Table 4-2 Output selection

Mode selection	Fail-safe direction high (HIGH)	Hold (HOLD)	Fail-safe direction low (LOW)
Analog output 4 to 20 mA	Fail-sage high (HIGH) without SFC communication: 24 mA DC with SFC communication: 23.8 mA DC	Hold (HOLD)	Fail-safe direction low (LOW) Without SFC communication: 0.8 mA DC With SFC communication: 2.96 mA DC
Pulse output		Hold (HOLD)	Fail-safe direction low (LOW) No output
Contact output	Abnormal status (Open/closed can be freely selected.)		

⚠ CAUTION

If the power supply is turned OFF with the "Fail-safe direction high" setting, the 4-20 mA output will emit a Fail-safe direction high output once. Pay close attention when turning the power supply OFF.

② Empty detection function

When the detector becomes empty, the respective output signals will be as follows.

Output signal Status	When the detector is empty
Analog output 4-20 mA DC	4 mA DC
Pulse output	0%
Contact output	Abnormal status (Open/closed can be freely selected.)

- **Note** This function can be used when the conductivity is 30 μS/cm or greater. The empty detection function selector switch determines whether this function is activated or not. (The empty detection function is set to "NOT activated" as default setting.)
- ~ **Note** Using the empty detection function with a conductivity of 30 μS/cm or less will cause a measurement error.
 - 3 High/low limit alarm function

According to preset High/low limit value, alarm signal is output through ST.OUT terminal.

2: Range switching output

The contact output status at shipment is as follows.

Range No.1 or normal direction: Closed

Range No.2 or reverse direction: Open

Reverse setting is also possible.

3: Counter preset status output

Activated when the counter reaches the preset value.

4: Self-check result output

Activated only when a self-diagnostic abnormality occurs in the alarm contact output of code 1.

5: Empty detection function

Activated only when an empty status is detected in the alarm contact output of code 1.

6: High/low limit alarm

Activated only when a high/low limit alarm occurs in the alarm contact output of code 1.

- 7: Alarm contact output and range switching output (2-contact output)
 The alarm contact output can be set to ST.OUT1 and the range switching output to ST.OUT2.
- 8: Self-check result output and range switching output (2-contact output)
 The self-diagnostic result output can be set to ST.OUT1 and the range switching output to ST.OUT2.
- 9: Empty detection function and range switching output (2-contact output)
 The empty status detection output can be set to ST.OUT1 and the range switching output to ST.OUT2.
- A: High/low limit alarm and range switching output (2-contact output)

The high/low limit alarm can be set to ST.OUT1 and the range switching output to ST.OUT2.

- B: Range switching output and counter preset status output (2-contact output)

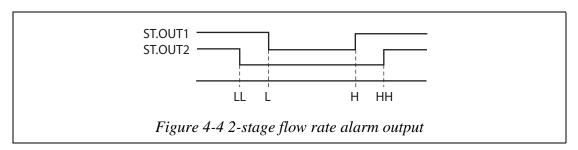
 The range switching output can be set to ST.OUT1 and the preset status output to ST.OUT2.
- C: Range switching output and (self-check result output or empty detection) (2-contact output)

The range switching output can be set to ST.OUT1 and the output when either a self-check result or empty detection abnormality occurs to ST.OUT2.

- D: Alarm contact output and counter preset status output (2-contact output)

 The alarm contact output can be set to ST.OUT1 and the counter preset status output to ST.OUT2.
- E: 2-stage flow rate alarm output

The high/low limit alarm can be set to ST.OUT1 and the 2-stage high limit alarm or 2-stage low limit alarm to ST.OUT2.



- F: Counter preset status output and self-check result output (2-contact output)

 The counter preset status output can be set to ST.OUT1 and the self-check result output can be set to ST.OUT2.
- G: Counter preset status output and empty detection function

 The counter preset status output can be set to ST.OUT1 and empty detection function can be set to ST.OUT2.
- H: Range switching output and High/low limit alarm output

 The range switching output can be set to ST.OUT1 and High/low limit alarm can be set to ST.OUT2.
- I: Self-check result output and empty detection function

 The self-check result can be set to ST.OUT1 and empty detection function can be set to ST.OUT2.
- J: Self-check result output and High/low limit alarm
 The self-check result can be set to ST.OUT1 and the high/low alarm can be set to ST.OUT2.
- K: Empty detection function and High/low limit alarm
 The empty detection function can be set to ST.OUT1 and the high/low limit alarm can be set to ST.OUT2.

Flow rate range

This function is used to set the flow rate range (the value when the analog output reaches 100%). In this screen, three values can be changed: flow rate value, flow rate unit, and time unit.

Setting range

Flow rate: 0.00001 to 99999

Unit: m³, l, cm³, t, kg, g, BPH, GPH, mGPH, lb, KGPM, GPM, mGPM

Time unit: s, min., h, d

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	* 1.4147 m/s SPAN 10.000 m3/h	! レンジ 1.4147 m/s SPAN 10.000 m³/h	Enter ENGINEERING MODE (see page 4-11).Use the
2	* 1.4147 m/s SPAN <u>1</u> 0.000 m3/h	* レンジ 1.4147 m/s SPAN <u>1</u> 0.000 m³/h	Touch the key until the cursor is at the flow rate value to be changed.
3	* 2.8294 m/s SPAN 20.000 m3/h	* レンジ 2.8294 m/s SPAN 20.000 m ³ /h	Touch the ∇ or \triangle key to change the value.
4	* 2.8294 m/s SPAN 20.000 <u>l/</u> h	* レンジ 2.8294 m/s SPAN 20.000 <u>l/</u> h	Use the ⇒ key to move the cursor to the flow rate unit. Touch the → or → key to change the unit. CAUTION If a weight unit is set, the Specific Gravity must also be set to avoid output errors.
5	* 2.8294 m/s SPAN 333.33 l/min	* レンジ 2.8294 m/s SPAN 333.33 l/ <u>m</u> in	Use the ⇔ key to move the cursor to the time unit. Touch the ❖ or ❖ key to change the unit. Available units: h, min., s, d

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
6	# 2.8294 m/s SPAN 333.33 I/min		Touch the \Leftrightarrow key until the cursor is back at the mode indicator.

Setting hysteresis

This is used to set the hysteresis as a range function to be used at range switching. Use for normal direction automatic dual range or the normal/reverse direction automatic range.

Default setting

0%

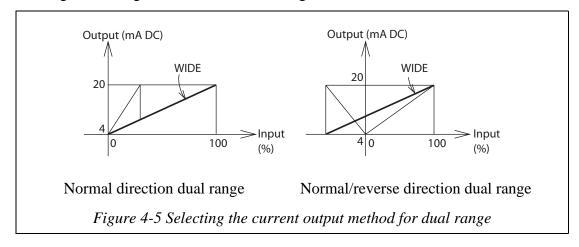
Setting range

0-20%

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	# HYSTERESIS 05 %	# EXFUSX 05%	Open the hysteresis setup screen by following the steps to enter the engineering mode. (See page 4-11)
2	# HYSTERESIS 05 %	サ ヒステリシス 05 %	Touch the □ key once.
3	# HYSTERESIS 10%	# ヒステリシス 1 <u>0</u> %	Use the and keys to input the desired hysteresis value. In this example, here the hysteresis is changed from 5% to 10%.
4	# HYSTERESIS 10%	サ ヒステリシス 10 %	Touch the \(\subseteq\) key to move the cursor to the "#".

Selecting the current output method for dual range

This is used as a range function with the normal direction dual range or normal/reverse direction dual range, to select how to output the 4-20 mA analog output: with either the range switching method or the wider range method.



Default setting

AUTO

Setting the range

Either AUTO or WIDE

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	# I. OUT RANGE AUTO	# 4-20レンジキリカエ AUTO	Open the current output method selection screen by following the steps to enter the engineering mode.
2	# I. OUT RANGE AUTO	# 4-20レンジキリカエ <u>A</u> UTO	Touch the ▷ key once.
3	# I. OUT RANGE WIDE	# 4-20レンジキリカエ WIDE	Use the
4	# I. OUT RANGE WIDE	# 4-20レンジキリカエ WIDE	Touch the □ key to move the cursor to the "#".

Setting / Changing the preset value of the built-in flow counter

This changes the contact output status from H to L or from L to H when the flow counter reaches a preset value.

This function is used when contact output has been selected.

Also, be sure to select the preset counter for the contact output in function setting. (See page 4-25)

Default setting

The preset value is set to "000000000" at shipment.

Setting range

0000000000 - 999999999

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	#COUNTER PRESET 0000200000	サウンタリセットチ0000200000	Open the built-in flow counter preset value setup screen by following the steps to enter the Engineering mode.
2	# COUNTER PRESET 0000200000	# カウンタリセットチ 0000 <u>2</u> 00000	Touch the \(\) key to move the cursor to the desired digits. In this example, the cursor is moved to the "2" position by touching the RIGHT SHIFT key five times.
3	#COUNTER PRESET 0000500000	# カウンタリセットチ 0000 <u>5</u> 000000	Touch the ♥ or ♠ key to set the desired numbers. In this case, the numeral "2" is changed to "5" by three touches of the increment key.
4	#COUNTER PRESET 0000500000	並 カウンタリセットチ 0000500000	When the counter reset value has been changed, touch the key to return the cursor to the "#".

Specific gravity

This function is used to set the specific gravity when selecting a weight unit (t, kg, g, lb) in the flow rate measurement range setting.

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	# GRAVITY 1.0000	サ 世 上ジュウ 1.0000	Enter ENGINEERING MODE (see page 4-23). Use the
2	# GRAVITY 1.00 <u>0</u> 0	# ヒジュウ 1.00 <u>0</u> 0	Touch the □ key until the cursor is at the value to be changed. Default setting: 1.0000 Setting range: 0.1000 to 9.9999
3	# GRAVITY 1.00 <u>5</u> 0	# ヒジュウ 1.00 <u>5</u> 0	Touch the ♥ or ♠ key to change the value.
4	# GRAVITY 1.0050	サ 世 上ジュウ 1.0050	Touch the ⇔ key until the cursor is back at the mode indicator.

Pulse weight

This function is used to set the pulse weight value and pulse weight unit.

Pulse weight should be set so that pulse frequency indicated on the display is between 0.00006 and 3000Hz.

When changing the pulse weight with the dual range, use the wider range.

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	# PLS 27.780 Hz SCL 100.00 l/p	サパルス 27.780 Hz オモミ 100.00 l/p	Enter ENGINEERING MODE (see page 4-23). Use the
2	# PLS 27.780 Hz SCL 100.00 l/p	# パルス 27.780 Hz オモミ 100.00 l/p	Touch the \Rightarrow key until the cursor is at the pulse weight value to be changed. Default setting : 100.00 cm ³ /P.
3	# PLS 13.890 Hz SCL 200.00 l/p	# パルス 13.890 Hz オモミ <u>2</u> 00.00 l/p	Touch the ♥ or ♠ key to change the value.
4	# PLS 13.890 Hz SCL 200.00 <u>l/</u> p	# パルス 13.890 Hz オモミ 200.00 <u>I</u> /p	Use the 戊⇒ key to move the cursor to the pulse weight unit.
5	# PLS 13.890 Hz SCL 200.00 cm ³ /p	# パルス13.890 Hz オモミ200.00 cm ³ /p	Touch the ♥ or ♠ key to change the pulse weight unit. ⚠ CAUTION Pulse weight units must match span units.
6	# PLS 13.890 Hz SCL 200.00 cm ³ /p	# パルス 13.890 Hz オモミ 200.00 cm ³ /p	Touch the ⇔ key until the cursor is back at the mode indicator.

Setting the pulse width

This is used to set the pulse width so that the duty ratio at the upper right of the 16-digit display will not exceed 70%.

When changing the pulse width with a dual range, use the wider range.

Default setting

DUTY 50%

Setting range

Pulse width: "NUM", "DUTY 50%"
Pulse width: 000.10 to 999.99 ms

When "NUM" is selected, the pulse width can be set freely. When "DUTY" is selected, "DUTY" is fixed at 50%.

When using "DUTY" and the pulse frequency is $0.5 \mathrm{Hz}$ or less,

the pulse ON duration is fixed at one second.

the pulse ON duration is fixed at one second.			
	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	#PLS 27.778 % WID NUM 010.00ms	サパルス 27.778 % ハバ NUM 010.00ms	Open the pulse width setup screen by following the steps to enter the engineering mode.
2	#PLS 27.778 % WID <u>N</u> UM 010.00ms	#パルス 27.778 % ハバ <u>N</u> UM 010.00ms	Use the ⇔ key to move the cursor to "NUM".
3	# PLS WID <u>D</u> UTY 50%	#パルス ハバ <u>D</u> UTY 50%	By touching the \$\frac{1}{2}\$ key, the screen used to enter a numerical value pulse width will change to the screen used to fix the duty ratio at 50%.
4	#PLS 27.778 % WID NUM 01 <u>0</u> .00ms	# パルス 27.778 % ハバ NUM 01 <u>0</u> .00ms	To enter the pulse width using a numerical value, return to the numerical value entry screen by using the ☆ key, and move the cursor to the desired digits using the key.
5	#PLS 13.889 % WID NUM 00 <u>5</u> .00ms	# パルス 13.889 % ハバ NUM 00 <u>5</u> .00ms	Use the and keys to change the numbers.

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
6	#PLS 13.889 % WID NUM 005.00ms		Touch the ⇔ key to move the cursor to the "#".

Setting high and low limit alarms

An alarm is output when the instantaneous percent flow rate exceeds the preset high and low limits.

Important

This function can be used when the high/low limit alarm is selected in the contact output function.

Default setting

HI-ALM +115%, LO-ALM -115%

Setting range

HI-ALM -115 to +115%, LO-ALM -115 to +115%

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	#HI-ALM +100 % LO-ALM - 100 %	#HI 75-А +100 % LO75-А - 100 %	Open the high and low limit alarm setup screen by following the steps to enter the engineering mode.
2	#HI-ALM +1 <u>0</u> 0 % LO-ALM - 100 %	#HI アラーム +1 <u>0</u> 0 % LOアラーム -100 %	Use the ⇔ key to move the cursor to desired digit.
3	#HI-ALM +0 <u>8</u> 0 % LO-ALM - 100 %	#HI アラーム +080 % LOアラーム - 100 %	Use the ♥ and ♠ keys to change the numbers.
4	#HI-ALM +080 % LO-ALM - 100 %	#HI アラーム +080 % LOアラーム - 100 %	Touch the □ key to move the cursor to the "#".

Make sure to set so that HI-ALM>LO-ALM.

Setting a 2-stage flow rate alarm

The first alarm will be output when the instantaneous percent flow rate exceeds the preset first high or low limit. The second alarm will be output when the flow rate exceeds the second high or low limits.

Important

This function can be used when the 2-stage high/low limit alarm is selected in the contact output function.

Default setting

HI-ALM1, HI-ALM2 +115%

LO-ALM1, LO-ALM2 -115%

Setting range

HI-ALM1, HI-ALM2 -115 to +115%

LO-ALM1, LO-ALM2 -115 to +115%

	Scr		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	#HI-ALM1 + 100 % LO-ALM1 - 100 %	#HI アラーム1 + 100 % LOアラーム1 - 100 %	Open the 2-stage high/low limit alarm setup screen by following the steps to enter the engineering mode.
2	#HI-ALM1 + 100 % LO-ALM1 - 100 %	#HI アラーム 1 + 1 <u>0</u> 0 % LOアラーム 1 - 100 %	Use the \Rightarrow key to move the cursor to the desired digits.
3	#HI-ALM1 + 020 % LO-ALM1 + 0 <u>1</u> 0 %	#HI 75-Δ1 + 020 % LO75-Δ1 + 0 <u>1</u> 0 %	Use the ∇ and \triangle keys to change the numbers.
4	#HI-ALM1 + 020 % LO-ALM1 + 010 %	#HI アラーム1 + 020 % LOアラーム1 + 010 %	Touch the ⇔ key to move the cursor to the "#".
5	#HI-ALM2 + 100 % LO-ALM2 - 100 %	#HI アラーム2 + 100 % LOアラーム2 - 100 %	Touch the \(\frac{1}{2} \) key to set the 2-stage high limit alarm in the same way.
6	#HI-ALM2 + 1 <u>0</u> 0 % LO-ALM2 - 100 %	#HI 75-Δ2 + 1 <u>0</u> 0 % LO75-Δ2 - 100 %	Use the \Rightarrow key to move the cursor to the desired digits.
7	#HI-ALM2 +090 % HI-ALM2 - 20 %	#HI 75-42 + 090 % LO75-42 - 20 %	Use the ♥ and ♠ keys to change the numbers.

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
8	#HI-ALM2 +100 % LO-ALM2 - 20 %	_	Touch the ⇔ key to move the cursor to the "#".

Selecting fail-safe mode for the analog output

This function is used to determine the analog output direction when the electromagnetic flowmeter detects a critical status condition.

⚠ CAUTION

The fail-safe mode is very important for overall safety of the control process. Choose the fail-safe direction carefully, as equipment damage can result from a wrong choice.

Default setting

"LOW"

Setting range

"LOW" Minimize the output

"HIGH" Maximize the output

"HOLD" Holds the analog output to the value obtained just before the critical status condition occurred.

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	#FAIL SAFE MODE	# イジョウショリ 4-20 LOW	Open the fail-safe mode for the analog output screen by following the steps to enter the engineering mode.
2	#FAIL SAFE MODE I.OUT LOW	# イジョウショリ 4-20 <u>L</u> OW	Touch the ⇔ key.
3	#FAIL SAFE MODE I.OUT HIGH	# イジョウショリ 4-20 <u>H</u> IGH	Use the
4	#FAIL SAFE MODE I.OUT HIGH	# イジョウショリ 4-20 HIGH	Touch the \(\subseteq\) key to move the cursor to the "#".

Selecting fail-safe mode for the pulse output

This function is used to determine the pulse output direction when the electromagnetic flowmeter detects a critical status condition.

⚠ CAUTION

The fail-safe mode is very important for overall safety of the control process. Choose the fail-safe direction carefully, as equipment damage can result from a wrong choice.

Default setting

"LOW"

Setting range

"LOW" Outputs no pulse

"HOLD" Holds the pulse to the value obtained just before the critical status con-

dition occurred.

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	#FAIL SAFE MODE P.OUT LOW	# イジョウショリ パルス LOW	Open the fail-safe mode for the pulse output screen by following the steps to enter the engineering mode.
2	#FAIL SAFE MODE P.OUT LOW	# イジョウショリ パルス <u>L</u> OW	Touch the
3	#FAIL SAFE MODE P.OUT HOLD	# イジョウショリ パルス <u>H</u> OLD	Use the
4	#FAIL SAFE MODE P.OUT HOLD	サイジョウショリ パルス HOLD	Touch the ⇔ key to move the cursor to the "#".

Setting the contact output status

This is used to set the contact output status for normal operation.

Important

This function is displayed when contact output has been selected.

Default setting

"CLOSE"

Setting range

"CLOSE", "OPEN"

<For 1-contact input and 1-contact output>

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	#ST. OUT MODE NORMAL CLOSE	サセッテンシュツリョクモード ノーマル CLOSE	Open the contact output status setup screen by following the steps to enter the engineering mode.
2	#ST. OUT MODE NORMAL CLOSE	#セッテンシュツリョクモード ノーマル CLOSE	Touch the ⇔ key
3	#ST. OUT MODE NORMAL OPEN	#セッテンシュツリョクモード ノーマル QPEN	Use the key to set the contact output status.
4	#ST. OUT MODE NORMAL OPEN	サセッテンシュツリョクモード ノーマル OPEN	Touch the □ key to move the cursor to the "#".

<For 2-contact output>

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	#ST. OUT2 MODE NORMAL CLOSE	# セッテンシュツリョク1 ノーマル CLOSE	Open the contact output status setup screen by following the steps to enter the engineering mode.
2	#ST. OUT1 MODE NORMAL CLOSE	# セッテンシュツリョク1 ノーマル CLOSE	Touch the ⇔ key
3	#ST. OUT1 MODE NORMAL OPEN	# セッテンシュツリョク1 ノーマル QPEN	Use the ♥ and ♠ keys to set the contact output status.
4	#ST. OUT1 MODE NORMAL OPEN	# セッテンシュツリョク1 ノーマル OPEN	Touch the \(\subseteq\) key to move the cursor to the "#".
5	#ST. OUT2 MODE NORMAL CLOSE	# セッテンシュツリョク2 ノーマル CLOSE	Use the \$\frac{1}{2}\$ key to move the ST.OUT2 MODE screen.
6	#ST. OUT2 MODE NORMAL CLOSE	# セッテンシュツリョク2 ノーマル CLOSE	Touch the \Rightarrow key to set contact output 2 in the same way.

Damping time constant

The damping time constant removes minute fluctuations when transmitting the measured flow rate to the control equipment. Check the amplitude of fluctuation in flow output and set the damping time constant to an appropriate value. The new value becomes effective as soon as it is entered

Default setting

3.0 second.

Setting range

0.1 to 199.9 seconds.

(0.0 to 199.9 seconds for "Fast Response Option for Short Run Batch Process.")

-	Sci	reen	
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
7	* MODE ENTER ADVANCED	* モードヲイドウシマスカ? アドバンスト モード	Enter the ADVANCED mode. (See page 4-23).
8	## DAMPING 003.0s	温が ※ ※ ※ ※ ※ ※ ※ ※ ※ ※	Use the Touch ☆ or ▽ key to cycle through the screens until the damping screen appears.
9	* DAMPING 003.0s	& ダンピング 00 <u>3</u> .0S	Touch the \(\shi \) key until the cursor is at the value to be changed. (in the example, the key is touched three times.)
10	## ## DAMPING 01 <u>0</u> .0s	スタンピング 01 <u>0</u> .0S	Use ☆ or ▽ key to change the numeric value. Touch and holding either key quickly increments or decrements the values.
11	Market Market 1	「「「」 % <u>&</u> ダンピング 010.0S	Touch the \$\ \to \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \

Manual zeroing

When piping vibration exists, process fluid slightly moves and display shows some values even though the fluid stands still. This function is used to adjust zero manually when the above phenomena occurs.

Important

Make sure to use the Manual zeroing function after using Auto zero function properly. Manual zero is effective when the flow rate range is set as 0.2m/s or less.

When using the manual zeroing function, set damping time as 10 seconds or longer.

How to set

Verify the process fluid stands still. If the display shows some value, use the \triangle or ∇ key to adjust to 0%.

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	MANUAL ZERO READY	温 マニュアルゼロ READY	Enter ADVANCED mode. (See page 4-23). Use the Touch or the key to cycle through the screens until the Manual Zero screen appears. Touch the the key to move the
2	& MANUAL ZERO DOWN	ルル % & マニュアルゼロ <u>D</u>OWN	cursor to READY. Use the or
3	MANUAL ZERO READY	温 マニュアルゼロ READY	Touch the \hookrightarrow key to move the cursor to the "&".
4			Touch the MODE key to save data.

Setting moving average

This function is used to carry out the moving average processing of the measured flow rate values. In this mode, the MGG10C/14C performs the flow rate calculation every 200 ms. For example, if the moving average process time is set to 2 seconds, the moving average processing will be carried out 2 sec./200 ms=10 times.

If pulsation are generated, this function can be used to suppress the flow rate fluctuations. Set the averaging time as the time of the pulsation period.

Default setting

OFF

Setting range

OFF or 1.0 s to 30.0 s

The moving average processing can be given by the following formula:

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} Qk$$

$$Qcurrent = \frac{n-1}{k}.$$

	Sci	reen	
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	& AVERAGING OFF	温 イドウヘイキン OFF	Enter ADVANCED MODE. (See page 4-23). Use the or key to cycle through the screens until AVERAGING screen appears.
2	& AVERAGING OFF	& イドウヘイキン OFF	Touch the key to move the cursor to OFF.
3	### ### ##############################	「「「」 % <u>人</u> 」」」 % <u>&</u> イドウヘイキン ON 0. <u>1</u> 0s	Touch the
4	& AVERAGING ON 01.0s	3.10 %8. イドウヘイキンON 0.10s	Touch the ⇔ key to move the cursor to back to the "&".

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
5			Touch the MODE key to return to the MEASURING MODE and save the data.

Auto spike cut function

This function eliminates steep noise spikes (spike noise) in the flow rate. Noise generated when solids hit the electrode is an example of the spike noise.

When the flow rate changes sharply, this function holds the outputs according to the damping time. Generally the spike noise occurs in a few milliseconds and settles down within the output holding time and the outputs are not affected. For ordinary flow rate changes, the output responds after the damping hold time.

It is not recommended to use this function for applications requiring high response and performance, e.g., the function should not be used when a pump frequently generates pulsation.

Default setting

OFF

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	AUTO SPIKE CUT OFF	ニートスパイクカット OFF	Enter the ADVANCED Mode. (See page 4-23). Use the ☆ or
2	AUTO SPIKE CUT QFF	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### #### ####	Touch the \Leftrightarrow key to move the cursor to the OFF.
3	AUTO SPIKE CUT	み オートスパイクカット <u>A</u>UTO	Touch the \(\frac{1}{2} \) key to switch the OFF screen to the AUTO screen.
4	AUTO SPIKE CUT AUTO	& オートスパイクカット AUTO	Touch the ⇔ key to move the cursor to back to "&".
5			Touch the MODE key to return to the MEASURING MODE and save the data.

Manual spike cut function

This function eliminates steep noise spikes (spike noise) in the flow rate. The manual spike cut function enables to set parameters, spike cut level and spike cut time to best meet the customers application.

Default setting

Spike cut time 0

Spike cut level 1.0

Setting range

Spike cut time: 00.0 to 99.9s Spike cut level: 1.0 to 99.9%

	Sci	reen	
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	SPIKE CUT TIME 00.0 SEC SPIKE CUT LEVEL 00.0 %	 ■ スパイクカット ジカン 00.0 SEC ■ スパイクカット レベル 00.0 % 	Enter the ADVANCED Mode. (See page 4-23).Use the ☆ or
2	* SPIKE CUT TIME 01.0 SEC SPIKE CUT * SPIKE CUT LEVEL 10.0 %	*************************************	Touch the ⇔ key to move the cursor to the value to be changed. Touch the ⇔ or ⋄ key to set a desired value.
3			Touch the MODE key to return to the MEASURING MODE and save the data.

Coefficient of compensation

This function changes the Coefficient, which multiplies the output flow rate in the main display.

	Scr	reen	
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	& COEFFICIENT 1.0000	<u>&</u> ホセイケイスウ 1.0000	Enter ADVANCED MODE (see page 4-23). Use the or key to cycle through the screens until the COEFFICIENT screen appears.
2	* COEFFICIENT 1.00 <u>0</u> 0	& ホセイケイスウ 1.00 <u>0</u> 0	Touch the \(\) key until the cursor is at the value to be changed. Default setting: 1.0000 Setting Range: 0.1000 to 9.9999
3	& COEFFICIENT 1.00 <u>5</u> 0	& ホセイケイスウ 1.00 <u>5</u> 0	Touch the ♥ or ♠ key to change the value.
4	& COEFFICIENT 1.0050	<u>&</u> ホセイケイスウ 1.0050	Touch the ⇔ key until the cursor is back at the mode indicator.
5			Touch the MODE key and hold for three seconds to return to MEASUREMENT MODE to save the new value. CAUTION You must return to MEASURING MODE within two minutes to save this new value before the system resets it to the previously saved value.

Setting the drop-out

A drop out is set to prevent incorrect integration of the flow rate. Pulse counting will pause when the flow rate is at the preset percentage of the set range.

Default setting

2%

Setting range

0 - 10%

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	☐ ☐ % ≜ DROP OUT 02 %	リニー % <u>&</u> パルスドロップアウト 02 %	Enter ADVANCED MODE (see page 4-23). Use the to or key to cycle through the screens until the DROPOUT screen appears.
2	& DROP OUT 02 %	リニュニ % & パルスドロップアウト 02 %	Touch the ⇔ key.
3	& DROP OUT 05 %	*************************************	Use the ♥ and ♠ keys to change the numbers.
4	& DROP OUT 05 %		Touch the ⇔ key to move the cursor to the "&".
5			Touch the MODE key return to the MEASURING MODE and save the data.

Setting the low flow cut

This function is used to set the low flow cutoff value.

When the flow rate reaches set value, the analog output is cutoff and the display is latched to zero to avoid errors due to flow pulsation in range value closed to zero.

Default setting

OFF

Setting range

OFF or ON 0% - ON 10%

	Scr	een	
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	LOW-FLOW CUT	リニ, 二 % & ローフローカット OFF	Open the low flow cut setup screen by following the steps to enter the advanced mode.
2	& LOW-FLOW CUT	### ### #############################	Touch the □ key to move the cursor to OFF.
3	& LOW-FLOW CUT ON 00%	О N 2 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	By touching the & key, the "OFF" message will change to "ON". Now you can enter the low flow cut in a numerical value.
4	& LOW-FLOW CUT ON 00%	1	Touch the ⇔ key, and the cursor will moves to the numerical figures.
5	& LOW-FLOW CUT ON 05%	1	Use the ♥ and ♠ keys to select the desired numbers.
6	LOW-FLOW CUT ON 05%		Touch the □ key to move t.he cursor to the "&".
7			Touch the MODE key return to the MEASURING MODE and save the data.

Setting decimal place

This function is used to set the decimal place. The decimal place is related to the flow rate range.

Default setting

Same as the setting flow rate range or DECIMAL PLACE:2

Setting range

DECIMAL PLACE (Single range): 0 to 4

DECIMAL PLACE (Dual or Normal/Reverse range): 0 to 4

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	B DECIMAL PLACE	温 ショウスウテンイチ 0	Enter ADVANCED MODE (see page 4-23). Use the or key to cycle through the screens until DECIMAL PLACE appears.
2	& DECIMAL PLACE	*************************************	Touch the ⇔ key to move the cursor to the number. Use the ❖ or ❖ key to set the desired number.
3	Market Ma	温 ショウスウテンイチ 1	Touch the □ key to move the cursor to back to "&".
4			Touch the MODE key to return to the MEASURING MODE and save the data.

Change the excitation frequency

This function is used to change the excitation frequency.

Important

The excitation frequency is determined by the power supply frequency. Selectable frequencies are 1/8, 1/4 and 1/2 of power supply frequency. Lower frequency has better zero stability and higher frequency is suitable for slurry applications. "Default: 1/4 of power supply frequency".

	Scre	een	
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	EX FREQUENCY 12.5 Hz	温 レンジシュウハスウ 12.5 Hz	Enter ADVANCED MODE (see page 4-23). Use the to or key to cycle through the screens until the EX FREQUENCY screen appears.
2	* EX FREQUENCY 12.5 Hz	ルイジシュウハスウ 12.5 Hz	Touch the □ key to move the cursor to the frequency value.
3	## EX FREQUENCY 25 Hz	*************************************	Use the ♥ or ♠ key to set a desired frequency.
4	EX FREQUENCY 25 Hz	& レイジシュウハスウ 25 Hz	Touch the ⇔ key to move the cursor to back to "&".
5			Touch the MODE key to return to the MEASURING MODE and save the data.

- **Note** The device is calibrated with the excitation frequency which is 1/4 of power supply frequency. Other excitation frequency may affect accuracy.
- **Note** In the areas with 60Hz power supply, excitation frequency selections are 7.5Hz, 15Hz, 30Hz.
- ~ Note In some slurry applications, excess output noise may be present. Switching to a higher excitation frequency may reduce this output noise providing a more stable signal. It should be noted that changing to a higher frequency may introduce measurement error of a few percent. Please contact Azbil Corporation for assistance before utilizing this feature.

Setting the analog output limit

This function is used to activate analog output limit. The analog output limit is determined by the values set by the HI/LO alarm function.

Default setting

OFF

When this function is set as ON, the analog output is output between values set as HI/LO alarm function.

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	ITITI % I_I,I_I % ≗ I. OUT LIMITER OFF	プロフ % 上に上 % & 4 - 20 セイゲン OFF	Enter ADVANCED MODE (see page 4-23). Use the
2	& I. OUT LIMITER OFF	& 4-20 セイゲン OFF	Touch the $ Arr$ key to move the cursor to the OFF.
3	& I. OUT LIMITER ON	& 4-20 セイゲン QN	Use the ♥ or ♠ key to switch the OFF to ON.
4	& I. OUT LIMITER	登 4-20 セイゲン ON	Touch the ⇔ key to move the cursor to back to "&".
5			Touch the MODE key to return to the MEASURING MODE and save the data.

Change the flow direction

This function is used when the detector is installed in opposite direction to the flow direction.

Default setting

FORWARD (the direction mark on the detector matches the direction of flow.)

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	# FLOW DIRECTION FORWARD	ドロア 8 上ガレホウコウ FORWARD	Enter ADVANCED MODE (see page 4-23). Use the ☆ or ♡ key to cycle through the screens until the FLOW DIRECTION screen appears.
2	FORWARD **	ドログラング & ナガレホウコウ <u>F</u> ORWARD	Touch the ⇔ key to move the cursor to FORWARD
3	* FLOW DIRECTION REVERSE	& ナガレホウコウ REVERSE	Touch the ☆ or ▽ key to switch the "FORWARD" to the "REVERSE".
4	E FLOW DIRECTION REVERSE	上に 上に & まガレホウコウ REVERSE	Touch the ⇔ key to move the cursor to back to "&".
5			Touch the MODE key to return to the MEASURING MODE and save the data.

Error history check/clear

The latest eight errors can be checked.

Error display

If there is no error, [1 NO ERROR] is displayed.

-	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	ERROR HISTORY 1 NO ERROR	エラーリレキ 1 NO ERROR	Enter ADVANCED MODE (see page 4-23). Use the ☆ or ▽ key to cycle through the screens until "ERROR HISTORY" screen appears.
2	& ERROR HISTORY 1 EX CHK ERR	ドロイン * **********************************	If the screen displays other than "NO ERRORS", touch the ⇔ key to move the cursor at the number.
3	& ERROR HISTORY 2 AUTO ZERO	ドロイン 2 AUTO ZERO	Use the ☆ or ▽ key to change the number and check the error history.
4	LILL % & CLEAR ERR HST READY	*************************************	Touch the ⇔ key to move the cursor to back to "&". Touch the ⇔ key once and display the "CLEAR ERR HST" screen.
5	& CLEAR ERR HST	*************************************	Touch the ⇔ key to move the cursor to "READY". Touch the ⇔ key to clear the error history.
6	& CLEAR ERR HST READY	*************************************	Touch the ⇔ key to move the cursor to back to "&".
7			Touch the MODE key to return to the MEASURING MODE and save the data.

MEMO

Chapter 5: Maintenance and Troubleshooting

This chapter contains the maintenance and inspection procedures for the flowmeter and troubleshooting.

Output signal loop check:

- Analog output
- Pulse output
- Excitation current

Simulated signal input by the calibrator

Regarding the operations through SFC communicator, refer to the users manual CM2-MGG000-2001.

Function check

Input and output signal loop check

The analog output can be checked by using the electromagnetic flowmeter as a constant-current generator.

By using this function, loop check and wiring check can be done.

Other instruments in the loop, such as recorders and controllers can be checked.

Check items

- Analog output
- Pulse output
- Contact input/output
- Excitation current

Analog output check

The analog output can be checked by using the electromagnetic flowmeter as a constant-current generator.

Default setting

Existing analog output

Setting range

000.0 to 115.0%

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1		% ≥ シュツリョクチェック 4 - 20 000.0 %	Enter MAINTENANCE MODE (see page 4-24).Use the ☆ or √ key to cycle through screen until "OUTPUT CHECK" screen appears. Touch the ➪ key once to move the cursor to "OFF". Touch the ☆ key to switch the OFF screen to ON screen.
2	> OUTPUT CHECK I. OUT 000.0 %	> シュツリョクチェック 4-20 <u>0</u> 00.0 %	Touch the □ key to move the cursor at the percent value to be checked.
3	> OUTPUT CHECK I. OUT 100.0 %	> シュツリョクチェック 4-20 <u>1</u> 00.0 %	Use the ☆ or ∜key to set the desired value. In this example, the analog output is set as 100%, i.e. 20mA.
4			Touch the ⇔ key to move the cursor to ">".
5			Use the ☆ or ∜ key to move other screen. Then the analog output is back to the value according to the measured flow rate.

Note If no operation is done for ten minutes, the output check mode automatically finishes and return to the Measuring mode.

Pulse output check

The pulse output can be checked by using the electromagnetic flowmeter as a pulse generator.

Default setting

Existing measured value

Setting range

000.0 to 115.0%

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	P. OUT 000.0 %	リニ, 二 % ≥ シュツリョクチェック パルス 100.0 %	Enter MAINTENANCE MODE (see page 4-24).Use the ☆ or √ key to cycle through screen until "OUTPUT CHECK I.OUT" screen appears. Touch the ⇨ key once to move the cursor to "OFF". Touch the ☆ key to switch the OFF screen to ON screen. Touch the ☆ key once to move to "OUTPUT P. OUT" screen.
2	> OUTPUT CHECK P. OUT _000.0 %	> シュツリョクチェック パルス <u>Q</u> 00.0 %	Touch the \Rightarrow key to move the cursor at the percent value to be checked.
3	> OUTPUT CHECK P. OUT _100.0 %	> シュツリョクチェック パルス <u>1</u> 00.0 %	Use the ☆ or ∜ key to set the desired value. In this example, the pulse equivalent to the 100% flow rate is output.
4	≥ OUTPUT CHECK P. OUT 100.0 %	* シュツリョクチェック パルス 100.0 %	Touch the ⇔ key to move the cursor to ">".
5			Use the ☆ or ▽ key to move other screen. Then the pulse output is back to the value according to the measured flow rate.

Note If no operation is done for ten minutes, the output check mode finishes automatically and return to the Measuring mode.

Contact input/output loop check

By switching contact input terminal ON/OFF, contact input terminal status can be checked through the LCD.

By switching contact output terminal ON/OFF, contact output loop can be checked.

Display varies according to the selection of contact input and output.

Default setting

Display the existing status

Setting range

"CLOSE", "OPEN"

<Contact input and contact output>

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	ST. IN OPEN ST. OUT CLOSE	1	Enter MAINTENANCE MODE (see page 4-24).Use the ☆ or √ key to cycle through screen until "OUTPUT CHECK" screen appears. Touch the ⇔ key once to move the cursor to "OFF". Touch the ☆ key to switch the OFF screen to ON screen. Touch the ☆ key twice to move to "OUTPUT CHECK ST. IN/OUT" screen.
2	> ST. IN OPEN ST. OUT CLOSE	> シュツリョクチェック 4 - 20 <u>0</u> 00.0 %	Touch the $ Arr key to move the cursor at the status (OPEN/CLOSE).$
3	> ST. IN CLOSE ST. OUT OPEN	> シュツリョクチェック 4 - 20 <u>1</u> 00.0 %	Use the \$\frac{1}{2}\$ key to select the desired output status (OPEN/CLOSE).
4	> ST. IN CLOSE ST. OUT OPEN	> シュツリョクチェック 4 - 20 <u>1</u> 00.0 %	For the contact input, the display indicates current contact input status (OPEN/CLOSE).

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
5	ST. IN CLOSE ST. OUT OPEN	↓	Touch the ⇔ key to move the cursor to ">".
6			Use the ☆ or ∜key to move other screen. Then the contact input and output are back to the current status (OPEN/CLOSE).

<2-contact inputs>

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	ST. IN1 CLOSE ST. IN2 CLOSE	% % ≥セッテンイン 1 CLOSE セッテンイン 2 CLOSE	Enter MAINTENANCE MODE (see page 4-24).Use the ☆ or √ key to cycle through screen until "OUTPUT CHECK" screen appears. Touch the ⇔ key once to move the cursor to "OFF". Touch the ☆ key to switch the OFF screen to ON screen. Touch the ☆ key twice to move to the "OUTPUT CHECK ST. IN" screen.
2	ST. IN1 CLOSE ST. IN2 OPEN	プログランイン1 CLOSE セッテンイン 2 OPEN	The display indicates the current contact input status (OPEN/CLOSE).

<2-contact outputs>

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
1	ST. OUT1 CLOSE ST. OUT2 CLOSE		Enter MAINTENANCE MODE (see page 4-24).Use the ☆ or √ key to cycle through screen until "OUTPUT CHECK" screen appears. Touch the ⇨ key once to move the cursor to "OFF". Touch the ☆ key to switch the OFF screen to ON screen. Touch the ☆ key twice to move to the "OUTPUT CHECK ST. OUT" screen.
2	> ST. OUT1 OPEN ST. OUT2 CLOSE	* >セッテンアウト1 CLOSE セッテンアウト2 CLOSE	Touch the \Rightarrow key to move the cursor at the status (OPEN/CLOSE).
3	> ST. OUT1 OPEN ST. OUT2 OPEN	*************************************	Use the \Leftrightarrow key to move the cursor at the status (OPEN/CLOSE).
4	ST. OUT1 OPEN ST. OUT2 OPEN	* ≥セッテンアウト1 OPEN セッテンアウト2 OPEN	Touch the □ key to move the cursor to ">".
5			Use the ☆ or ∜ key to move the other screen. Then the contact input and output are back to the current status (OPEN/CLOSE).

Excitation current check

This function is used to check the excitation current.

	Screen		
Step	(English)	(Japanese)	Procedure
	12,3 %	12,2 %	Enter MAINTENANCE MODE (see page 4-24). Use the ☆ or ∜ key to cycle through screen until "OUTPUT CHECK" screen appears. Touch the ⇔ key once to move the cursor to "OFF".
1	≥ EX CHECK EXX 160.0	≥ レイジチェック EXX 160.0	Touch the ☆ key to switch the ON screen.
			Touch the ☆ key three times to move the "EX CHECK" screen. In this status, the excitation current runs from X to Y. Verify the excitation current is 160mA.
2	> EX CHECK EXX 160.0	> レイジチェック EXX 160.0	Touch the ⇔ key once to move the cursor at the "E" of "EXX".
3	> EX CHECK EXY 160.0	> レイジチェック EXY 160.0	Touch the ☆ key once, then the excitation current runs from Y to X.
4	> EX CHECK OFF 160.0	> レイジチェック OFF 160.0	Touch the ☆ key once, then the excitation current stops.
5		リー・* ≥ レイジチェック OFF 160.0	Touch the ⇔ key once to move the cursor to ">".
6			Use the ☆ or ∜key to move to the other screen. Then the excitation current is added to the coil to measure the flow rate.

Simulated signal by the calibrator

The model MGZ14 calibrator is available for this converter. The calibrator inputs the simulated signal to the converter. By using the calibrator, the converter function can be checked.

Preparation

Calibrator and cables

Digital voltmeter

Resister (250 Ω)

By following the users manual of the calibrator CM2-MGZ100-2001, check the converter.

Troubleshooting

Overview

Introduction

If a problem occurs at Electromagnetic Flowmeter start-up and operation, the following four causes should be considered:

- Misapplication of the electromagnetic flowmeter
- Wrong setting or wrong operation
- Electromagnetic Flowmeter malfunction
- Improper wiring

If a problem occurs during operation, the device's self-diagnostic function will classify it as critical or non-critical. It will indicate this and respond accordingly.

Perform the proper correction measures, referring to the troubleshooting guidelines described in this section.

Critical failures

Critical problems may disrupt Electromagnetic Flowmeter operation, if not corrected, ultimately damage the Flowmeter. When critical trouble occurs during Electromagnetic Flowmeter operation, an error message will appear on the converter's display panel and the Flowmeter will continue to output the preset value in the abnormality treatment (fail-safe) direction. The error message and the self-diagnostic results will be visible on the display panel.

Example:

CPU CHECK ERROR: This massage appears if the ROM or RAM is in abnormal condition.

Non-critical failures

Non-critical problems will not seriously affect Electromagnetic Flowmeter operation. When an error occurs during Electromagnetic Flowmeter operation and is regarded as a non-critical problem by the converter self-diagnostics, the output will not burn-out and the Electromagnetic Flowmeter will continue to output the measured value.

Errors at startup

When a problem occurs at start-up, perform the procedures listed in the following table. If the problem persists, the flowmeter may be damaged and you should contact technical support. (For technical support, contact an Azbil Corp. sales representative in your area.)

Table 5-1 Startup Errors

Symptom	Check Points and Treatment
No display after power on.	 Check the converter power supply specification and ensure that the power supply being supplied meets these requirements. Make sure the ambient temperature is not below -25 °C (13 °F).
No output after power-on.	• Verify that the signal line is correctly connected.
Communication can not be done.	 Check the switch position.Refer to the Figure 2-15. Check if the wiring is properly completed. Check if the SFC is properly connected. Check if the S/W version of the SFC is Ver.7.0 or later. Check if the HART communicator is 375. Check if the DD file is downloaded.
No pulse output.	 Check the wiring of the pulse output loop. Check the receiving device specifications. (pulse width, frequency, voltage drop). Check if the pulse output is open collector type or Drive counter.
Output remains 0mA.	 Verify that power source and power supply voltage. Verify the wiring. Refer to the Figure 2-15.

Operation errors

When a problem occurs during operation:

Check against the table on this page for symptoms of the error. If found, perform the steps indicated in the table. If the problem persists, the flowmeter may be damaged and you should contact technical support. (For technical support, contact an Azbil Corp. sales representative in your area.)

Table 5-2 Operation Errors

Symptom	Check Points and Treatment
Output fluctuates excessively beyond the estimated flow rate range.	 Verify that the detector is properly grounded. Verify that the converter is properly grounded. Verify that the damping time constant is set correctly. If not, set the an appropriate damping time constant. Clean the electrodes.
Flow rate exceeds the flow range	 Check the flow range setting and make sure it is set to match the detector and process flow. If not, set an appropriate RANGE. Check that the flowmeter has been zeroed. If not, calibrate the flowmeter.
Output exceeds 100%.	 Verify that the set range is set correctly. Verify that the span is set correctly. Verify that the zero point is correctly adjusted. Verify that the converter is correctly calibrated.
Output remains 0%.	 The pipe may be empty. Use the empty detection function to check whether or not the pipe is empty. (If it is empty, the empty detection function will be functioning.) Verify that the signal cable is correctly connected. Verify that the valves are open on the upper and lower sides. Verify that the span is set correctly. Verify that the converter is set to the constant current mode. Verify that the flow rate is not in the low flow cutoff range.
Output is in the fail-safe mode.	Check the error code.
Pulse output is too large or too small.	 Verify if the pulse weight and width are set correctly. Verify the converter is correctly calibrated. Verify the pulse counter is proper. Verify the dropout value is correctly set between 0 and 10%.

Error messages

Error messages are grouped by the severity of the problem. There are messages for non-critical problems and for critical problems.

Error codes for critical problems

Critical problems can disrupt flowmeter operation and ultimately damage the flowmeter if not corrected. When critical trouble occurs during operation, an error message appears on the converter's display panel and the flowmeter continues to output the preset value in the fail-safe direction. The error message and the self-diagnostic results are visible on the display panel.

The following table shows the possible error codes for critical problems and what to do. If the problem persists after trying these solutions, contact technical support. (For technical support, contact an Azbil Corp. sales representative in your area.)

Table 5-3 Critical Errors

Error Screen	Error	Solution
Error	EX check Error (Excitation circuit is open.)	 Check connection of terminal/wiring of X and Y. Check if the resistance of coil is less than 50 Ω. (Coil resistance is to be checked between X and Y terminal of a detector.) Cycle power.
EII ROM CHECK ERROR	ROM check error	 Cycle power. Replace the ROM. Replace main card.
E	RAM read after write error	Cycle power. Replace main card.
NUM CHECK ERROR	NVM read after write error	Cycle power. Replace main card.
EIS ADC CHECK ERROR	ADC error A/D change error	Cycle power. Replace main card.

Error codes for non-critical problems

Non-critical problems do not seriously disrupt flowmeter operation. When an error occurs during operation and is regarded by the system as a non-critical problem, the flowmeter continues to output the flow rate.

The following table shows the possible error codes for non-critical problems and what to do. If the problem persists after trying these solutions, contact technical support. (For technical support, contact an Azbil Corp. sales representative in your area.)

Table 5-4 Non-critical

Error Screen	Error	Solution
E,-, TYPE-DIA MATCHING ERROR	Detector type and diameter do not match.	Check the setting for the detector diameter and enter the correct diameter.
SETTING ERROR HI <lo< th=""><th>High/low limit alarm error. HI < LO</th><th>• Set HI > LO.</th></lo<>	High/low limit alarm error. HI < LO	• Set HI > LO.
SPAN ERROR OVER 12m/s	The span setting is greater than 12 m/s.	 Check the SPAN setting. Check the DIA setting. Check the TYPE setting Check the DUMMY setting.
FFFFF PULSE WEIGHT SETTING ERROR	The pulse frequency is either too high or too low.	 Check the pulse weight setting. Check the pulse frequency setting. Check the engineering unit match span unit.
PULSE WIDTH OVER DUTY 70%	Pulse width too large. Duty 70% or more at pulse frequency output.	• Check 1. Pulse width 2. Pulse weight and 3. Span setting

Table 5-4 Non-critical

Error Screen	Error	Solution
HYSTERESIS SETTING ERROR	Hysteresis exceeding 100% of range in normal/ reverse automatic range	Check hysteresis setting.

Safety precautions

Introduction

Correct operation is necessary for the safe and efficient use of the SFC and MagneW3000 FLEX Carefully read the safety precautions described in this user's manual and have a thorough understanding of it before operating the product.

Operating precautions

For safe use of the instrument, this manual uses the following symbols:

⚠ WARNING

Denotes a potentially hazardous situation, which is not avoided could result in death or serious injury.

⚠ CAUTION

Denotes a potentially hazardous situation which if not avoided could result in minor injury or damage to device.

Examples of symbol



The symbol indicates a specific action that is prohibited to prevent danger. The prohibited action (prohibition of dismantling in the case of the figure at left) is indicated by a symbol or next to the symbol.



The symbol indicates a specific action that is mandatory to prevent danger. The mandatory action (the plug should be removed from the socket in the case of the figure at left) is indicated by a symbol.

△ CAUTION

Set the loop of the electromagnetic flow meter whose setting is to be changed to "manual" before starting communication with the SFC. Its output may change due to a communication signal, affecting the operation or control of the plant.

⚠ CAUTION

Do not throw the battery for the SFC into fire. This may result in explosion. Be sure to remove the AC adapter for the SFC from the socket if it is not used. The AC adapter may be over heat.

Structure and functions of SFC

This section presents the structure and functions of the Smart Field Communicator SFC.

- Describes the key types, brief functions of keys, which are color-coded, and general rules of key operations of the SFC.
- Describes names and functions of the SFC keys.
- **Note** For the method of connection between the SFC and MagneW3000 Flowmeter, see the user's manual of the MagneW3000 Flowmeter.

Document Number: CM2-MGG310-2001

Document Name: MagneW3000 FLEX⁺/PLUS⁺

Smart Electromagnetic Flowmeter Converter

Model MGG10C-M, MGG10C-P/R,

MGG10C-S/T,MGG14C-S/T

Date: June 2012 (rev.5), July 2007 (initial)

Issued/Edited by: Azbil Corporation

