# DC2-Wire Gylindrical Long-Distance No-Polarity Proximity Switches 

## FL7M Series $\quad$ Rigid structure reduces damage from collision with workpiece.



■ Long sensing distance
(M12: 4 mm , M18: 8 mm , M30: 15 mm )
■DC 2-wire switch with no polarity reduces wiring costs and wiring errors
Stable sensing area is shown by the setting indicator
Rigid housing allows higher mounting torque
■ Firefly glow indicator can be seen from any direction

Lowest current consumption in the industry: 0.55 mA

Sealed to IP67G

- ORDER GUIDE
- Preleaded types



## - Preleaded connector types



- Quick Lock connecter type

| Exterior |  | Sensing distance |  | Operation mode | Setting indicator | Oil resistant, flexible cable | Connector |  | Catalog listing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Appearance | Size(O.D.) |  |  | + |  |  | - |  |
| (cable length 30 cm ) | M12 | 4 mm |  |  | N.O. | - | - | 3 | 4 | FL7M-4W6-SN03 |
|  |  |  |  | N.C. |  | - | 1 | 2 | FL7M-4Y6-SN03 |
|  | M18 | 8 mm |  | N.O. | - | $\bigcirc$ | 3 | 4 | FL7M-8W6-SN03 |
|  |  | 8 m |  | N.C. |  | - | 1 | 2 | FL7M-8Y6-SN03 |
|  | M30 |  | $\begin{gathered} 15 \\ \mathrm{~mm} \end{gathered}$ | N.O. | - | - | 3 | 4 | FL7M-15W6-SN03 |
|  |  |  |  | N.C. |  | $\bigcirc$ | 1 | 2 | FL7M-15Y6-SN03 |

Compatible with OMRON Smartclick connectors.
Smartclick Smartclick is a registered trademark of OMRON Corporation.

- Accessories (sold separately)

| Name | Appearance | O.D. | Catalog listing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mounting bracket |  | For M12 | FL-PA112 |
|  |  | For M18 | FL-PA118 |
|  |  | For M30 | FL-PA130 |
| Protective cover |  | For M12 | FL-PA12 |
|  |  | For M18 | FL-PA18 |
|  |  | For M30 | FL-PA30 |
| Spatter-guarded protective cover |  | For M8 | FL-PA08W |
|  |  | For M12 | FL-PA12W |
|  |  | For M18 | FL-PA18W |
|  |  | For M30 | FL-PA30W |

## SPECIFICATIONS

-Preleaded and preleaded connector types (-CNO3), Quick Lock types (-SNO3)

| Catalog listing |  |  | FL7M-4 $\square 6$ | FL7M-8 $\square 6$ | FL7M-15 $\square 6$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Actuation method |  |  | High-frequency oscillation (shielded) |  |  |
| Rated sensing distance |  |  | $4 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $8 \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $15 \pm 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Usable sensing distance |  |  | 0 to 2.8 mm | 0 to 5.6 mm | 0 to 10.5 mm |
| Standard target object |  |  | $12 \times 12 \mathrm{~mm}, 1 \mathrm{~mm}$ thick iron | $18 \times 18 \mathrm{~mm}, 1 \mathrm{~mm}$ thick iron | $30 \times 30 \mathrm{~mm}, 1 \mathrm{~mm}$ thick iron |
| Differential travel |  |  | $15 \%$ max. of sensing distance |  |  |
| Rated supply voltage |  |  | 12/24 Vdc |  |  |
| Operating voltage range |  |  | 10 to 30 Vdc |  |  |
| Leakage current |  |  | 0.55 mA max. |  |  |
| Output operational mode |  |  | DC 2-wire, transistor output |  |  |
| Control output |  |  | Switching current 3 to 100 mA , voltage drop 5.0 V max. (with 100 mA switching current, 2 m cable), output dielectric strength 30 Vdc |  |  |
| Operating frequency |  |  | Min. 1,000 Hz | Min. 500 Hz | Min. 300 Hz |
| Temperature drift |  |  | $\pm 10 \%$ of sensing distance max. for the -25 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ range, taking $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ as standard temp. |  |  |
| Supply voltage drift |  |  | $\pm 1 \%$ of sensing distance max. with $15 \%$ voltage fluctuation, taking rated supply voltage as standard voltage |  |  |
| Indicator lamps |  |  | N.O. type: Operation indication: lights up (orange or green) when output ON <br> Setting indication: lights up (green) in stable sensing area <br> N.C. type: Operation indication: orange light goes out in sensing area |  |  |
| Operating temperature |  |  | -25 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| Insulation resistance |  |  | $50 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (by 500 Vdc ) |  |  |
| Dielectric strength |  |  | 1,000 Vac, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 minute |  |  |
| Vibration resistance |  |  | 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ peak-to-peak amplitude, 2 hrs each in $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$ and Z directions |  |  |
| Shock resistance |  |  | $980 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 10$ times each in $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$ and Z directions |  |  |
| Protective structure |  |  | IP67 (IEC standard), IP67G (JEM standard) |  |  |
| Weight (preleaded type) |  |  | Approx. 60 g | Approx. 130 g | Approx. 230 g |
| Circuit protection |  |  | Surge absorption, load short-circuit protection, reverse connection protection circuit |  |  |
| Wiring method |  |  | Preleaded (2 m cable), Preleaded connector ( 30 cm cable), Quick Lock connector ( 30 cm cable) |  |  |
| Material | Switch | Case | Ni-plated brass |  |  |
|  |  | Sensing face | PBT |  |  |
|  |  | Bushing | Nylon |  |  |
|  |  | Cable protector | Elastomer |  |  |
|  | Connector | Housing | Polyester elastomer |  |  |
|  |  | Holder | Glass-lined polyester resin |  |  |
|  |  | Contacts | Gold-plated brass |  |  |

## USING THE SETTING INDICATOR

The proximity switch can be set up to detect objects reliably by bringing the switch progressively closer to the target object and installing the switch at the point where the indicator lamp (N.O. indication) changes from orange to green


SENSING AREA (typical)


When the target object is made of a different material (such as aluminum, copper or stainless steel) from the standard target object (iron), the distance at which the indicator lamp changes color is shorter than the $80 \%$ maximum.

SENSING DISTANCE ACCORDING TO MATERIAL AND SIZE OF OBJECT (typical)

FL7M-4 $\square 6$


VOLTAGE DROP (typical)


FL7M-8 $\square 6$


FL7M-15 $\square 6$


LEAKAGE CURRENT (typical)


## EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS

*Long sensing distance no-polarity switches have projecting resin as shown below.


| Catalog listing | Dimension A (mm) |
| :---: | :---: |
| FL7M-4 $\square 6$ | 0.6 |
| FL7M-8 $\square 6$ | 0.6 |
| FL7M-15 $\square 6$ | 1.0 |



On the FL7M-4■6 has a 0.6 mm projection of resin on the sensing face.
Vinyl-insulated cable (oil-resistant: $0.3 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 27/0.12 dia., 2 -core), dia. 4.1 mm . Cap color: blue

FL7M-8 $\square 6$

*The FL7M-8 $\square 6$ has a 0.6 mm projection of resin on the sensing face. Vinyl-insulated cable (oil-resistant: $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 20/0.18 dia., 2 -core), dia. 5.7 mm . Cap color: blue.

## FL7M-15 $\square 6$


*The FL7M-15 $\square 6$ has a 1.0 mm projection of resin on the sensing face.
Vinyl-insulated cable (oil-resistant: $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 20 / 0.18$ dia., 2-core), dia. 5.7 mm .
Cap color: blue

## Preleaded connector type

## FL7M-4 $\square$ 6-CN03


*The FL7M-4 $\square 6$ has a 0.6 mm projection of resin on the sensing face.
Vinyl-insulated cable (vibration-resistant, oil-resistant: $0.3 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 3 / 20 / 0.08$ dia., 2 -core), dia. 4.1 mm . Cap color: blue.

## FL7M-8 $\square \square \square$-CN03


*The FL7M-8 $\square 6$ has a 0.6 mm projection of resin on the sensing face. Vinyl-insulated cable (vibration-resistant, oil-resistant: $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 7 / 15 / 0.08$ dia., 2-core), dia. 5.7 mm . Cap color: blue.

## FL7M-15 $\square \square-C N 03$


${ }^{*}$ The FL7M-15 $\square 6$ has a 1.0 mm projection of resin on the sensing face.
Vinyl-insulated cable (vibration-resistant, oil-resistant: $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 7 / 15 / 0.08$ dia., 2-core), dia. 5.7 mm . Cap color: blue.
cra. -.r mm. Cap color: blue.

Quick Lock connector type

FL7M-4 $\square 6$-SN03

*The FL7M-4 $\square 6$ has a 0.6 mm projection of resin on the sensing face.
Vinyl-insulated cable (oil-resistant, vibration-resistant:
$0.3 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 3 / 20 / 0.08$ dia., 2 -core), dia. 4.1 mm .
Cap color: gray.
FL7M-15 $\square \square$-SN03


## FL7M-8 $\square \square-$ SN03


*The FL7M-8 $\square 6$ has a 0.6 mm projection of resin on the sensing face.
Vinyl-insulated cable (oil-resistant, vibration-resistant:
$0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 7 / 15 / 0.08$ dia., 2-core), dia. 5.7 mm .
Cap color: gray.
*The FL7M-15 $\square 6$ has a 1.0 mm projection of resin on the sensing face.
Vinyl-insulated cable (oil-resistant, vibration-resistant:
$0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 7 / 15 / 0.08$ dia., 2-core), dia. 5.7 mm .
Cap color: gray.

## MOUNTING BRACKET (sold separately)

Mounting brackets are made of polyacetal resin.
Two screws and two washers are provided for each bracket.


FL-PA118 and FL-PA130 screw holes are oblong.

| Catalog listing | Screw size |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | Dia. | Neck |
| FL-PA112 | 25 | 12 | 20 | 12dia. | 36 | 6 | 9.5 | M4 | 25 |
| FL-PA118 | $30 / 32$ | 15 | 30 | 18 dia. | 45 | 7.5 | 14.5 | M5 | 35 |
| FL-PA130 | $40 / 45$ | 15 | 50 | 30 dia. | 60 | 10 | 24.5 | M5 | 55 |

Allowable tightening torque of bracket screws

| Catalog listing | Max. torque (N•m) |
| :---: | :---: |
| FL-PA112 | 0.98 |
| FL-PA118 | 1.5 |
| FL-PA130 | 1.5 |

## PROTECTIVE COVER (sold separately)

Protective covers made of polyacetal resin are available for shielded models.
Select a model according to the switch's external dimensions.


| Catalog listing | Dimensions (mm) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | D |
| FL-PA12 | 14dia. | 5 | 0.5 | $\mathrm{M} 12 \times 1$ |
| FL-PA18 | 21dia. | 6 | 0.5 | $\mathrm{M} 18 \times 1$ |
| FL-PA30 | 33dia. | 8 | 1.5 | $\mathrm{M} 30 \times 1.5$ |

## SPATTER-GUARDED PROTECTIVE COVER (sold separately)

Spatter-guarded protective covers made of fluorine resin and designed especially for shielded switches are available.
Select a model according to the switch's external dimensions.


| Catalog listing | Dimensions (mm) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B | C | D |
| FL-PA08W | 10dia. | 5 | 0.5 | $\mathrm{M} 8 \times 1$ |
| FL-PA12W | 15dia. | 5 | 0.7 | $\mathrm{M} 12 \times 1$ |
| FL-PA18W | 22dia. | 6 | 0.7 | $\mathrm{M} 18 \times 1$ |
| FL-PA30W | 34dia. | 8 | 1.5 | $\mathrm{M} 30 \times 1.5$ |

Preleaded type

(Preleaded connector / Quick lock connector) type (N.O.: CN03, SNO3 type)

(Preleaded connector / Quick lock connector) type (N.C.: CNO3, SNO3 type)


Preleaded connector type(N.O. : CNO3B type)

-The load may be connected to either pole.

- A load must be used when power is supplied to the switch. Although there is short-circuit protection, a combination of a short circuit and wrong wiring can permanently damage the switch.
-The LED operates normally during a load short circuit, so check the wiring if the output is wrong.
- Fasten connectors tightly by hand.


CONNECTOR SPECIFICATIONS ${ }^{*}$

| Item | Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Connector type(polarity type only) / Preleaded connector type | Quick Lock connector type |
| Insulation resistance | Max. $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ (by 500 Vdc megger) | Max. $50 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ (by 500 Vdc megger) |
| Dielectric strength | 1,500 Vac for 1 minute (between contacts, and between contact and connector housing) | 1,000 Vac for 1 minute (between contacts, and between contact and connector housing) |
| Initial contact resistance | Max. $40 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$(with 3 A current to connected male and female connectors. Semiconductor lead-specific resistance not included.) |  |
| Mating/unmating force | 0.4 to 4.0 N per contact |  |
| Mating cycles | Min. 50 |  |
| Connector nut tightening torque | Min. $0.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m} * 2$ |  |
| Cable pullout strength | Min. 100 N |  |
| Vibration resistance | 10 to 55 Hz , 1.5 mm peak-to-peak amplitude, for 2 hours each in $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$ and Z directions |  |
| Impact resistance | $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, 3$ times each in $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$ and Z directions | $980 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, 10$ times each in $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$ and Z directions |
| Protective structure | IP67 |  |
| Ambient operating temperature | -10 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Ambient storage temperature | -20 to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Ambient operating humidity | Max. 95\% RH |  |
| Material | Contacts: Gold-plated brass Contact holder: Glass-lined polyester resin Housing: Polyester elastomer Coupling: Ni-plated brass O-ring: NBR | Contacts: Gold-plated brass Contact holder: Glass-lined polyester resin Housing: Polyester elastomer Coupling: Ni-plated zinc alloy O-ring: Fluorine rubber |

*1: Specifications assume Azbil male/female connectors.
*2: The recommended torque is 0.4 to $0.6 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m}$. If fastened poorly, the IP67 protection is lost, or looseness occurs. Fasten the connector securely by hand.

## - CONNECTOR WITH CABLE

Be sure to use a PA5 Series connector with cable when connecting a preleaded connector or connector-type switch.

- PA5 Series connector with cable

| Shape | Power supply | Cord properties | Cord length | Catalog listing | Lead colors |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DC | Vinyl-insulated cord with high resistance to oil and vibration (UL/NFPA79 CM, CL3) | 2 m | PA5-4I SX2SK | 1: brown, 2: white, 3: blue, 4: black |
|  |  |  | 5 m | PA5-4I SX5SK | 1: brown, 2: white, 3: blue, 4: black |
|  |  |  | 2 m | PA5-4I LX2SK | 1: brown, 2: white, 3: blue, 4: black |
|  |  |  | 5 m | PA5-4I LX5SK | 1: brown, 2: white, 3: blue, 4: black |



Be sure to use a PA7 Series connector with cable when connecting Quick Lock type switch.

- PA7 Series connector with cable

| Shape | Power supply | Cord properties | Cord length | Catalog listing | Lead colors |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DC | Vinyl-insulated cord <br> with high resistance <br> to oil and vibration <br> (UL/NFPA79 CM) | 2 m | PA7-4I SX2SK | 1: brown, 2: white, 3: blue, 4: black |
|  |  |  | PA7-4I SX5SK | 1: brown, 2: white, 3: blue, 4: black |  |



Compatible with OMRON Smartclick connectors.
Smartclick Smartclick is a registered trademark of OMRON Corporation.

## 1. Mounting

The allowable tightening torque varies according to the distance from the sensing face.


| Catalog listing | Length <br> A (mm) | Max. tightening <br> torque (N•m) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ |
| FL7M-4 $\square 6$ | 10 | 20 | 30 |
| FL7M-8 $\square 6$ | 0 | - | 70 |
| FL7M-15 $\square 6$ | 0 | - | 150 |

*The table shows the allowable tightening torque when toothed washers (provided) are used.
*The allowable tightening torque varies depending on the materials and surface conditions of the mounting plates, mounting housings, nuts, washers and other parts used for the switch. Check that the torque is appropriate for the actual combination of parts used before putting the switch into operation.

## 2. Influence of surrounding metal

Metal other than the target object surrounding the switch may influence operating characteristics. Leave space between the switch and surrounding metal as shown below.


Shaded areas indicate surrounding metal other than the target object.
A: Distance from sensing face of proximity switch to mounting surface
B: Distance from surface of iron plate to sensing face of proximity switch.
Dimensions in parentheses apply if a hexagonal nut is attached to the front.
C: Distance from surface of iron plate to center of proximity switch when $A=0$

| Catalog listing | A(mm) | B(mm) | C(mm) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FL7M-4 $\square \mathbf{6}$ | $2.5(5.5)$ | 12 | 9 |
| FL7M-8 $\square \mathbf{6}$ | $3.5(6.5)$ | 24 | 13.5 |
| FL7M-15 $\square \mathbf{6}$ | $6(10)$ | 45 | 22.5 |

## 3. Mutual interference prevention

When mounting proximity switches either parallel to or facing each other, mutual interference may cause the switch to malfunction. Maintain at least the distances indicated in the figures below.


| Catalog listing | A(mm) | B(mm) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| FL7M-4 $\square \mathbf{6}$ | 25 | 25 |
| FL7M-8 $\square 6$ | 40 | 50 |
| FL7M-15 $\square 6$ | 90 | 110 |

## 4. Cautions for series or parallel connection

### 4.1 Series connection (AND switching circuit)

When connecting two or more proximity switches in series, erroneous output ( 1 to 3 ms ) may occur without the rated current being supplied to each of the switches. For this reason, series connection of proximity switches is not recommended. However, if proximity switches must be connected in series, a resistor of $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ must be put in parallel to each of the switches. Note that the maximum leakage current in a series connection will be 3.5 mA . Operation lag also will occur, resulting in increased voltage drop, and the operation indicator lamp will not light.

## Operation lag =

$40 \mathrm{~ms} \times$ (No. of switches in series - 1)
Voltage drop =
Voltage drop of single switch $x$
No. of switches in series


### 4.2 Parallel connection (OR switching circuit)

- If two or more proximity switches are connected in parallel, total leakage current increases according to the following formula, and may result in the load not turning OFF. (Leakage current $=$ Leakage current of single switch $\times$ No. of switches in parallel)
- When two or more switches in parallel turn ON, one (or more) of their operating indicators may not light up. This is normal.



## 5. Relay loads

The voltage drop of these FL7M switches is 5 V . Pay attention to this voltage drop when using a relay load. (With 12 Vdc relays, switching is not possible.)

## 6. Operation upon power ON

After the power is turned ON, it takes at most 40 ms until the proximity switch is ready for sensing. If the load and the proximity switch use different power supplies, be sure to turn the proximity switch ON before turning the load ON.

## 7. Influence of leakage current

A minimal current flows as leakage current for operating the circuits even when the proximity switch is OFF. Keep this in mind when turning off connected loads.

## 8. Minimum cable bend radius (R)

The minimum bend radius ( $R$ ) of the cable is 3 times the cable diameter. Take care not to bend the cable beyond this radius. Also, do not excessively bend the cable within 30 mm of the cable lead-in port on pages $\mathbf{C - 1 0 7}$ to $\mathbf{C - 1 1 3}$ as well as the instruction manual and product specification for this switch.

