azbil

Smart Pressure Transmitter Model: PTG71/72

User's Manual



Azbil Corporation

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Preface

Thank you very much for purchasing Azbil Corporation's PTG Series Smart Pressure Transmitter. Azbil Corporation's PTG Series Smart Pressure Transmitters are high performance, highly reliable general use pressure transmitters. The PTG Series offer improved performance and reliability with size, weight and cost advantages. Information regarding the PTG Series can be accessed using handheld SFC (Smart Field Communicator) at the valve or at a field junction box, or by using operators console.

This instruction manual describes how to use the PTG Series Smart Pressure Transmitter. We hope that you will fully use this manual to make the best use of the features of PTG Series Pressure Transmitter.

For safe operation of this product, please follow the following safety instructions. Azbil Corporation will not assume any liability for damages arising from failure to follow these safety instructions.

~Note

Good installation, correct operation, and post-installation maintenance are essential to safe use of your PTG Series Pressure Transmitter. The safety instructions are contained in this manual. Fully understand these instructions before installing, operating, and maintaining your PTG Smart Pressure Transmitter.

Safety Standard

- The safety instructions presented in this Instruction Manual conform to ANSI (American National Standards Institute) Z535-4.
- In this manual, safety instructions are classified as either Warnings Cautions, and Notes. The standard of classification is as follows:



WARNING

Failure to observe safety instructions in this category may result in personal injury or, even, death. Equivalent to definition "warning" in ANSI regulations.



$oldsymbol{\Lambda}$ caution

Failure to observe safety instructions in this category could result in damage to or breakdown of equipment or facilities. Equivalent to definition "caution" in ANSI regulations.

~Note

Information that can be useful to the user. Equivalent to definition to 'note" in ANSI regulations.

Observe safe working practices

Note the following to ensure safety during installation and operation:

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- Turn off the power switch before any wiring work.
- When opening the cover of the terminal box, pay due attention to the edges of the cover and the threads in the screws in the cabinet. If the PTG Smart Pressure Transmitter is an explosion model, NEVER open the terminal cover while the Transmitter is energized in operation.
- Do not stand on the installed Transmitter or use it as a step to prevent accidents.
- Do not touch the Transmitter unnecessarily while in operation. Surface may be very hot or very cold, depending on the process condition.

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Explosion protected Models

FM Explosionproof / Dust-ignitionproof Apparatus (in accordance with NEC)

⚠ CAUTION

- Install the apparatus only in areas for which the apparatus has been approved.
- Seal each conduit entering the apparatus enclosure within 18 inches (457 mm) from the enclosure.
- Do not open the apparatus enclosure when an explosive atmosphere is present.

1. Class I, Division 1 locations

1.1 Wiring methods

- · Threaded rigid metal conduit, threaded steel intermediate metal conduit, or Type MI cable with termination fittings approved for the location, can be employed
- Threaded joints must be made up with at least five threads fully engaged.

1.2 Sealing

- Each conduit entering the apparatus enclosure is required to be sealed within 18 inches (457 mm) from the enclosure.
- The sealing of each conduit can be provided with a sealing fitting approved for class I
- Sealing compound must be approved and must not have a melting point of less than 93°C (200 °F).
- The minimum thickness of the sealing compound should not be less than the trade size of the conduit and, in no case, less than 5/8 inch (16 mm).
- Splices and taps cannot be made in the fittings.

2. Class I, Division 2 locations

2.1 Wiring methods

 Threaded rigid metal conduit, threaded steel intermediate metal conduit, enclosed gasketed busways, or Type PLTC cable in accordance with the provisions of remotecontrol, signaling, and power-limited circuits (see NEC, Article 725), or Type ITC cable in cable trays, in raceways, supported by messenger wire, or directly buried where the cable is listed for this use; Type MI, MC, MV, or TC cable with approved termi**nation fittings** can be employed.

2.2 Sealing

• Each conduit entering the apparatus enclosure is required to be sealed as shown in 1.2.

3. Class II, Division 1 locations

3.1 Wiring methods

· Threaded rigid metal conduit, threaded steel intermediate metal conduit, or Type MI cable with termination fittings approved for the location, can be employed.

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3.2 Sealing

- Where **a raceway** provides communication between the apparatus enclosure and an enclosure that is not required to be dust-ignition proof, suitable means must be provided to prevent the entrance of dust into the former enclosure through this raceway. One of the following means can be used: (1) a permanent and effective seal; (2) a horizontal raceway not less than 10 ft (3.05 m) long; or (3) a vertical raceway not less than 5 ft (1.52 m) long and extending downward from the dust-ignition proof enclosure.
- Seals are not required to be explosionproof.

4. Class II, Division 2 locations

4.1 Wiring methods

Rigid metal conduit, intermediate metal conduit, electrical metallic tubing, dust-tight wireways, or Type MC or MI cable with approved termination fittings, or Type PLTC in cable trays, or Type ITC in cable trays, or Type MC or TC cable installed in ladder, ventilated trough, or ventilated channel cable trays in a single layer, with a space not less than the larger cable diameter between the two adjacent cables, can be employed.

4.2 Sealing

• Sealing means must be provided as shown in 3.2.

5. Class III, Division 1 locations

5.1 Wiring methods

• Rigid metal conduit, rigid non-metallic conduit, intermediate metal conduit, electrical metallic tubing, dust-tight wireways, or Type MC or MI cable with approved termination fittings, can be employed.

5.2 Sealing

• Sealing means are not required.

6. Class III, Division 2 locations

6.1 Wiring methods

• Wiring methods must comply with 5.1.

6.2 Sealing

• Sealing means are not required.

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FM Nonincendive Apparatus



⚠ CAUTION

The nonincendive apparatus can be installed only in Division 2 hazardous (classified) locations for which the apparatus has been approved.

Tampering and replacement of any components within the nonincendive **apparatus** may impair safe use of the apparatus.

Installation requirements

1. Wiring of the nonincendive circuit is permitted using any of the methods suitable for wiring in ordinary (unclassified) locations.

~Note Nonincendive apparatus is composed of all nonincendive circuits in which any arc or thermal effect produced under normal operating conditions of the apparatus is not capable of igniting the explosive atmospheres. This protection technique is permitted for apparatus in those Class I, Division 2, Class II, Division 2, and Class III locations. Nonincendive apparatus looks like intrinsically safe apparatus but are not, require associated apparatus (ex. shunt diode barriers).

- 2. In any raceway, junction box, or similar fitting, the conductors of the nonincendive circuit cannot be placed with the conductors of any other system, unless (1) the conductors of the two systems are separated by a suitable mechanical partition, or (2) all of the conductors of either system are segregated by a grounded metal shield.
- 3. It is recommended that separate nonincendive circuit conductors to be in separate cables, unless (1) the conductors of each circuit are within a grounded metal shield, or (2) the conductors of each circuit have insulation with a minimum thickness of 0.01 inch (0.254 mm)
- 4. If a raceway (including conduit) and cable for a nonincendive circuit in Class I, Division 2 or Class II, Division 2 locations is capable of transmitting flammable atmosphere through the raceway and cable from the Division 2 location to a non-hazardous location, it must be properly sealed at the boundary by using of non-approved sealing fittings.

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FM Installations for Intrinsically Safe System (in accordance with NEC, ANSI/NFPA 70)

⚠ CAUTIONS

- Only suitable **associated apparatus separately approved by FM Approvals** shall be connected to the intrinsically safe apparatus.
- Electrical equipment connected to the associated apparatus in non-hazardous locations shall not use or generate more than 250 Vrms.
- Tampering and replacement of any components within the intrinsically safe apparatus with non-factory components may adversely affect the safe use of the system.

Installation requirements

- 1. The intrinsically safe and associated apparatus shall be installed in accordance with **the control drawing(s)** attached. The nameplate bears Identification No. of the control drawing(s). Especially, the control drawing(s) provides guidance on determining **the maximum allowed capacitance and inductance of the interconnecting cables.**
- The intrinsically safe and associated apparatus is permitted to be installed in any hazardous (classified) location for which they have been approved, by using any of the wiring methods suitable for ordinary (unclassified) locations, including wiring methods for communication systems.
- 3. Conductors of the intrinsically safe circuit shall not be placed in raceways, cable trays, and cables with conductors of any non-intrinsically safe circuit, unless (1) the conductors of the intrinsically safe circuit are separated from those of the non-intrinsically safe circuits by a distance of at least 50 mm and secured, or separated by a grounded partition or an approved insulating partition; or (2) either all of the intrinsically safe circuit conductors or all of the non-intrinsically safe circuit conductors are in grounded metal-sheathed or metal-clad cables where the sheathing or cladding is capable of carrying fault current to ground.
- 4. **Different intrinsically safe circuit conductors shall be in separate cables, unless** (1) the conductors of each circuit are within a grounded metal shield, or (2) the conductors of each circuit have insulation with a minimum thickness of 0.01 inch (0.25 mm).
- 5. Intrinsically safe apparatus, associated apparatus, cable shields, enclosures and raceways, if of metal, shall be grounded.
- 6. **If the associated apparatus is a type of shunt diode barriers**, supplementary bonding to the grounding electrode is needed. And the grounding path resistance from the farthest barrier to the grounding electrode is usually recommended 1 ohm or less.
 - In practice, the bonding to the grounding electrode is achieved by connecting the grounding terminals of the barriers to the intrinsically safe ground bus which is connected to the grounding electrode with an insulated conductor not smaller than No.12 AWG (2.05 mm in dia.). Metal underground water pipes, the metal frames of building, concrete-encased electrodes and ground rings are included in the electrodes (Refer to NEC, Article 250).
- 7. **In hazardous locations, non-current-carrying metal parts** of the apparatus, raceways, and other enclosures of the intrinsically safe system shall be bonded to ensure **the electrical continuity**.

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8. In non-hazardous locations, where metal raceways are used for the intrinsically safe system wiring in hazardous locations, all intervening raceways, fittings, boxes, enclosures, etc. between the hazardous locations and the point of grounding for the power supply system or point of grounding of a separately derived system, shall be grounded by using bonding jumpers with proper fittings or other approved means of bonding.

9. Where **conduits and cables** are used to protect the intrinsically safe wiring against environments, the conduits and cables must be sealed so that they do not transmit gases, vapors, or dust from a hazardous location to a non-hazardous location. Sealing fittings should be installed in each conduit run leaving the hazardous location, on either side of the boundary within 10 ft (3.05 m) of the boundary. Such seals need not be explosion proof.

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NEPSI Flameproof and Dust Certifications

Smart Pressure Transmitter type PTG Series, manufactured by Azbil Corporation, has been approved by National Supervision and Inspection Centre for Explosion Protection and Safety of Instrumentation (NEPSI) in accordance with the following standards:

GB3836.1 - 2010	Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres
	Part 1 : General requirements
GB3836.2 - 2010	Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres
	Part 2 : Flameproof enclosure "d"
GB12476.1 - 2000	Electrical apparatus for use in the presence of combustible dust
	Part A-1: Electrical apparatus protected by enclosures and
	surface temperature limitation - Specification for apparatus

Transmitters are approved with Ex marking of Ex d IIC T4–T6 Gb, DIP A20 T_A, T4–T6 IP67. The certificate number is GYJ14.1368X.

1. SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR SAFE USE

When the sign "X" is placed after the certificate number, it indicates that the product is subject to special conditions or instructions for safe use.

- 1.1 Special condition for safe use: The cover shall have at least 7 engaged threads.
- 1.2 Instructions for safe use: To maintain the degree of protection of at least IP67 in accordance with IEC60529, suitable cable glands, conduit sealing devices or blanking elements must be used and correctly installed.

2. CONDITIONS FOR SAFE USE

- 2.1 The external earthing terminal should be connected to the ground reliably at site.
- 2.2 The relation between temperature class, ambient temperature range, and the maximum process temperature are shown below:

Temperature Class	Ambient Temperature Range	Maximum Process Temperature	
T4	-25°C to +60°C	> 130°C	
T5	-25°C to +60°C	> 95°C	
Т6	-25°C to +40°C	> 80°C	

- 2.3 The cable entry holes have to be connected by means of suitable cable entry device with type of protection of Ex d IIC Gb. The cable entry device shall be approved by NEPSI in accordance with GB3836.1-2010, GB3836.2-2010, GB12476.1-2000, which are covered by a separate examination certificate. The threads of the cable entries shall be 1/2-14NPT. Unused entry holes shall be blocked by blanking elements. After installation of the cable entry, the whole apparatus shall reach IP67.
- 2.4 The warning, "Do not remove cover while circuits are alive" must be obeyed when the product is used in an explosive gas area.

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- 2.5 Rated supply voltage: 12 to 30 Vd.c.
- 2.6 End users are forbidden to change the configuration to ensure the explosion protection performance of the product.
- 2.7 Regular cleanness shall be conducted to avoid the deposit of dust.
- 2.8 During installation, operation, and maintenance of the product users should comply with the relevant requirements of the product instruction manual, and the following standards:
 - GB3836.13-1997 "Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres
 - Part 13: Repair and overhaul for apparatus used in explosive gas atmospheres"
 - GB3836.15-2000 "Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres
 - Part 15: Electrical installations in hazardous areas (other than mines) "
 - GB3836.16-2006 "Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres
 - Part 16: Inspection and maintenance of electrical installation (other than mines) "
 - GB50257-1996 "Code for construction and acceptance of electric device for explosion atmospheres and fire hazard electrical equipment installation engineering"
 - GB12476.2-2010 "Electrical apparatus for use in the presence of combustible dust
 - Part 2"
 - GB15577-2007 "Safety regulations for the protection of dust explosion"

3. MANUFACTURER'S RESPONSIBILITY

- 3.1 The instruction manual should include all the items mentioned above.
- 3.2 The manufacturer must strictly produce according to the documents approved by NEPSI.

ATEX Flameproof Certification

1. Marking information

(ξ_{χ} PTB 02 ATEX 1117

II 2 G Ex d IIC T4 -20 °C Tamb +60 °C IP66

2. Applicable standards

- EN 60079-0:2006
- EN 60079-1:2007

3. Special conditions for safe use

None

4. Additional notes for safe use

4.1 Conditions for flameproof joints

- **4.1.1** The threaded joint of the cover is specified as follows:
 - -Nominal designation: M68 X 1.5
 - -Threads engaged: 7.4 min.
 - -Length of engagement: 11.2mm min.
- **4.1.2** The gap of cylindrical joint between the sensor body and the enclosure is 0.069 mm max.

4.2 Conditions for connection

- **4.2.1** The pressure Transmitters PTG Series Models PTG7X and KUX7X are to be connected via suitable cable entries or conduit systems which meet the requirements of EN 60079-1, sections 13.1 and 13.2, and for which a separate test certificate according to the standard conditions indicated in EN 60079-0 section 1 has been issued.
- **4.2.2** Cable entries (Pg screwed conduit entries) and sealing plugs of simple type must not be used. When the Pressure Transmitters PTG are connected via a conduit entry approved for this purpose, the appertaining sealing device must be arranged directly on the enclosure.
- **4.2.3** Opening which are not used must be sealed according to EN 60079-1 section 11.9.
- **4.2.4** The connecting cable of the Pressure Transmitters PTG must be permanently laid in such a way that it is sufficiently protected against damage.

ATEX-Flammenfestigkeitsbescheinigung

1. Kennzeichnungsinformationen

2. Zutreffende Normen

- EN 60079-0:2006
- EN 60079-1:2007

3. Spezielle Bedingungen für den sicheren Gebrauch

Keine

4. Zusätzliche Hinweise zum sicheren Gebrauch

4.1 Bedingungen für flammenfeste Verbindungen

- **4.1.1** Die Gewindeverbindung für die Abdeckung ist wie folgt spezifiziert:
 - -Nennbezeichnung: M68 X 1,5 -Gewindeüberdeckung: Min. 7,4
 - -Überdeckungslänge: Min. 11,2 mm
- **4.1.2** Der Spalt der zylindrischen Verbindung zwischen dem Sensorkörper und dem Gehäuse beträgt max. 0,069 mm.

4.2 Anschlussbedingungen

- **4.2.1** Die Drucktransmittermodelle PTG7X und KUX7X der PTG-Serie sind über geeignete Kabeleingänge oder Führungssysteme, die die Anforderungen von EN 60079-1, Abschnitt 13.1 und 13.2 erfüllen und für die eine separate Testbescheinigung gemäß den in EN 60079-0, Abschnitt 1 dargelegten Standardbedingungen erteilt wurde, anzuschließen.
- **4.2.2** Kabeleingänge (verschraubte Pg-Führungseingänge) und Dichtstopfen einfacher Ausführung dürfen nicht verwendet werden. Beim Anschluss der PTG-Drucktransmitter über einen für diesen Zweck zugelassenen Führungseingang muss die entsprechende Dichtungsvorrichtung direkt am Gehäuse angeordnet werden.
- **4.2.3** Nicht verwendete Öffnungen müssen gemäß EN 60079-1, Abschnitt 11.9 abgedichtet werden.
- **4.2.4** Das Anschlusskabel der PTG-Drucktransmitter muss permanent so verlegt werden, dass es ausreichend gegen Beschädigung geschützt ist.

Certification d'ignifugation ATEX

1. Informations sur la marque

2. Normes applicables

- EN 60079-0:2006
- EN 60079-1:2007

3. Conditions spéciales d'utilisation sécurisée

Aucune

4. Remarques supplémentaires sur l'utilisation sécurisée

4.1 Conditions relatives aux joints ignifugés

- 4.1.1 Spécification du joint fileté du couvercle :
 - Désignation nominale : M68 X 1,5
 - Filetage: 7,4 min.
 - Longueur d'engagement : 11,2 mm min.
- **4.1.2** Espace du joint cylindrique entre le corps du capteur et le boîtier : 0,069 mm max.

4.2 Conditions de connexion

- 4.2.1 Les transmetteurs de pression, série PTG, modèles PTG7X et KUX7X, doivent être connectés via des systèmes d'entrée ou d'acheminement des câbles adaptés, conformes aux exigences de la norme EN 60079-1, sections 13.1 et 13.2, et pour lesquels un certificat de test distinct conforme aux conditions standard stipulées dans la norme EN 60079-0, section 1, a été émis.
- 4.2.2 Des entrées de câble (entrées des conduits d'acheminement vissés) et des bouchons mâles simples ne doivent pas être utilisés. Lorsque les transmetteurs de pression PTG sont connectés via une entrée d'acheminement approuvée dans ce but, le dispositif de fermeture hermétique correspondant doit être disposé directement sur le boîtier.
- **4.2.3** L'ouverture non utilisée doit être fermée hermétiquement conformément à la norme EN 60079-1, section 11.9.
 - **4.2.4** Le câble de connexion des transmetteurs de pression PTG doit être installé en permanence de manière à être suffisamment protégé contre tout dommage.

Certificación ignifuga ATEX

1. Información de marcado

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) PTB 02 ATEX 1117

II 2 G Ex d IIC T4 -20 °C Tamb +60 °C IP66

2. Estándares aplicables

- EN 60079-0:2006
- EN 60079-1:2007

3. Condiciones especiales para un uso seguro

Ninguna

4. Comentarios adicionales para un uso seguro

4.1 Condiciones para juntas ignífugas

- **4.1.1** La junta de rosca de la cubierta tiene las siguientes especificaciones:
 - -Denominación nominal: M68 X 1.5
 - -Roscas acopladas: mín.7,4
 - -Longitud del acople: mín. 11,2mm
- **4.1.2** El espacio de la junta cilíndrica entre el cuerpo del sensor y el espacio es de máx. 0,069 mm

4.2 Condiciones de conexión

- 4.2.1 Los transmisores de presión serie PTG, modelos PTG7X yKUX7X se conectarán a través de entradas de cable adecuadas o sistemas de conducción que cumplan los requisitos de EN 60079-1, secciones 13.1 y 13.2, y para los que se hayan emitido un certificado de prueba independiente, según las condiciones estándar indicadas en EN 60079-0 sección 1.
- 4.2.2 No se utilizarán entradas de cables (entradas Pg atornilladas) ni tapones de sellado de tipo sencillo. Cuando los transmisores de presión PTG se conectan a través de una entrada de conducción aprobada para dicho fin, el dispositivo de sellado correspondiente se colocará directamente en el compartimento.
- 4.2.3 Las aberturas que no se usen se sellarán según la EN 60079-1 sección 11.9.
- **4.2.4** El cable de conexión de los transmisores de presión PTG se colocará permanentemente de manera que esté lo suficientemente protegido contra posibles daños.

Certificazione ignifugicità ATEX

1. Informazioni marchi

(ξx) PTB 02 ATEX 1117

II 2 G Ex d IIC T4 -20 °C Tamb +60 °C IP66

2. Standard applicabili

- EN 60079-0:2006
- EN 60079-1:2007

3. Condizioni speciali per l'uso sicuro

Nessuna

4. Ulteriori note per l'uso sicuro

4.1 Condizioni per raccordi ignifughi

- 4.1.1 Il raccordo filettato del coperchio possiede le seguenti specifiche:
 - -Designazione nominale: M68 X 1,5
 - -Filettatura avvitate: 7,4 min.
 - -Lunghezza avvitamento: 11,2 mm min.
- 4.1.2 Lo spazio del raccordo cilindrico tra il corpo del sensore e l'involucro è di 0,069 mm max.

4.2 Condizioni per la connessione

- 4.2.1 I modelli PTG7X e KUX7X serie PTG di trasmettitori di pressione devono essere collegati tramite ingressi di cavi idonei o sistemi di tubi che rispettano i requisiti dello standard EN 60079-1, sezioni 13.1 e 13.2 e per i quali è stato pubblicato un certificato sulla prova separato conforme alle condizioni dello standard indicate nello standard EN 60079-0 sezione 1.
- 4.2.2 Gli ingressi dei cavi (ingressi del tubo avvitato Pg) e i tappi a tenuta di tipo semplice non devono essere utilizzati Quando i trasmettitori di pressione PTG sono collegati tramite un ingresso del tubo approvato per questo scopo, il dispositivo di tenuta pertinente deve essere posizionato direttamente sull'involucro.
- **4.2.3** Le aperture non utilizzate devono essere sigillate conformemente allo standard EN 60079-1, sezione 11.9.
 - **4.2.4** Il cavo di collegamento dei trasmettitori di pressione PTG deve essere lasciato costantemente inserito in modo tale che sia sufficientemente protetto da danni.

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Certificação à Prova de Chamas ATEX

1. Informação da marcação CE

II 2 G Ex d IIC T4 -20 °C Tamb +60 °C IP66

2. Normas aplicáveis

- EN 60079-0:2006
- EN 60079-1:2007

3. Condições especiais para utilização segura

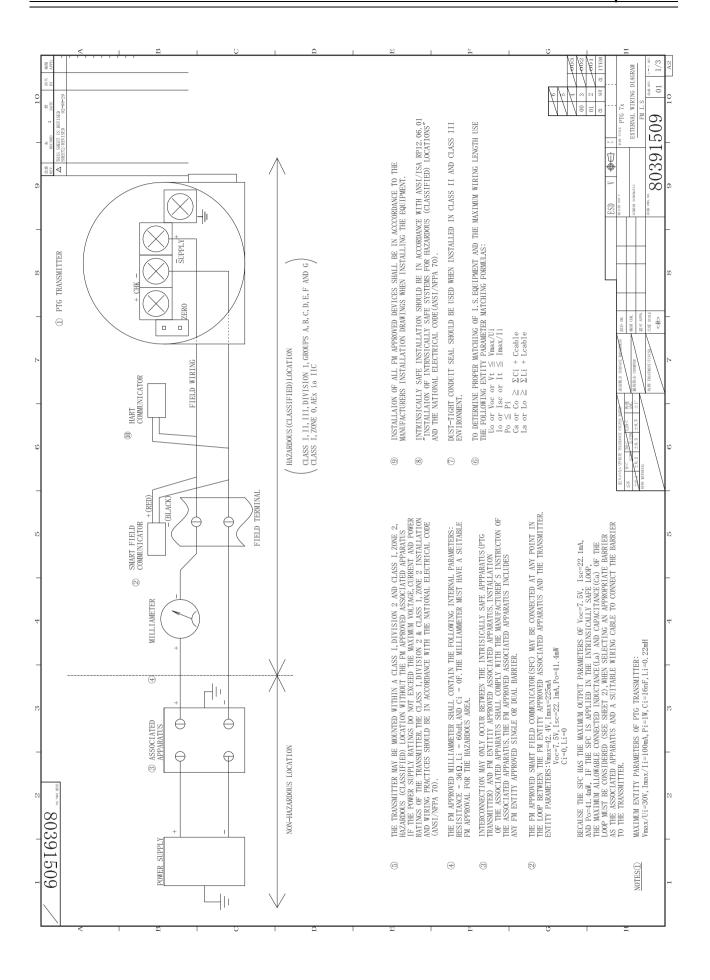
Nenhuma

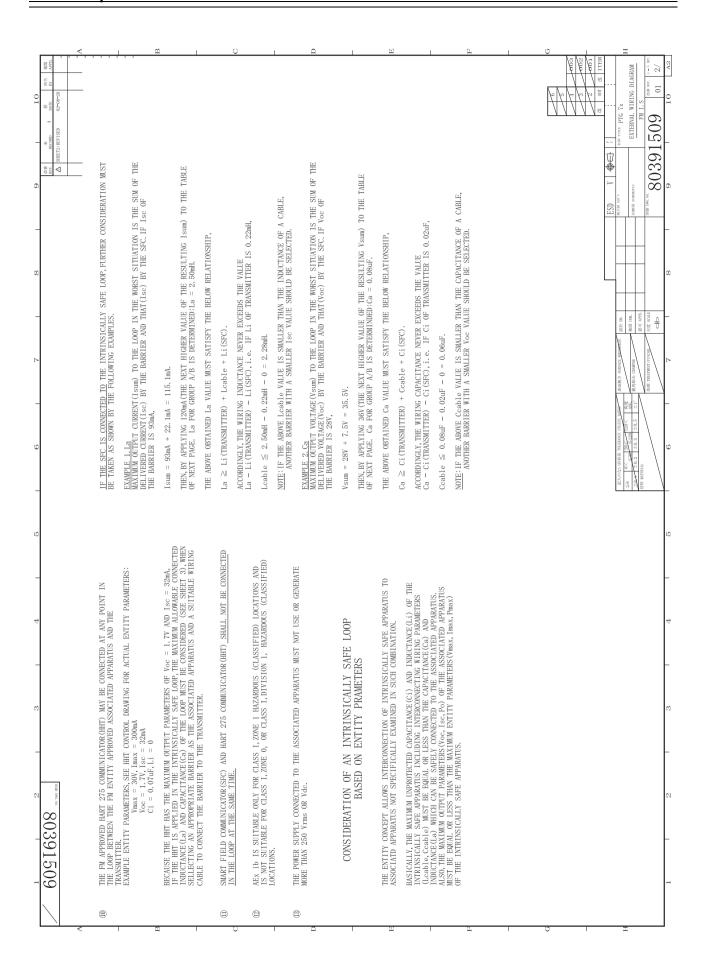
- 4. Notas adicionais para utilização segura
 - 4.1 Condições para juntas à prova de chamas
 - 4.1.1 Especificações da junta roscada da tampa:
 - Designação nominal: M68 X 1,5
 - Roscas engatadas: 7,4 (mínimo)
 - Distância de enroscamento: 11,2 mm (mínimo)
 - **4.1.2** O espaço da junta cilíndrica entre o corpo do sensor e a caixilharia é de 0,069 mm (máximo).

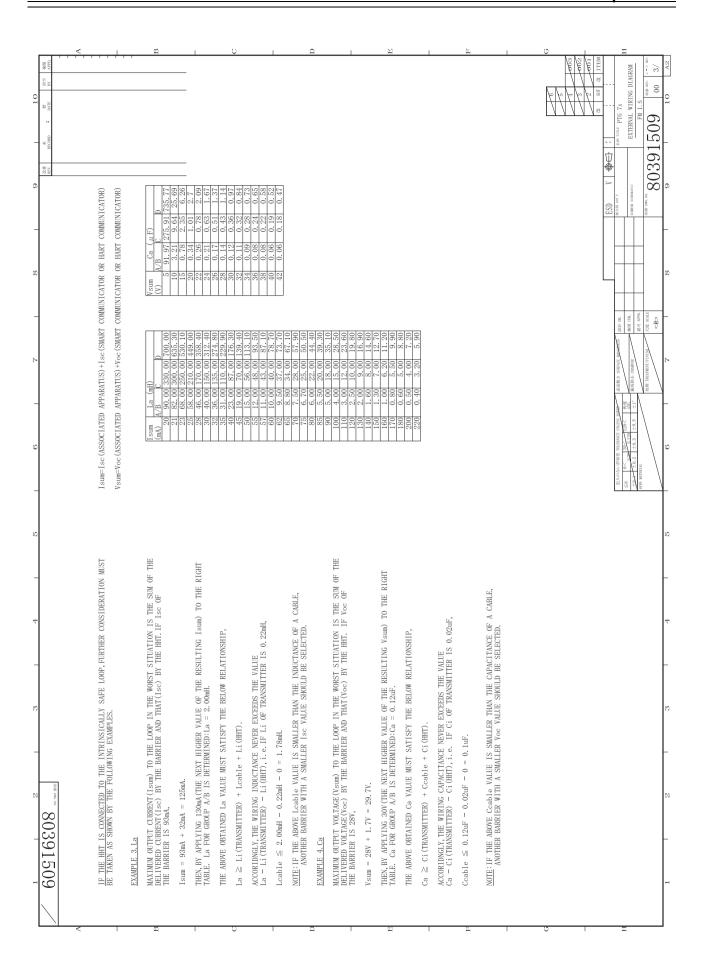
4.2 Condições para ligação

- 4.2.1 Os transmissores de pressão Modelos PTG7X e KUX7X da Série PTG devem ser ligados através de entradas de cabos adequadas ou sistemas de cablagem que cumpram os requisitos da norma EN 60079-1, secções 13.1 e 13.2 e para os quais tenha sido emitido um certificado de teste individual de acordo com as condições padrão indicadas na norma EN 60079-0, secção 1.
- 4.2.2 Não devem ser utilizadas entradas de cabos (entradas de cablagem aparafusada PG) e buchas de selagem simples. Quando os transmissores de pressão PTG são ligados através de uma entrada de cablagem aprovada para esta finalidade, o dispositivo de selagem tem de ser disposto directamente na caixilharia.
- **4.2.3** As aberturas que não são utilizadas têm de ser seladas de acordo com a norma EN 60079-1, secção 11.9.
- **4.2.4** O cabo de ligação dos transmissores de pressão PTG tem de ser permanentemente posicionado de forma a que fique protegido o suficiente contra quaisquer danos.

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Precautions

General Precautions

1. Checking the Product

The PTG Series Smart Transmitter is a precision instrument. It has cleared various tests based on Azbil Corporation's rigorous quality control programs. Handle it with care to prevent accidents or damage.

Open the package, and check that the following items are included:

- 1) Main PTG Smart Pressure Transmitter
- 2) Blind conduit plug (standard accessory)
- 3) Gasket (if process connection used a male screw)
- 4) 1 hexagonal wrench (standard accessory)
- 5) 2-inch pipe/wall mounting hardware set (optional)
- 6) Unit seal (for integral digital indicator type, optional)
- 7) Packing sets for wiring (For JIS explosion proof type): 1 packing, 2 washers

2. Checking the specifications

Specifications are printed to the nameplate of the PTG unit. Refer to the supplement, and make sure that the unit you have received matches to the model that you specified at the time of ordering. Then verify the followings:

Tag number (TAG NO.)

Type

Prom number (PROM No.)

3. Transportation

We recommend to transport the transmitter to the installation site in the packaged state in order to prevent damages from occurring during transportation.

4. Storage Environment

When storing your Transmitter unpacked, observe the following.

Store indoors, within specified storage temperature and humidity, in a location that is free from excessive shocks and vibrations. Store the unit original packing condition.

When storing your unit after use, follow these steps:

- 1. Firmly tighten the terminal box cover, and seal the conduit connection end with tape, to prevent the entry of moisture.
- 2. Seal the connection ends and bleed the hole in the pilot cover with tape, to prevent the entry of moisture and dirt.

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- 3. Restore packing to original condition.
- 4. Store indoors, at ordinary temperature and humidity (about 25°C or 77°F, and 65% respectively), in a location that is free from excessive shocks and vibrations and not exposed to rain or water.

5. Installation Environment

In order to maintain the original performance and reliability for a long time, install the transmitter in the following environment:

- (1) Ambient temperature
- (a) The temperature gradient and temperature changes in installation environment should be as small as possible.
- (b) If a transmitter is exposed to heat radiated from the process side, lower its ambient temperature as much as possible by installing it or by selecting a well-ventilated location for installation.
 - (c) If a process fluid can freeze, prevent freezing by means of heat insulation.
- (2) Environment

Pollution degree: 2

Avoid corrosive environment as much as possible.

Install in explosion proof and intrinsically safe conditions.

(3) Shock and vibration

Install the transmitter where shocks and vibrations will be as small as possible.

(4) Industrial Electromagnetic Environment

The transmitter intends to be used in an environment existing at locations characterized by a separate power network, in most cases supplied from a high- or medium-voltage transformer, dedicated for the supply of installations feeding manufacturing or similar plants with one or more of the following conditions:

- frequent switching of heavy inductive or capacitive loads;
- high currents and associated magnetic fields;
- presence of Industrial, Scientific and Medical (ISM) equipment (for example, welding machines)

6. Application of Pressure to Transmitter

- (1) Do not apply a pressure that exceeds the specified level.
- (2) Do not tighten or loosen bolts while pressure is being applied to the transmitter.

Azbil Corporation Preface

7. General precautions

• Do not use a transceiver within the area of 7 feet (2 meters) around the product, or around the connecting cables to the product. Doing so may result in malfunctioning of the product.

• Do not remove seals affixed to welds and the grounding cables until all pipes are installed.

8. Contact

If you find any doubt about the specifications, contact an Azbil Corp. representative. When making an inquiry, provide unit's model number (MODEL) and product number (PROD.).

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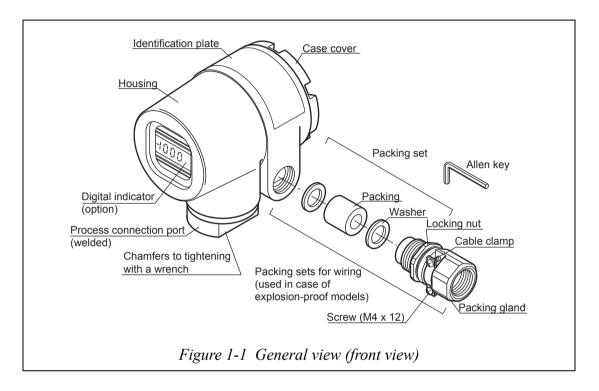
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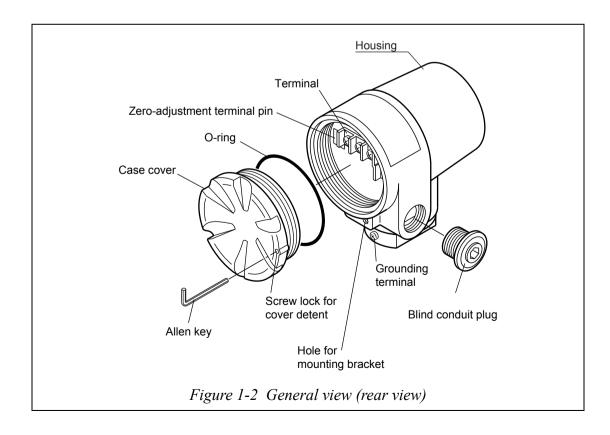
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Chapter 1: Descriptions of Parts

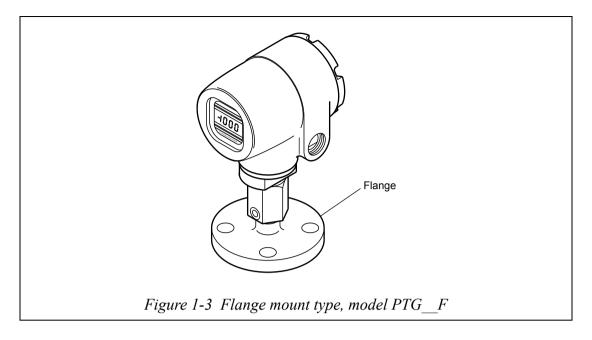
1-1: Description of parts

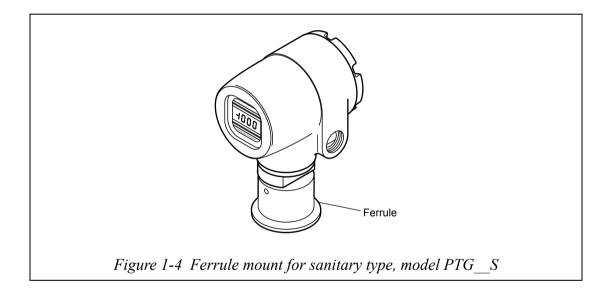
Figure 1-1 and Figure 1-2 show expanded front and rear views of the PTG Pressure Transmitter.

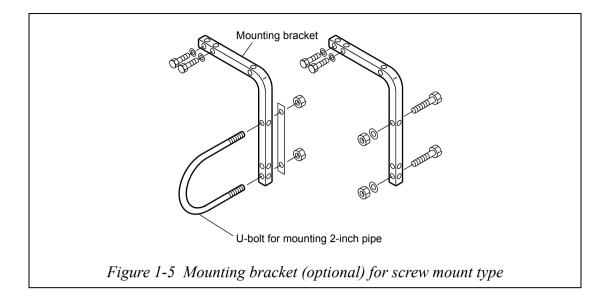




The various types of mounting are given in Figure 1-3 and 1-4.







Chapter 2: Installation

2-1: Installing screw-mount transmitters (model PTG G)

Safety precautions



$oldsymbol{\Lambda}$ caution

- After the PTG Transmitter is installed, do not use it as a foothold or any other improper purpose. Doing so may result in damage to equipment and/or physical injury.
- Hitting the glass portion of the indicator with a tool may break the glass and/or cause physical injury. Caution must be exercised if your PTG Transmitter is equipped with an optional digital indicator.
- Be careful when installing the transmitter if the process fluid temperature is high. The heat of the fluid and/or the heat radiated from the piping may raise the surface temperature of the Transmitter very high.

Installation precautions

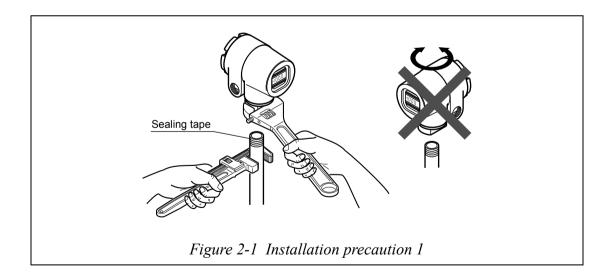
- When installing the Transmitter, position and secure the gasket so that it does not protrude from where the Transmitter is connected to the process (where an adapter flange is coupled to a connecting pipe). If the gasket sticks out, liquid leakage or output error may result.
- Do not use the Transmitter under any other operating conditions than specified in the product specifications (i.e., rated pressure, connection standard, rated temperature, rated vibration and rated humidity). Using this product under incorrect operating conditions may cause damage to the product and leakage that could lead to a a major accident.
- Wiring work in hazardous area should be performed carefully by following the work methods specified in the explosion-protection guidelines.
- Connect the Transmitter to a good ground. If it is not grounded or the ground is inadequate, output error will occur. Not grounding the transmitter is a violation of regulations. Be careful of your footing during installation. Always wear safety shoes.
- This product can be installed directly on the pipe (direct mounting), on a 2-inch pipe with the mounting brackets (optional part), or on a wall.
- Connecting pipe arrangement
- Piping conditions differ depending on the process.
 - Liquid: Establish a tap alongside the line and install the Transmitter next to or beneath the tap to allow gas to return to the inside of the process line.
 - Gas: Establish a tap on top of or alongside the line and install the Transmitter next to or above the tap to allow liquid to return to the inside of the process line.

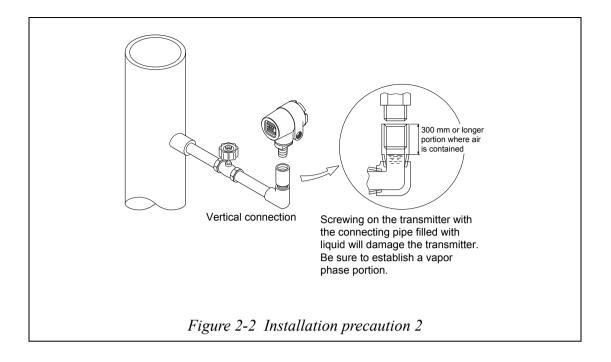
Installation Azbil Corporation

Steam: Establish a tap alongside the process line and install the Transmitter beneath that tap to allow condensation to return through the connecting pipe.

Handling precautions

- Securely wrap a sealing tape around the joint of the connecting pipe to prevent process leakage.
- Using wrenches, securely tighten the wetted part and connecting pipe of the Transmitter. In so doing, use the wrenches to hold the parallel chambers at the wetted part. Do not tighten it by holding the housing of the product as this may cause damage to the Transmitter. Avoid holding the housing when tightening without a wrench. (See Figure 2-1.)
- Avoid installing the Transmitter with its front side facing down. Doing so invites
 water, dirt and other sediment to deposit at the wetted part, causing an inaccurate
 measurement.
- If the process temperature exceeds 110°C (230°F), take some measures, such as installing a siphon, to defuse the high temperature at the wetted part so it does not exceed 110°C (230°F).
- Install the Transmitter in a location where the liquid process does not freeze. Otherwise, take some measures to keep the process fluid from freezing.
- Install the Transmitter in a location where there is no excessive impact, vibration or pressure (such as water hammering).
- During filling the connecting pipe with process liquid, 10 MPa {1,450 PSI} or an equivalent pressure may be applied. Do not screw the Transmitter into a connecting pipe during filling, as it may lead to critical damage to the Transmitter. (See Figure 2-2.)



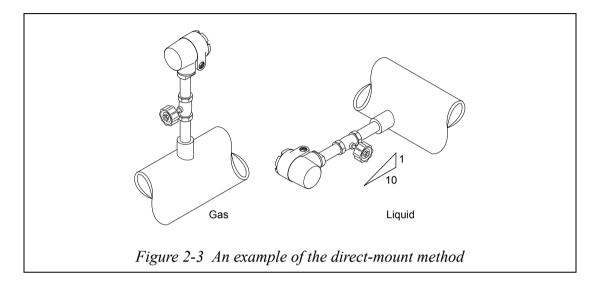


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Direct mounting onto the process line

Handling precautions

- When mounting the Transmitter directly onto the process line, full consideration must be given as to its weight, the temperature at the wetted part and to vibration.
- The method of connecting the Transmitter to the process line must be appropriate for each given process.
- Figure 2-3 shows an example of the direct-mount method.



Azbil Corporation Installation

Installing the transmitter using the mounting brackets

Mounting Brackets are supplied with the Transmitter. For additional mounting hardware, refer to "Chapter 7: Spare Parts". With the mounting bracket, the Transmitter can be installed on a 2-inch pipe or on a panel.

Fig. 2-4 illustrates examples of installing the Transmitter with the mounting brackets.

Fig. 2-5 gives the dimensions of the mounting brackets.

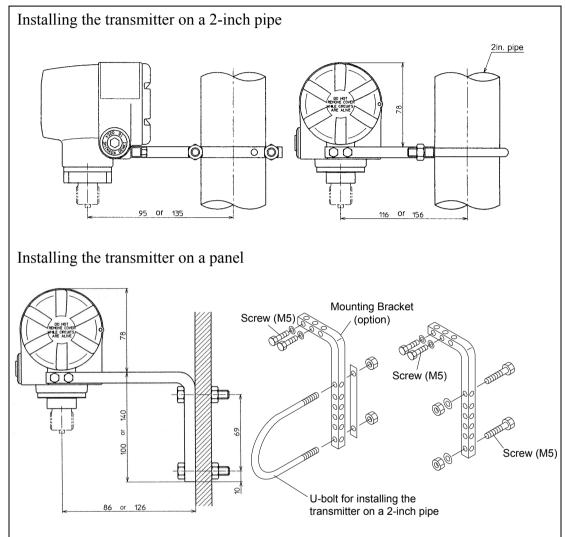
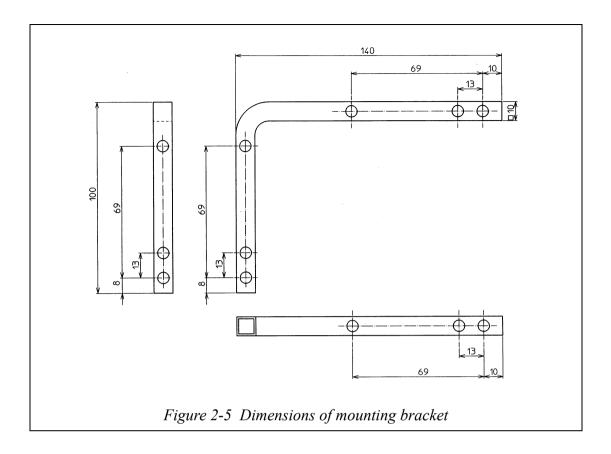


Figure 2-4 Installing the transmitter with the mounting brackets on a panel and 2-inch pipe

<u>Installation</u> Azbil Corporation



Azbil Corporation Installation

2-2: Installing flange-mount transmitters (model PTG F)

Safety precautions

⚠ CAUTION

- After the Transmitter is installed, do not use it as a foothold or any other improper purpose. Doing so may damage the equipment and/or result in physical injury.
- Hitting the glass portion of the indicator with a tool may break the glass and result in physical injury. Caution must be exercised for products equipped with an digital indicator.
- Be careful when installing the Transmitter if the process fluid temperature is high. The heat of the fluid and/or the heat radiated from the piping may raise the surface temperature of the Transmitter very high.
- Fasten the flange with the specified torque to prevent the leakage from the flange connection.

Installation precautions

- When installing the Transmitter, position and secure the gasket so that it does not protrude from where the Transmitter is connected to the process (where an adapter flange is coupled to a connecting pipe). If the gasket sticks out, liquid leakage or output error may result.
- Do not use the Transmitter under any other operating conditions than specified in the product specifications (i.e., rated pressure, connection standard, rated temperature, rated vibration and rated humidity). Using this product under incorrect operating conditions may cause damage to the product and leakage that could lead to a major accident.
- Wiring work in hazardous area should be performed carefully by following the work methods specified in the explosion-protection guidelines.
- Properly ground the Transmitter. If it is not grounded or the ground is inadequate, output error will occur. Not grounding the transmitter is a violation of regulations. Be careful of your footing during installation. Always wear safety shoes.
- This product can be installed directly on the pipe (direct mounting), on a 2-inch pipe with the mounting brackets (optional part), or on a wall.

Installation Azbil Corporation

Handling precautions

• Mounting procedure: Piping conditions differ depending on the process.

- Liquid: Mount the nozzle on the pipe side and install the Transmitter sideways away from the nozzle or below the nozzle so that no deposit is produced and the gas generated returns to the process piping.
- Gas: Mount the nozzle on top or to the side of the process pipe and install the Transmitter beside or above the nozzle so that the process returns to the process piping.

Steam: Mount the nozzle in the pipe side and install the Transmitter at the down-side of the nozzle so that the condensed water collects in the conduit piping.

- Weld or bind with a sealing tape securely to the piping joint to prevent a process leakage from occurring.
- Avoid installing the Transmitter with its front side facing down. Doing so invites
 water, dirt and other sediment to deposit at the wetted part, causing an inaccurate
 measurement.
- If the process temperature exceeds 110°C (230°F), take some measures, such as installing a siphon, to defuse the high temperature at the wetted part so it does not exceed 110°C (230°F).
- Install the Transmitter in a location where liquid process does not freeze. Otherwise, take some measures to keep the process fluid from freezing.
- Install the Transmitter in a location where there is no excessive impact, vibration or pressure (such as water hammering).

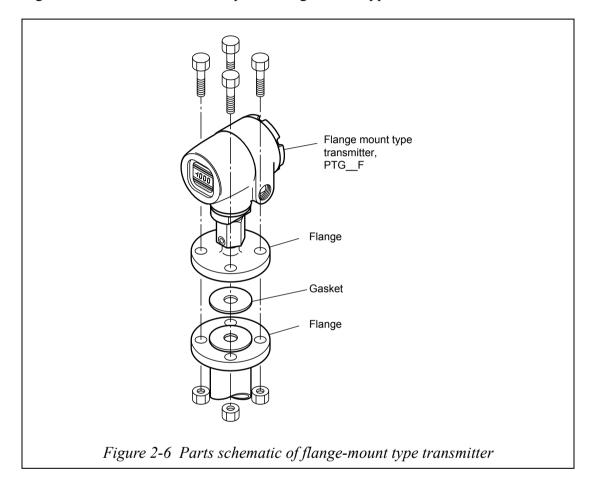
Azbil Corporation Installation

Installing flange-mount transmitters

Precautions

- Mount the Transmitter considering its weight, the temperature at its wetted part and possible vibration.
- Connect the conduit to satisfy the given process requirements.

Figure 2-6 below shows an example of flange-mount type Transmitter.



Installation Azbil Corporation

2-3: Installing ferrule-mount (sanitary type) transmitters (model PTG S)

Safety precautions

CAUTION

- After the Transmitter is installed, do not use it as a foothold or any other improper purpose. Doing so may damage the equipment and/or result in physical injury.
- Hitting the glass portion of the indicator with a tool may break the glass and result in physical injury. Caution must be exercised for products equipped with a digital indicator.
- Be careful when installing the Transmitter if the process fluid temperature is high. The heat of the fluid and/or the heat radiated from the piping may raise the surface temperature of the Transmitter very high.

Installation precaution

- When installing the Transmitter, position and secure the gasket so that it does not protrude from where the Transmitter is connected to the process (where an adapter flange is coupled to a connecting pipe). If the gasket sticks out, liquid leakage or output error may result.
- Do not use the Transmitter under any other operating conditions than specified in the product specifications (i.e., rated pressure, connection standard, rated temperature, rated vibration and rated humidity). Using this product under incorrect operating conditions may cause damage to the product and leakage that could lead to a major accident.
- Wiring work in hazardous area should be performed carefully by following the work methods specified in the explosion-protection guidelines.
- Properly ground the Transmitter. If it is not grounded or the ground is inadequate, output error will occur. Not grounding the transmitter is a violation of regulations. Be careful of your footing during installation. Always wear safety shoes.
- Mounting procedure: Piping conditions differ depending on the process.
 - Liquid: Mount the nozzle in the pipe side and install the Transmitter sideways to or to the downside of the nozzle so that no deposit is produced and the gas generated returns to the process piping.
 - Mount the nozzle to the top or the side of the process pipe and install the Gas: Transmitter side by side with or to the upper side of the nozzle so that the process returns to the process piping.
 - Steam: Mount the nozzle on the pipe side and install the Transmitter at the downside of the nozzle so that the condensed water collects in the conduit piping.

Azbil Corporation Installation

Handling precautions

• Weld or bind with a sealing tape securely to the piping joint to prevent a process leakage from occurring.

- Avoid installing the Transmitter with its front side facing down. Doing so invites
 water, dirt and other sediment to deposit at the wetted part, causing an inaccurate
 measurement.
- If the process temperature exceeds 110°C (230°F), take some measures, such as installing a siphon, to defuse the high temperature at the wetted part so it does not exceed110°C (230°F).
- Install the Transmitter in a location where liquid process does not freeze. Otherwise, take some measures to keep the process fluid from freezing.
- Install the Transmitter in a location where there is no excessive impact, vibration or pressure (such as water hammering).

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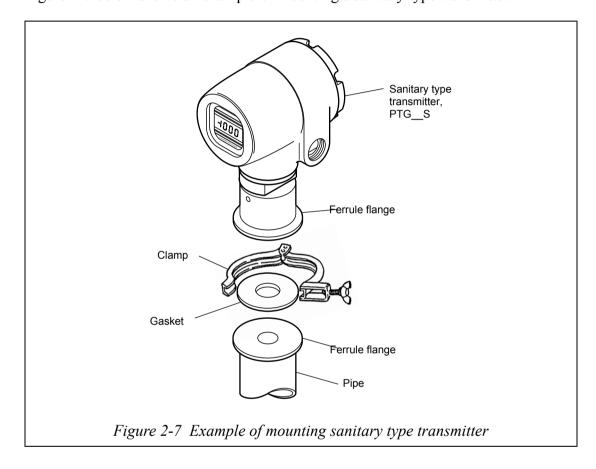
Mounting of sanitary type transmitters

Mounting precautions

Mount the transmitter taking into consideration its weight as well as the temperature at its wet part and any possible vibration.

Example of mounting

Figure 2-7 below shows an example of mounting a sanitary type transmitter.



Chapter 3: Wiring

Wiring precautions



$oldsymbol{\Lambda}$ caution

Performing wiring work with wet hands or with power applied may result in electrical shock. Perform wiring work with dry hands, always wear gloves and disconnect the power to the Transmitter before performing wiring work.

- Check the specifications before wiring. Incorrect wiring will cause damage to or malfunction of the product.
- Use a power supply which adheres to the specifications. Incorrect power supply will cause a damage to the product.
- The product is designed based on a two-wire wiring system. The power supply line also functions as a signal line. The wires are routed through the conduit hole on the side face of the Transmitter and are connected to the terminals. The conduit end is potted with sealing agent or capped with a sealing plug so the water cannot penetrate into the oscillator housing. The connecting wires to the terminals must be drawn in below the position where the connection port is located.
- Grounding wire

The transmitter has two grounding terminals; one at the terminal and the other on the outside face. Either terminal can be used. The grounding terminal must be connected to a class 3 ground (grounding resistance 100 Ω or less) or better.

For TIIS Explosion proof wiring

A model PTG71 conforming to the TIIS explosion-proof regulations is optionally available, and has a certified explosion-proof structure (Exds II CT4).



WARNING

- Be sure to perform wiring work with the power turned off. If the power is turned on, this may result in electrical shock.
- Turning on the power in an explosion-protected area while the housing is open may result in explosion.
- Be sure to use the grounding cable and the set of pressure packings shipped with the transmitter. Using a cable or packing other than the ones shipped with the product will void the explosion-proof qualification of the transmitter.
- After the wires are connected, be sure to close the cover and tighten the screw lock that holds the cover detent in place. One requirement for an explosion-proof structure is that the cover must be locked.
- Installation and connection are to conform to the guidelines for industrial safety research and technology "Guide to Industrial Explosion-proof Electrical Equip-

Wiring **Azbil Corporation**

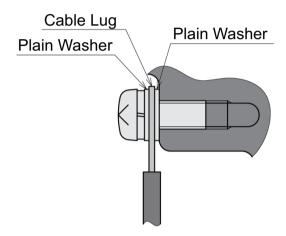
> ment for Users" (published by Industrial Safety Institute of the Ministry of Labor, Japan) or equivalent.

For FM and NEPSI Explosion-proof wiring

A model PTG71 Transmitters are conforming to Factory Murual (FM) or NEPSI / GB explosion-proof regulations and are optionally available.

WIRING PRECAUTIONS

The connection of earthing or bonding conductor to the external grounding terminal must comply with the method shown below.



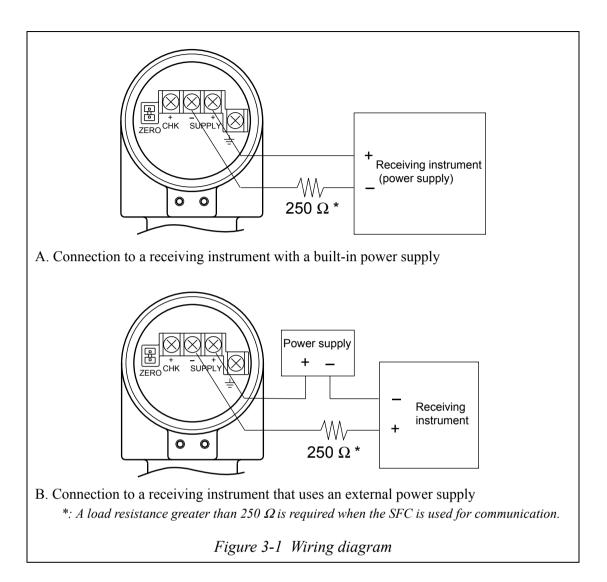


WARNING

- Be sure to turn off the power switch before performing the wiring work to avoid electrical shock to a personnel.
- Turning on the power in an explosion-protected area while the housing is open can induce an explosion.
- Be sure to use the grounding cable and the pressure packings.
- After the wiring is done, be sure to close the housing and tighten the screw lock securely. One important requirement for an explosion-proof structure is that the housing must be locked.

Azbil Corporation Wiring

Wiring diagram



Wiring Azbil Corporation

Power supply and external load resistance

External load resistance should be determined in relation to the voltage of the power supply so that both fall inside the diagonally-shaded area below.

External load resistance is the total resistance connected to the output terminals of the Transmitter, which includes the resistance in the cables forming the loop, the internal resistance in instruments connected between the Transmitter and the power supply, etc.

The abscissa axis shown in the figure is the voltage of the Transmitter's power supply and the ordinate axis is the external load resistance.

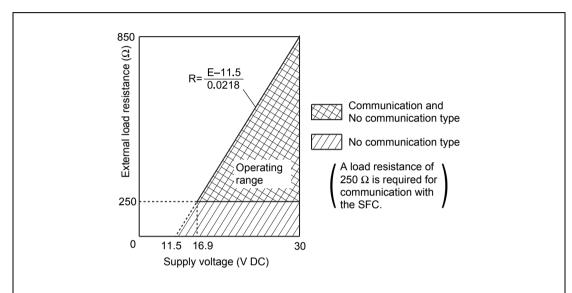


Figure 3-2 Relationship between power supply voltage and external load resistance

Chapter 4: Calibration

With the PTG Series Transmitter, no span interference will occur once its zero-point calibration is complete. That is, only one zero-point adjustment is needed for a complete calibration.

Zero adjustment

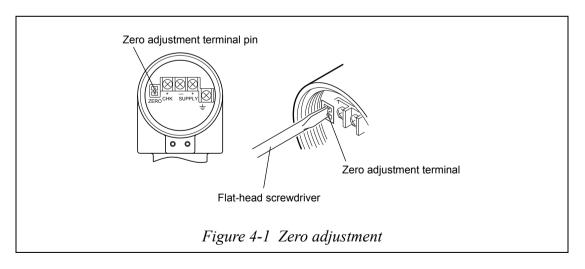
Caution: Zero adjustment must be performed in a non-hazardous area.

Calibration procedure

- 1. Connect the power supply to the Transmitter.
- 2. Apply the pressure corresponding to 0% output. In order to set this 0% output to 0 kPaG, release any gas or liquid from the wetted part and leave it open to atmospheric pressure.
- 3. This product has two zero adjustment terminal pins.
 - Using a flat-head screwdriver, allow the two terminal pins to contact each other simultaneously (for about one second). (For products equipped with a built-in digital indicator, when two terminal pins contact each other the word "ZERO" will appear on the indicator.)
- 4. The Step 3 above completes zero adjustment.

Test terminal

When checking the output from the Transmitter for maintenance purpose, connect an amperemeter to the "CHK +" terminal and to "-" of the Transmitter's "SUPPLY" terminal.



<u>Calibration</u> Azbil Corporation

Chapter 5: Maintenance and troubleshooting

Maintenance precautions

⚠ WARNING

- If the Transmitter must be disconnected from the process for the maintenance purposes, careful attention must be paid to the possible residual process and pressure. Personal injury may result from the generation of gas or release of liquid process.
- When draining the process from the Transmitter through a vent hole, check the direction of the gas or liquid being drained. This precaution is to protect you from possible scalding or inhaling harmful fume due to exposure to the process being drained.
- Do not open the housing cover while in operation in explosion-proof area. Opening the cover may induce an explosion.
- This product is manufactured and shipped under Azbil Corporation's rigorous quality control system. Do not modify the product. Doing so will cause critical damage to the product.

Maintenance

Check the following on periodic basis:

- Has the housing, cover or grounding cable been damaged?
- Are the grounding cable, cover or housing-detent screws loose?
- Are the terminal screws loose?
- Is there any deterioration of the O-rings fitted to the set-screws holding the housing in position?
- Is there any leakage from the connection pipes?

Troubleshooting

If the product does not function properly, release the process gas or liquid from the product, leave it open to the atmosphere, and check the following items:

- Are there any loose or broken wires?
- Are the readings correct for power source voltage and load resistance?
- Is there any sediments or foreign objects at the wetted part?
- Is there dirt or debris present, clogging the connecting pipe? Is the gate valve fully open?

Chapter 6: Remote Communication

6-1: Operation by SFC

Function of the SFC

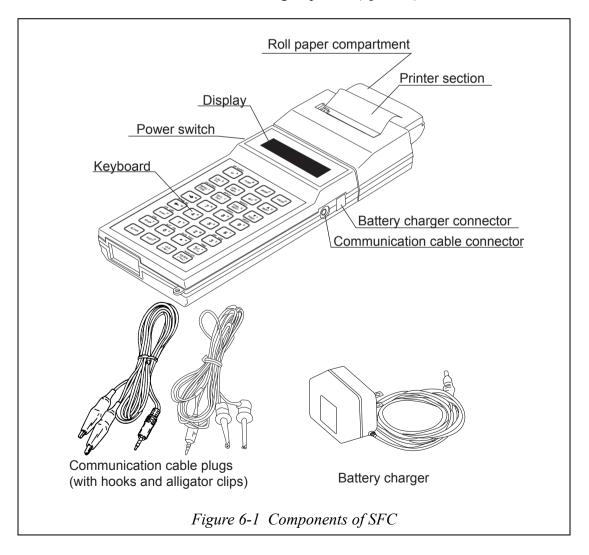
Overview

By using the SFC (Smart Field Communicator), optionally available, enables you to communicate remotely with the Transmitter. Starting measurement, reading measured data, setting (changing) measurement conditions, and canceling measurement can all be performed with the SFC. All communications with the Transmitter are displayed in the data display window and can be printed out as needed.

Description of parts

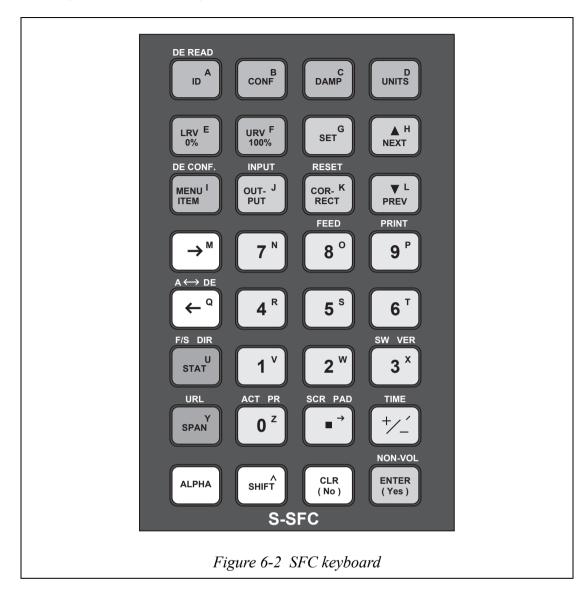
Components

Figure 6-1 "Components of SFC" shows the components of SFC and its accessories. The SFC model shown below has an integral printer (optional).



SFC keyboard

SFC keyboard shows the keyboard of the SFC.



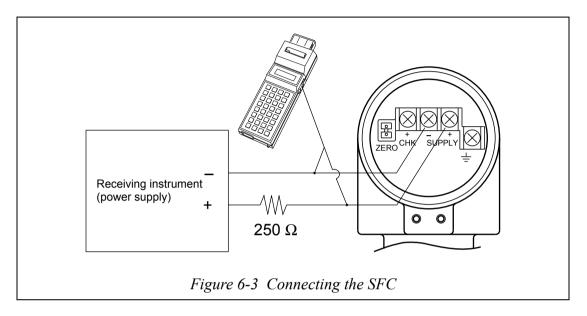
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Connecting SFC to transmitter

Figure 6-3 shows how SFC is connected to the Transmitter.

Connect the communication cable of SFC to the correct transmitter terminal as shown in Figure 6-3.

Red wire: Supply + terminal Black wire: Supply - terminal



Interactive communication

next menu level.

The SFC enables an interactive communication with the Transmitter by operating the keyboard. The followings are some basic rules of operation.

• If you want to respond "Yes," to a question on the screen, press the NON-VOL Pressing the Key in the special-function screen will advance you to the

- If you want to respond "No", press the clr (No) key. Pressing the clr (No) key in the special-function screen will return you to the previous menu level. Pressing and holding down the clr (No) key will return you to the initial screen.
- When selecting an another function in the same menu level, press either the

 key or the key.



If a ": " mark shown below appears in the eighth digit at the top of the SFC screen, immediately discontinue the operation of SFC and recharge the battery. If you ignore this warning and continue operating, the SFC battery will be irreversibly damaged.

Displaying and changing settings

Parameters that can be displayed and changed

From the SFC, you can display and change the parameters as shown below.

Note: These parameters can be displayed and changed during measurement.

✓: can be displayed or changed-: cannot be displayed or changed

Parameter	Display	Change
Tag number	*	~
Lower-limit value of range setting	~	~
Upper-limit value of range setting	~	~
Span of range setting	~	*
Units of measurement	~	~
Damping-time constant	~	~
Direction of output overshoot during abnormality	~	-
PROM number	~	-
Software version	~	-
Temperature at the sensor	~	-

^{*} Although this parameter cannot be changed directly, LRV or URV operation causes this parameter to change accordingly.

Starting communication



⚠ WARNING

- Before starting communication with the Transmitter via the SFC, switch the process control loop over to manual control mode.
- Starting communication with the Transmitter while the process control loop is still in the auto control mode, abrupt changes in output may occur, leading into a dangerous operational condition.

Procedure

To start communication with the Transmitter, follow the procedures below.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Check to make sure that the process is in the manual control mode.	None displayed
2	Refer to Figure 3-1 to connect SFC to the transmitter.	
3	Turn on the power switch of the SFC and press the NON-VOL key.	LOOP IN MANUAL?
		PRESS ID
4	Press the DE READ key.	DSTJ TAG NO. LIN GP XXXXXXXX
	 Note • "DSTJ" is an abbreviation commonly used at Azbil Corporation to indicate a pressure / differential pressure transmitter. Because this product and a DSTJ3000 (the trade name that is used in Japan instead of ST3000) use the same communication system, "DSTJ" is displayed on the screen. • The tag number is set to XXXXXXXX at the time of shipment. 	

Displaying and changing the tag number

procedure

Display or change the tag number by using the following procedure. The example here is for the case of changing FIT-1234 to ABC-5678.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the be key. • If you want to confirm the tag number, press the clark key to cancel this procedure. • If you want to change the tag number, proceed to step 3.	DSTJ TAG NO. LIN GP FIT-1234
2	Press keys Alpha, DE READ DAMP in that order. Note If the wrong key is pressed, move the cursor backward by pressing the ALPHA key then the ADE key and then press the ALPHA key again. Then restart the input.	DSTJ TAG NO. LIN GP ABC
3	Press ALPHA key and then the +/_ key.	DSTJ TAG NO. LIN GP ABC -
4	Press keys 5 ^s , 6 ^T , 7 ^N and 8 ^o in that order.	DSTJ TAG NO. LIN GP ABC -5678

Step	Description	SFC screen
5	Press the NON-VOL key.	DSTJ TAG NO. WORKING
	Note Pressing the CLR (NO) key before pressing the ing the Enter key will take you back to the previously set tag number.	DSTJ TAG NO. LIN GP ABC -5678
6	Press the shift key and then the Result:	SHIFT-
	Data has been stored in the transmitter.	DSTJ FIT-1234 WORKING
		DSTJ FIT-1234 DATA NONVOLATILE
		DSTJ FIT-1234 READY

Displaying the input pressure value

Procedure

Display the pressure value applied to the transmitter using the following procedure:.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the shift key and then the out. J key. Result: In this example, the pressure is set at 4 MPa {580 psi}	INPUT FIT-1234 4.000 MPa

Displaying the transmitted output (%)

Procedure

Display the output transmitted by the transmitter using the following procedure.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the output is 50% {580 psi}.	OUTPUT FIT-1234 50.00 %

Displaying or changing the upper and lower range values for range setting

Overview

Display or change the Upper Range Values (URV) and Lower Range Values (LRV) for range setting and the pressure corresponding to the desired span using the following procedure.

The following case is described here as an example:

- LRV: 0 MPa {0 PSI} changed to 2 MPa {290 PSI}
- URV: 5 MPa {725 PSI} changed to 7.5 MPa {1,088 PSI}
- Span: 5 MPa {725 PSI} changed to 5.5 MPa {798 PSI}

~Note

- Span is automatically determined as the difference between Upper and Lower Range Values. The span is displayed but cannot be changed directly.
- When changing the Upper and Lower Range Values for range setting, be sure to change the LRV first and then URV.

Displaying the set range

Displaying the set range.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the key to display the LRV.	LRV FIT-1234 0.0000 MPa
	Press the WRV key to display the URV. URL	URV FIT-1234
	• Press the Repair key to display the span.	5.000 MPa
		SPAN FIT-1234 5.0000 MPa
2	~Note • If the displayed data is correct, press the $\binom{\text{CLR}}{(\text{No})}$ key to confirm.	DSTJ FIT-1234 READY
	 If the displayed data needs to be changed, proceed to the next proce- dure to change the set range. 	

Changing the set range

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the key to change the LRV.	LRV FIT-1234 0.0000 MPa
2	Press the numeric key, 2 w.	LRV FIT-1234 2 MPa
3	Press the NON-VOL Result: • The LRV has been set at 2 MPa {290 psi}	LRV FIT-1234 WORKING LRV FIT-1234 2.000 MPa
4	When changing the URV, press the wey.	URV FIT-1234 5.000 MPa
5	Press the numeric keys, 7 ^N , and 5 ^s in that order.	LRV FIT-1234 7.5 MPa
6	Press the Result: The URV has been set at 7.5 MPa {1,088 psi}	LRV FIT-1234 WORKING LRV FIT-1234 7.500 MPa

Step	Description	SFC screen
7	Press the shift and enter keys in that order. Result:	SHIFT-
	The data has been stored in the transmitter.	DSTJ FIT-1234 WORKING DSTJ FIT-1234 DATA NONVOLATILE
		DSTJ FIT-1234 READY

Displaying or changing the engineering units

By pressing the [] key, you can display the EU (Engineering Unit) in the order shown below.

Available engineering units are as follows.

kPa - Mpa - hPa -Pa - mbar - bar - inH₂O - inHg - PSI - mmH₂O - mH₂O - kg/cm² - g/cm² - mmHg - kPa (return)
 (When the SFC uses the SI units by default)

Procedure

Display or change the EU using the following procedure. Here we describe an example of displaying the EU of kPa.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the UNITS key.	UNIT FIT-1234 kPa
2	If you want to use some other EU, press either	
	the key or whits key until the desired	
	EU is displayed on the screen.	
	Pressing the key once will bring you	
	back to the previous choice of EU.	

Displaying or changing the damping time constant

Overview

Depending on the conditions of the fluid process, pulsating pressure sometimes cause the output from the Transmitter to become unstable, making it difficult to read the measured value. When this happens, using a larger damping time constant can eliminate the small fluctuations in the measured pressure values to stabilize the output.

Available damping time constants

The available damping time constants are as follows. Each damping time constant will be displayed in either forward or backward order by pressing the keys as described below in the procedure. The actual response time will be delayed by about 0.4 seconds from the displayed value (time lose). The unit is "seconds."

• $0.00 \rightarrow 0.16 \rightarrow 0.32 \rightarrow 0.48 \rightarrow 1.00 \rightarrow 2.00 \rightarrow 4.00 \rightarrow 8.00 \rightarrow 16.00 \rightarrow 32.00$

Procedure

Display or change the damping time constant by following the procedure below. Here in this example, 1 second is set.

Note If the damping time constant needs to be changed, first select a value larger than the currently set value and see how the output fluctuates.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the AMP key.	DAMP FIT-1234 1.0 sec
2	To change the damping time constant, press either the key or key until the desired value appears on the screen.	DAMPING FIT-1234 WORKING
	~Note • When the key is pressed, the display shown at the right appears on the screen.	DAMP FIT-1234 2.0 sec
	• When the key is pressed, the display shown at the right appears on the screen.	DAMP FIT-1234 0.48 sec

Step	Description	SFC screen
3	First press the SHIFT key and then press the	SHIFT-
	Result: The data has been stored in the transmitter.	DSTJ FIT-1234 WORKING
		DSTJ FIT-1234 DATA NONVOLATILE
		DSTJ FIT-1234 READY

Displaying the direction of output overshooting when an abnormal condition occurs

Abnormal conditions

There are three different burnout functions for signaling the abnormal conditions in the Transmitter:

• Non-burnout method : The pressure gauge outputs an abnormal value.

• Burnout up method : The pressure gauge is forced to overshoot to its upper

limit, no matter what value is inputted.

• Burnout down method : The pressure gauge is forced to overshoot to its lower

limit, no matter what value is inputted.

The PTG Series Transmitter is designed to use non-burnout method. Even if an abnormal condition occurs in the pressure gauge, the abnormal status can be displayed by operating the SFC, providing full information on the status. If the abnormal condition recovers, the normal value is automatically outputted.

~Note If abnormal conditions are encountered, a message is displayed in the data display window of the SFC, regardless if the product has the burnout function or not.

Procedure

Confirm the direction of output overshooting in the event of burnout by performing the following.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the SHIFT key.	SHIFT-
2	Press the stat key. • If the non-burnout method is used, "NON-B/O" will appear.	F/SAFE F/SAFE NON-B/O
3	Press the CLR (No) key.	DSTJ FIT-1234 READY

Displaying the manufacturing number (PROM NO.)

Overview

Although the manufacturing number of this product (PROM NO.) is shown on the identification plate, you can also check it from the SFC.

Procedure

Check the manufacturing number (PROM NO.) using the following procedure. Here we have the manufacturing number as being 2000000000.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the CONF key.	DSTJ CONFIG CONFORM?
2	Press the REV key twice.	DSTJ CONFIG PROM NO?
3	Press the ENTER (Yes) key.	PROM NO. 20000000000
4	After checking the manufacturing number (PROM NO.), press the CLR (No) key twice.	DSTJ FIT-1234 READY

Displaying the temperature of sensor

Procedure

Check the temperature at the sensor section using the following procedure. The temperature at the sensor section given here is $27^{\circ}C$ { $81^{\circ}F$ }.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the CONF key.	DSTJ CONFIG CONFORM?
2	Press the REV key three times.	DSTJ CONFIG SENSOR TEMP?
3	Press the ENTER (Yes) key. Result: The temperature at the sensor section is displayed.	SENSOR TEMP WORKING SENSOR TEMP T=27°C
4	After checking the temperature, press the key twice.	DSTJ FIT-1234 READY

Displaying the software version

Procedure

Check the software version as follows. The software version given here is 7.1.

SFC : 7.1 PTG7_0 : E.1

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the SHIFT key.	SHIFT-
2	Press the 3 key. Note • If the SFC is not in communication with the transmitters, the display shown at right will appear. • If the SFC is in communication with the transmitter, the display shown at the right will appear.	VERSION SFC=7.1 VERSION FIT-1234 SFC +7.1 XMTR=E.1
3	After checking the software version, press the	DSTJ FIT-1234 READY

Printing function (Optional)

Printing

There are two kinds of printing functions, and they both use different keys.

- Maintenance printing
 Using the maintenance printing function, you can print out the data stored in the
 Transmitter (tag number, damping time constant, output range, pressure, output
 value, etc.).
- Action printing
 Using the action printing function, you can print the responses of the Transmitter each time you operate the SFC keys.

Feeding the form

Feed in the paper roll as follows.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the shift and 8° keys in that order.	PRINTER FEED
	Result:	
	Each time you press the 8° key, the recording form will be advanced by one line.	
2	Press the CLR key to cancel the paper feeding function.	DSTJ FIT-1234 READY
	Result: "PRINTER FEED" disappears and the display revert to the initial screen.	

Printing function: Printing out data stored in the transmitter (Maintenance printing)

To print out data stored in the transmitter

This printing function is used to record the settings of the Transmitter and the status of functional problems (specifically, to print the tag number, damping time constant, output range, pressure, output value, results of self-diagnosis and other data.)

Procedure

Print out the data stored in the Transmitter as follows.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the CLR (No).key.	DSTJ FIT-1234 READY
2	Press the SHIFT key.	SHIFT-
3	Press the g P key. Result:	WORKING
	Printing starts.	DSTJ FIT-1234 READY

Example of maintenance printing

Figure 6-4 shows how the data printouts and what each line means.

Example of data printout	Meaning
'97-08-01 02:22	Date, time
TAG No. FIT 1234	Tag Number
TYPE : GAUG. PRESSURE	Type of Transmitter
ANA/DE : ANALOG XMTR	Output signal mode
FORM : LINEAR	Output signal form
PROM # : 2174925012	PROM number
SW VER: E.1	Software Version
DAMP : 0.00 sec.	Damping Time Constant
SPAN : 4.000 MPa	Span
LRV : 0.0000 MPa	Lower Range Value
URV : 4.000 MPa	Upper Range Value
URL : 10 MPa	Upper Range Limit
F/SAFE : NON-B/O	Direction of burnout
DISPLAY	Setting of digital indicator (optional)
CONF : LINEAR	(Note: Data will print out regardless of an optional digital indicator.)
TYPE : ENG UNIT	
EULO : 10.000	Engineering Unit, Lower Range Value
EUHO : 90.00	Engineering Unit, Upper Range Value
INPUT : 0.0012 MPa	Transmitter input pressure
OUTPUT: 0.02%	Transmitter output (%)
SV : T = 24°C	Sensor Temperature
STATUS CHECK = OK	Results of self-diagnosis

Figure 6-4 Example of maintenance printing

Printing function: Continuous printing (Action print)

Action print

This printing function is used to continuously print out data on the responses of the Transmitter each time the SFC keys are used. If you want the data for your record, this printing function may be used.

Procedure

Action Print can be followed as below.

~Note *This procedure can be performed during measurement.*

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the CLR (No).key.	DSTJ FIT-1234 READY
2	Press the shift and other keys in that order.	DSTJ FIT-1234 ACTION PRINT?
3	Press the ENTER (Yes) key.	
	Result: What is shown below is printed. * ACTION PRINT * START TAG NO. 001XXXXX (tag number) '97.04.19 11:52 (date and time)	
4	From this step onward, the responses of the transmitter will be printed out each time the SFC keys are operated.	
5	To cancel this printing function, press the SHIFT and O z keys in that order.	DSTJ FIT-1234 ACTION PRINT?
6	Press the CLR (No) .key. Result: " * ACTION PRINT * end" message is printed and printing ends.	

Example of action printing

Pressing the keys as shown at left will produce the printout shown at right.

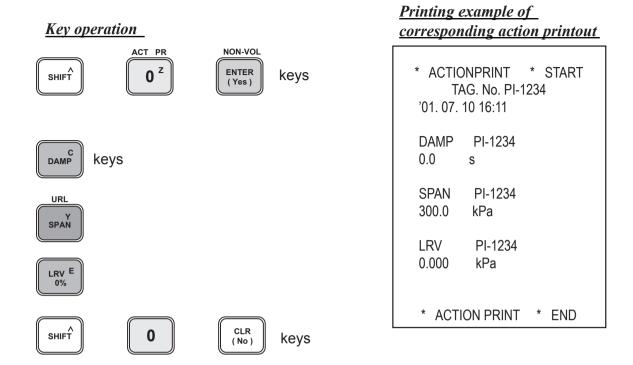


Figure 6-5 Example of action printing

Output mode

Overview

The output of the Transmitter can be set at a constant current in the range of 4mA (0%) to 20 mA (100%). The setting of the constant current is done in the output mode. This function is convenient for performing a loop check.

Procedure

Set the constant current source mode by following the procedure below. Here in this example, the output is set at 50% (12mA).

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the out. J. key. Result: The current output is displayed.	OUTPUT FIT-1234 WORKING OUTPUT FIT-1234 10.00 %
2	Press the numeric keys 5 and 0 keys in that order.	OUTPUT FIT-1234 50 %
3	Press the ENTER (Yes) key.	OUTPUT FIT-1234 WORKING
	Result: This product outputs 12 mA (50%) Note The # symbol indicates that it is in constant current source mode.	OUTPUT FIT-1234 50 % #

Canceling the output mode

Procedure

Cancel the output mode by the following procedure.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the out. J key. Result: The current output is displayed.	OUTPUT FIT-1234 WORKING OUTPUT FIT-1234 50 % #
2	Press the clr key. Result: The constant current mode has been cancelled. Note Check to ensure that the # symbol disappears.	OUTPUT FIT-1234 WORKING OUTPUT FIT-1234 READY

Checking the display format (Linear output) of the Indicator (Optional)

Procedure

Check the display format of the transmitter using the following procedure.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the CONFkey.	DSTJ TAG NO. CONFORM?
2	Press the Key.	DSTJ CONFIG DISPLAY?
3	Press the ENTER (Yes) key.	DISPLAY CONF LINEAR
4	Press the shift and clr keys in that order.	SHIFT-
		↓
		DSTJ FIT-1234 READY

Checking and changing the display format (Engineering unit, % display) of the indicator

The indicator can be set to either selected engineering unit or % display. Here is the procedure for checking and changing the display format.

Procedure

Check the display format of the indicator using the following procedure.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press keys CONF, NON-VOL and NEXT and You can now check the currently set display format (either selected EU or % display).	DISPLAY TYPE % (0.0) or DISPLAY TYPE ENG. UNIT (3.5 FIG)
2	Note • If you want to change the currently set display format, press the MENU and NON-VOL ENTER (Yes) keys and proceed to step 3. • If you want to confirm the currently set display format, press the (No) key twice.	
3	Press the Key. • The display format of the SFC has been changed. (The display format of the transmitter is not changed.)	DISPLAY TYPE ENTERED IN SFC
4	Press the CLR (No) and ENTER (Yes) keys in that order. • The display format of the transmitter is now changed.	DISPLAY DOWNLOAD DATA? DISPLAY DATA LOADED
5	Press the CLR (No) key twice.	DSTJ FIT-1234 READY

Checking or changing the upper and lower range values on the indicator

Overview

URV and LRV for the engineering unit can be set on the indicator by following the procedure below.

Procedure

Set URV and LRV (EULO and EUHI) on the indicator by following the procedure.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press keys Conf , A H NEXT , ENTER (Yes) and	DISPLAY TYPE ENG. UNIT (3.5 FIG)
	Check to see if the scale on the indicator is calibrated in the specified EU.	
2	Press the key. • In step 4 and 5, enter LRV of -10.0 for the EU.	EULO (at 0%) 0.0000
3	Press the $+//$, 1^{\vee} , 0^{z} , \longrightarrow and \bigcirc keys in that order.	EULO (at 0%) -10.0
4	Press the ENTER (Yes) key. • One LRV for EU (-10.0) has been entered.	EULO (at 0%) ENTERED IN SFC
5	Press the key. • In steps 7 and 8, enter an URV of 50.0 for EU.	EUHI (at 100%)

Step	Description	SFC screen
6	Press the $\begin{bmatrix} 5^{s} \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 0^{z} \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 0^{z} \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} 0^{z} \end{bmatrix}$ keys in that order.	EUHI (at 100%) 50.00
7	Press the ENTER (Yes) key. • The URV for EU (50.0) has been entered.	EULO (at 0%) ENTERED IN SFC
8	Press the keys AH and ENTER (Yes). • The URV and LRV for EU have been changed to the specified values.	DISPLAY DOWNLOAD DATA? DISPLAY WORKING DISPLAY DATA LOADED!
9	Press the shift and clr key in that order.	↓
10	Press keys SHIFT and STER (Yes) in that order. • The data has been stored in the transmitter.	SHIFT-
		WORKING DSTJ FIT-1234 DATA NONVOLATILE DSTJ FIT-1234 READY

6-2: Calibration by SFC

Verify the output signal

Procedure

Use the following steps to put the transmitter into the Output Mode, and verify that the transmitter is operating properly and able to transmit a 0 and 100% output signal.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the output is displayed on the screen.	OUTPUT FIT-1234 WORKING OUTPUT FIT-1234 0.00 %
2	Press the $\begin{bmatrix} 0^{Z} \end{bmatrix}$ key. (if the output is set at 100%, press keys $\begin{bmatrix} 1^{V} \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 0^{Z} \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} ACT & PR \\ 0^{Z} \end{bmatrix}$.)	OUTPUT FIT-1234 0 %
3	Press the Result: The transmitter is now in the 4-mA (20-mA) constant current source mode.	OUTPUT FIT-1234 WORKING OUTPUT FIT-1234 0.00 % #
4	Check to see that the reading on the amperemeter is 4mA (20mA).	
5	Press the out. J key.	OUTPUT FIT-1234 WORKING OUTPUT FIT-1234 0.00 % #

Step	Description	SFC screen
6	Press the COR. K RECT key.	OUTPUT FIT-1234 CORRECT DAC ZER#
	 Note • If the reading on the amperemeter is 4mA (20mA), proceed to step 9. • If the reading on the amperemeter is less than 4mA (20mA), proceed to step 7. • If the reading on the amperemeter is greater than 4mA (20mA), proceed to step 8. 	
7	 Press the key. After pressing the key once, check the reading on the amperemeter. Press the key until the reading becomes 4mA (20mA). When the reading becomes 4mA (20mA), proceed to step 9. 	OUTPUT FIT-1234 WORKING OUTPUT FIT-1234 INCREASED 4mA # OUTPUT FIT-1234 CORRECT DAC ZER #
8	Press the key level. After pressing the key once, check the reading on the amperemeter. Press the key until the reading becomes 4mA (20mA).	OUTPUT FIT-1234 WORKING OUTPUT FIT-1234 DECREASED 4mA # OUTPUT FIT-1234 CORRECT DAC ZER #
9	Go to "Saving the calibrated values and cancelling the Output Mode" on page 6-32.	

Saving the calibrated values and cancelling the Output Mode

Procedure

Save the calibrated values and cancel the Output Mode using the following procedure.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the CLR (No) key.	FIT-1234 READY
2	Press keys shift and hon-vol. Result: *Data storage has been completed.	DSTJ TAG NO. WORKING DSTJ FIT-1234 DATA NONVOLATIL #
3	Press the output key. Result: The display on the right is shown on the screen, indicating that the current output is 0% (100%).	OUTPUT FIT-1234 WORKING OUTPUT FIT-1234 0.00 % #
4	Press the CLR (No) key. Result: The # symbol disappears, indicating that the Output Mode has been cancelled.	OUTPUT FIT-1234 WORKING OUTPUT FIT-1234 READY

Calibrating the set range by inputting the actual pressure

Overview

This section describes how to calibrate URV and LRV for the set range by inputting a reference pressure into the Transmitter using the SFC.

Calibrate the LRV first and then URV.

Calibration devices

Generally, the calibration devices listed below are required:

• Reference pressure generator: A generator capable of producing pressure over a

range of measurement close to that of the trans-

mitter to be tested.

• Accuracy : $\pm 0.05\%$ F.S. or $\pm 0.1\%$ (whichever is larger)

• Power supply : 24 V DC

• Standard resistor : $250 \Omega \pm 0.005\%$

• Voltmeter : Digital voltmeter (10 V DC range) with an accu-

racy of $\pm 0.02\%$ rdg + 1dgt

SFC

Requirements for calibration



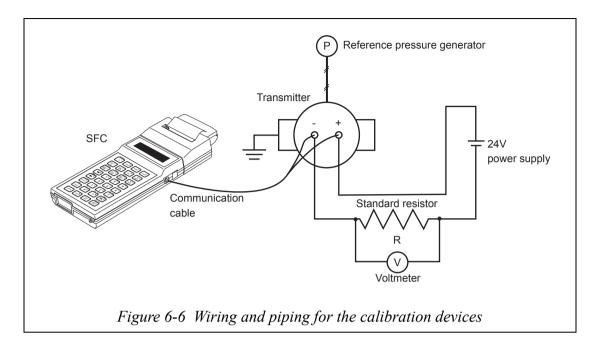
$oldsymbol{\Lambda}$ CAUTION

When conducting the actual-pressure calibration, the following requirements must be satisfied:

- The calibration must be conducted in a testing laboratory where there is no wind.
- The standard temperature is 23°C {73°F} and the standard humidity is 65%. Room temperatures from 15°C {59°F} to 35°C {95°F} and room humidity from 45% to 75% are acceptable as long as the result of measurement is not influenced.
- It is best if the accuracy of the measuring instruments to be four times greater than that of the Transmitter.

Assembling the calibration devices

Connect the calibration devices as shown below:



Calibrating the lower range value

Procedure

Calibrate the LRV of actual pressure using following procedure. This procedure is followed when normal communication between the SFC and the Transmitter has been established.

In this procedure, 2 MPa {290 psi} has been defined as the LRV.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the DE READ key.	DSTJ TAG NO. LIN GP FIT-1234
2	Apply pressure so that the pressure reading on the reference pressure generator's pressure gauge read 2 MPa {290 psi}.	
3	Press the key. • The LRV that the transmitter has stored in memory is displayed.	LRV FIT-1234 2 MPa
4	Press the cor. K key.	LRV FIT-1234 CORRECT LRV?
5	Press the ENTER (Yes) key twice.	LRV FIT-1234 ARE YOU SURE!?
	Result: The LRV is calibrated to the current input pressure of the transmitter.	LRV FIT-1234 WORKING
		LRV FIT-1234 LRV CORRECTED
6	Press the key. • The display shown at the right appears on the screen, confirming the LRV stored in the transmitters memory.	LRV FIT-1234 2 MPa

Step	Description	SFC screen
7	Press the shift and entermoder.	SHIFT-
	Result: • The calibrated LRV is saved in the transmitter.	DSTJ FIT-1234 WORKING
		DSTJ FIT-1234 DATA NONVOLATILE
		DSTJ FIT-1234 READY

Calibrating the upper range value

Procedure

Calibrate the URV by following the procedure.

In the example below, 10 MPa {1,450 psi} has been defined as the URV.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the DE READ key.	DSTJ TAG NO. LIN GP FIT-1234
2	Apply pressure so that the reference pressure generator's pressure gauge reads 10 MPa {1,450 psi}.	
3	 Press the urv F key. The URV that the transmitter has stored in memory appears on the screen. (Here, 10 MPa {1,450 psi} is defined as the URV.) 	URV FIT-1234 10 MPa
4	Press the COR. K RECT key.	URV FIT-1234 CORRECT URV?
5	Press the Key twice. Result: The URV is calibrated to the current input pressure of the transmitter.	URV FIT-1234 ARE YOU SURE!? URV FIT-1234 WORKING URV FIT-1234 URV CORRECTED
6	Press the wey. • The display at right appears on the screen, confirming the URV stored in the transmitter's memory.	URV FIT-1234 10 MPa

Step	Description	SFC screen
7	Press the shift and enter keys in that order.	SHIFT-
	Result: • The calibrated URV is saved in the transmitter.	DSTJ FIT-1234 WORKING
		DSTJ FIT-1234 DATA NONVOLATILE
		DSTJ FIT-1234 READY

Resetting calibrated data

Procedure

Perform the following procedure to revert calibrated or entered values to the values pertaining before calibration or data entry.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the keys shift and cor. RESET in that order.	SHIFT-
		DSTJ FIT-1234 RESET CORRECTS?
2	Press the NON-VOL key.	DSTJ FIT-1234 CORRECTS RESET #
	Result: About 2 seconds later, the display at right appears on the screen and the calibrated data will revert to the data stored at the time of delivery of the transmitter to the customer.	DSTJ FIT-1234 READY #

Erasing the # symbol

Overview

The # symbol appears when the calibrated or entered value has been reset to the initial value. This symbol can be erased by performing the following procedure. When doing so, use the actual pressure values. Therefore, input the actual pressure into the Transmitter by referring to "Calibrating the set range by inputting the actual pressure" on page 6-33.

Setting LRV for actual pressure

Set the LRV for actual pressure by performing the following procedure.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Set the actual pressure inputted into the transmitter to 0 MPa.	DSTJ FIT-1234 READY
2	Press the key.	LRV FIT-1234 0.0000 MPa #
3	Press set key.	LRV FIT-1234 SET LRV? #
4	Press the NON-VOL key.	LRV FIT-1234 WORKING
	Result: • The LRV is stored and displayed.	LRV FIT-1234 0.0 MPa #

Calibrating the LRV of the actual pressure

Calibrate the LRV of the actual pressure by performing the following procedure.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the Key.	LRV FIT-1234 0.0 MPa #
2	Press the COR. K RECT key.	LRV FIT-1234 SET LRV? #
3	Press the RITER (Yes) key.	LRV FIT-1234 ARE YOU SURE? #
4	Press the NON-VOL key.	LRV FIT-1234 WORKING
	Result: • The LRV has been calibrated.	LRV FIT-1234 CORRECTED #
5	Press the keys shift and enter in that order.	SHIFT-
	Result: * Data is stored in the memory.	DSTJ FIT-1234 WORKING
		DSTJ FIT-1234 DATA NONVOLATIL #
		DSTJ FIT-1234 READY
6	Turn off the power to the transmitter and then turn it on again.	

Step	Description	SFC screen
7	Press the DE READ key.	DSTJ FIT-1234 WORKING
		DSTJ TAG NO. LIN DP FIT-1234
8	Press the symbol has disappeared.	DSTJ FIT-1234 WORKING
		DSTJ FIT-1234 STATUS CHECK=OK

6-3: Self-diagnostic messages from SFC

Troubleshooting and verification of normal functioning

Verifying the normal functioning and self-diagnosis

Using the SFC, you can verify that the Transmitter is operating normally. If the Transmitter has trouble functioning, follow the self-diagnostic messages provided by the SFC. If abnormal conditions are encountered in the Transmitter, in the process, in the SFC or in the communication system during measurement, follow the self-diagnostic messages.

Procedure

When verifying the normal functioning, connect the SFC to the Transmitter and perform the following procedure.

Step	Description	SFC screen
1	Press the STAT key.	
	 Note • When the "STATUS CHECK=OK" message appears, the process of verifying normal functioning ends. • When any message other than "STA-THE CHECK OF THE CHE	
	TUS CHECK=OK" appears, take an appropriate action by referring to the instructions given in the following pages. Proceed to step 2.	DSTJ FIT-1234 WORKING
2	Note • Take an appropriate action by referring to the messages given on the following pages. • If there is more than one massage.	DSTJ FIT-1234 STATUS CHECK=OK
	 If there is more than one message, each message will be displayed for about 2 seconds alternately. 	DSTJ FIT-1234 READY

If abnormal conditions are encountered during communication

Message and action

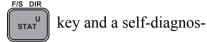
If the "CRITICAL STATUS" message is displayed during communication, take the action given below.

Message	Action
DSTJ FIT-1234 CRITICAL STATUS	Press the star key. Deal with the abnormal conditions encountered by following the displayed messages.
PRESS STATUS!	Note • Even if the "CRITICAL STATUS" message is displayed, three keys in and stat are still operable.
	• After taking an action, press the star key to check that the "SELF-DIAGNOSIS RESULT OK" message is appears.
:	The battery power is becoming low. Follow the instructions given in the SFC operation manual (CM2-SFC100-2001).
#	 Press the stat key. Deal with the abnormal conditions by following the displayed messages. When the problem has been eliminated, the # symbol will disappear. When the # symbol disappears, press the stat we get to display the "SELF-DIAGNOSIS RESULT OK" message.

Self-diagnostic message

Message

When abnormal conditions are encountered, press the



tic message will appear. The meaning of the messages and the actions to take are as follows.

If the abnormal condition seems to have occurred in the process, SFC or communication system:

Message	Description, cause	Action to take
NO XMTR RESPONSE	Receiving instrument does not respond.	 Reperform the procedure for starting communication. Press the start key and look at the message. Check the connection of the loop and SFC.

If the abnormal condition seems to have occurred in the transmitter:

Message	Description, cause	Action to take
MDU/DAC COMP FLT	MDU/DAC Fault	Contact an Azbil Corp. representative.
ROM FAULT	ROM Fault	Contact an Azbil Corp. representative.

If abnormal conditions seem to have occurred in SFC or a communication system:

Message	Description, cause	Action to take
FAILED COMM CHK	Preface to a trouble message	
HI RES/LO VOLT	Extra-high loop resistance Extra-low voltage of a power supply	Adjust loop resistance.Increase the voltage of the power supply

Message	Description, cause	Action to take
ILLEGAL RESPONSE	Improper communication	Check the connection, wiring and power supplies.
LOW LOOP RES	Extra-low loop resistance value	Adjust the resistance value.
PRINTER FAIL!	Printer failure	Contact an Azbil Corp. representative.
SFC FAULT	SFC Fault	 Restart the procedure for starting communication. If the same message persists, contact an Azbil Corp. representative.

If an operational mistake seems to have been made:

Message	Description, cause	Action to take
CORRECT LRV?	Was the correct value entered to set the range to 0%? Verify the entered value. I wrong value was entered, it.	
CORRECT URV?	What value was entered to set the range to 100%? Verify the entered value. If a wrong value was entered, correlit.	
CORRECT RESET #	Calibration must be performed again.	Calibrate the URV and LRV of the range.
ENTRY>SENS RNG	The set value is 1.5 times greater than the URV of the range shown on a pressure gauge	After checking the value by pressing the CLR (No) key, enter the correct value.
EXCESS SPAN COR #	Excessive span calibration	Calibrate the URV of the range.

Message	Description, cause	Action to take
EXCESS ZERO COR #	Excessive zero calibration	Calibrate the LRV of the range.
EXCESSIVE OUTPUT	Output value required in the constant current source mode is greater than output range (-1.25% to 105%).	After checking the value by pressing the CLR (No) key, enter the correct value.
INVALID REQUEST	Operational mistake during the operation of the SFC	Check the SFC operation procedure.
NOT SUPPORT	Do not use the key(s) that were pressed.	Press the correct keys.

Insulation resistance test, voltage withstand test

Precautions

Generally, insulation resistance and voltage withstand tests are not required. If these tests are conducted, the built-in varistor for surge voltage absorption may be damaged. If these tests are absolutely necessary due to unavoidable circumstances, follow the specified test procedure very carefully.

Test procedure

- 1. Remove the external wires from the Transmitter.
- 2. Short-circuit the + and SUPPLY terminals.
- 3. Tests must be conducted between these short-circuited terminals and the ground terminals.
- 4. Voltage to be applied and judgment criteria are shown below. To prevent damage to the instruments, voltages higher than the voltage values shown below should not be applied.

Judgement criteria

Voltage to be applied and judgment criteria are as follows.

Test	Judgement criteria
Insulation resistance test	More than $2 \times 10^7 \Omega$ at an applied voltage of 25 V DC (25°C ±5°C {77°F ±9°F}, less than 60% RH)
Voltage withstand test	50 V AC, 1 minute, current set at 2mA

Chapter 7: Spare Parts

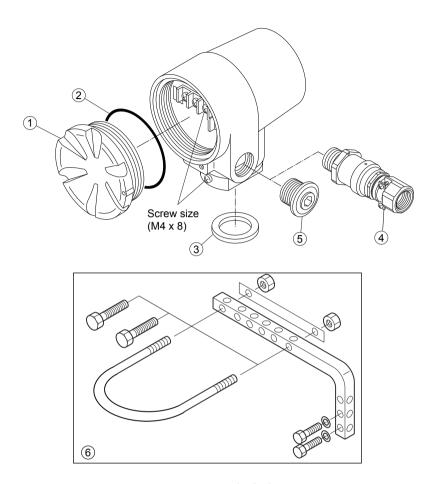


Figure 7-1 Exploded view

Table 7-1 Spare parts

No.	Parts description	Part number	Qty.	Unit
1	Case cover (with an O-ring)	80370406-001	1	1EA
2	O-ring	80020935-842	1	1-F
3	Gasket (for male screw)	80370122-001	1 1-F	1 0
	Gasket (for male screw)	80370122-002		1-Г
4	Pressure packing set	80370411-001	1	1EA
5	Plug (with an O-ring)	80381081-002	1	1EA
6	Mounting hardware	80370404-001	1	1EA
7	Unit seal set	80370187-001	1	1-F

Spare Parts Azbil Corporation

Appendix - Operational Manual for HART® Communication (For Model PTG72)

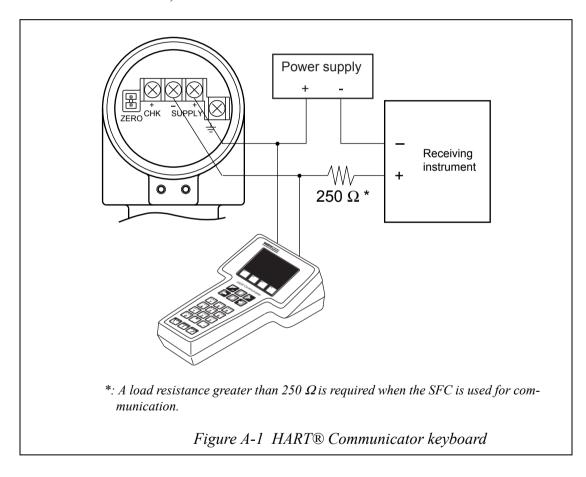
Section 1: Starting Communications

Instructions for connecting HART® Communicator to this transmitter.

Basic instructions for Key-pad operation.

1-1: Connecting Communicator

You connect the communicator directly to signal terminals on the transmitter's terminal block or at any location in the 4 to 20mA loop. (Polarity of the communicator connection does not matter)



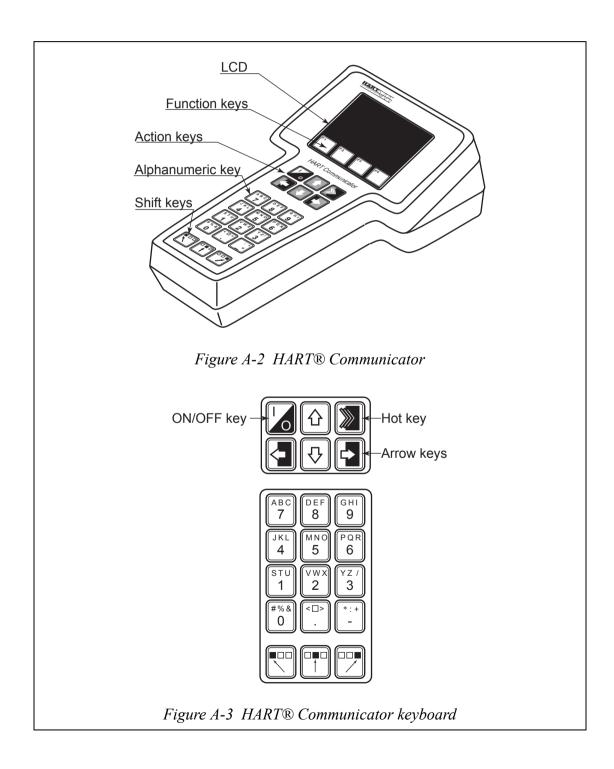
Appendix Azbil Corporation

A CAUTION

Do not hook up the HART® Communicator to the bilingual S900 in "DE Enable" while the control loop is in the automatic mode.

When the HART® communicator is hooked up to the bilingual S900 in "DE Enable", the transmitter output might trip due to the rush current generated by the big capacitance in the HART® communicator.

1-2: HART® Communicator Keyboard



Azbil Corporation Appendix

1-3: Symbols on Communicator Screen

Flashing heart icon in the upper right corner indicates that the transmitter and communicator are communicating.

This left arrow symbol indicates that the left arrow on the keypad brings you back to previous menu.

↑or ↓ These arrows indicate there is more column to scroll though, using the indicated arrow on the keypad.

→ This right arrow indicates a menu item has menu option.

1-4: Keying in Alphanumeric Characters

To key in an alphabet at the top of a key, press the arrow key indicating the position of the character on the key, then press the alphanumeric key.

$$+ \begin{bmatrix} A & B & C \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} = A$$

Appendix Azbil Corporation

1-5: Establishing Communications

This procedure starts communications between the transmitter and the communicator:

STEP	Action and/or Description		
1	Turn on communicator. The communicator runs a self-test check then determines if it is connected to a transmitter.		
2	 If you receive a communication error message (No Device Found), check the following: Loop resistance: Is there a minimum of 250 Ω resistance between the communicator and the power supply? 		
	• Power supply: Is power applied? Is there greater than 11 volts at the transmitter?		
	Correct any problems, and try communicating again. If the message, or any other error message, appears again, refer to Section 7 - Trouble shooting for probable cause.		
3	When the "Online" display - shown below - appears, you have established communication with the transmitter. The flashing heart icon in the upper right corner indicates the communicator and the transmitter are communicating.		
	PTG: TAG001 Online 1 → Device setup 2 PV 0.0005 psi 3 AO 12.00 mA 4 LRV -50.000 psi 5 URV 50.000 psi SAVE		

1-6: Checking Basic Data

This procedure checks the transmitter's factory-set configuration parameters:

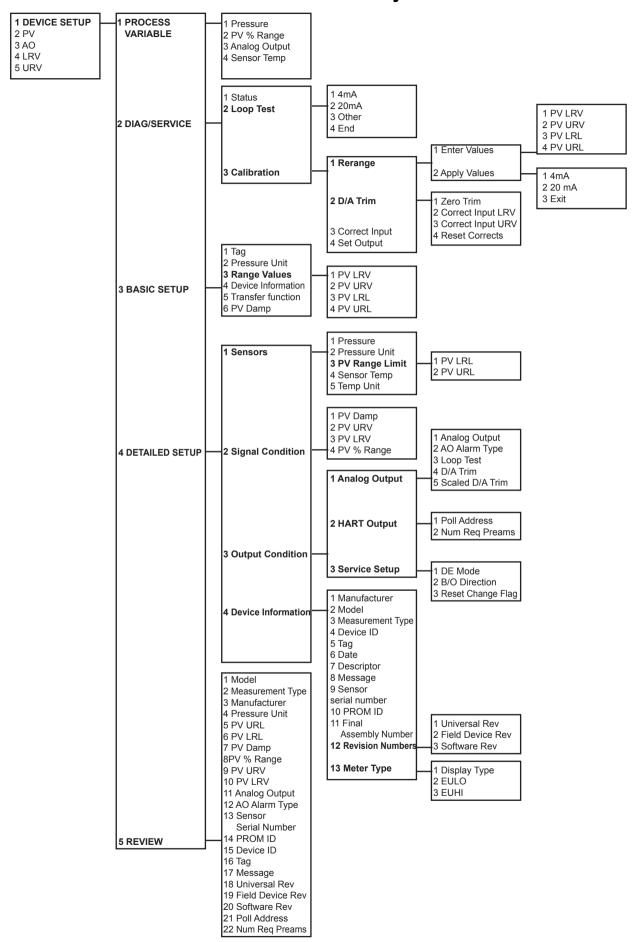
•	, , ,			
STEP	Action and/or Description			
1	From the "Online" menu, enter "Device setup" by pressing the right arrow (→) key on the communicator keypad.			
2	Press the down arrow (↓) key to scroll down to menu-item "5 Review". When highlighted press the right arrow (→) key to enter review function. PTG: TAG001 REVIEW Model PTG HELP PREV SAVE EXIT			
3	Press PREV and/or NEXT to scroll through the configuration data including: • Model • Measurement type • Manufacturer • Pressure unit • URL (Upper Range Limit) • LRL (Lower Range Limit) • Damping • PV% Range • Transfer function (linear or square root) • PV URV (Upper Range Value) • PV LRV (Lower Range Value) • Analog output (in mA) • AO Alarm type • Sensor serial number • PROM ID • Device ID • Tag name • Message • Universal revision number • Field device revision number • Software revision number • Polling address			
4	Number of required preambles Press EXIT to go back to the "Device setup" menu.			

Section 2 : Configuration

This section introduces you configuration of PTG transmitter with HART® option using the HART® Communicator.

This section also provides an overview of the HART® Communicator, including menus and keyboards.

2-1: HART® Communicator Menu Summary



2-2: Changing Tag No.

This shows how to change or enter tag number.

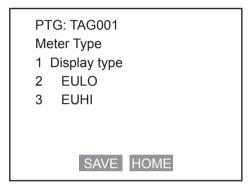
(Device setup) - (Detailed setup) - (Device information) - (Tag)

After entering a tag number with pressing ENTER, press SEND to download the change to the transmitter.

2-3: Indicator Display Format

This shows how to configure display format and/or its ranges.

(Device setup) - (Detailed setup) - (Device information) - (Meter type)



2-3-1: Display Type

Mode	Description		
E.UNIT	Displaying PV with engineering unit (-19999EU ≤ PV ≤ +19999EU)		
%	Displaying PV in % (-199.9% ≤ PV ≤ +199.9%)		

2-3-2: EULO / EUHI

 $\,$ EULO and EUHI must be configured between -19999 and +19999 to indicate PV with an engineering unit.

EULO: The value to be indicated when the output is 0%

EUHI: The value to be indicated when the output is 100%

Displayed Value (EU) = PV (%) X (EUHI-EULO) + EULO

2-3-3: Over Range

The display will flash when the PV exceeds -1.25% or +105%.

2-4: Selecting unit of Measurement

This function is to select a pressure unit of the transmitter.

(Device setup) - (Basic setup) - (Pressure Unit)

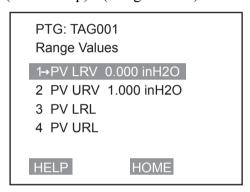
A pressure unit is able to be selected from the following;

$\begin{array}{cccc} in H_2O & in Hg & mm H_2O \\ mbar & g/Sqcm & kg/Sqcm \\ MPa & & \end{array}$	mmHg psi Pa kPa	bar
---	--------------------	-----

2-5: Setting Range Values

This is to configure the measuring range of the transmitter.

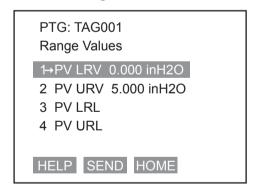
(Device setup) - (Basic setup) - (Range values)



Select PV LRV or PV URV to key in the desired setting. The measuring range can be set from -105% to +105% of URL.

Press ENTER. This takes you back to "Range values" menu.

Press SEND to download change to transmitter.

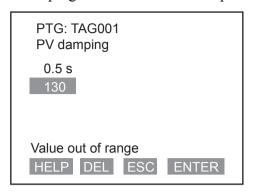


If the number of digit you key in is more than four, the set range is not appeared on "Range Values" menu.

LRL and URL are to refer only.

2-6: Adjusting Damping Time

You can adjust the damping time to reduce the output noise.



(Device setup) - (Detailed setup) - (Signal condition) - (PV damping)

When PV damping menu, key in appropriate damping time from 0.0 to 128.0, and the press ENTER. A display will prompt when you enter the value out of range that the value is out of range.



ATTENTION

The damping time set by HART® Communicator might not be corresponding to that which is displayed on the SFC. Reconfigure the damping time with SFC when the transmitter is used in the DE enable mode. (ref. 5.2 DE Mode)

Section 3: Start-up and Operation

This section identifies how to access typical data associated with the start-up and the operation of model PTG with HART® communication option. It includes the procedure for running an analog output check

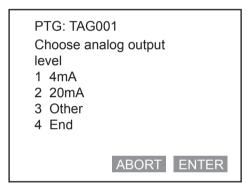
3-1: Running Analog Output Check

You can put the transmitter into a constant-current source mode, which maintains the output that is set between 4mA (0%) and 20mA (100%).

This shows how to configure the transmitter in a constant-current source mode and to return to its original output.

(Device setup) - (Detailed setup) - (Output condition) - (Analog output) - (Loop test)

You will be prompted to put the loop into manual mode. After doing so, press ENTER. Then, the following screen is appeared.



- Select 4mA to set the output signal level to 4mA (0%).
- Select 20mA to set the output signal level to 20mA (100%).
- Select Other and press ENTER, then use communicator's keyboard to enter other values.
- When the transmitter has the display, the PV which is set will flash.
- Select End and press ENTER. The communicator will notify you that it is returning transmitter to its original output.

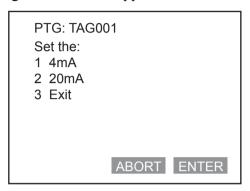
3-2: Configuring Ranges with Applying Pressure

This shows how to configure ranges with applying 4mA / 20mA input pressure.

(Device setup) - (Diag/Service) - (Calibration) - (Rearange) - (Apply Values)

You will be warned to remove the loop from automatic control. After doing so, press ENTER.

Then the following screen will be appeared.



• Choose 4mA then press ENTER.

A display will prompt you to apply new 4mA input.

When "Current applied process value" display appears, choose "Set as 4mA value" then press ENTER.

Return the loop to automatic.

Section 4: Calibration

This section provides information about calibrating the transmitter's analog output and measuring range. It also covers the procedure for resetting calibration to default values.

4-1: Calibrating Analog Output Signal

You can calibrate the transmitter's analog output circuit at its and 100% levels by using the transmitter in its constant-current source mode.

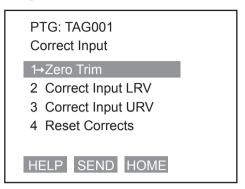
(Device setup) - (Detailed setup) - (Output Condition) - (Analog output) - (D/A trim)

STEP	Action/Description			
1	You will be warned to remove the loop from automatic control. After doing so, press OK. When prompt appears, connect a precision milliammeter or volt meter (0.03% accuracy or better) in loop to check readings. Press OK.			
2	 The following display prompts will appear: Setting field device output to 4 mA. Press OK. Enter meter value. Key in meter value, then press OK. Is field device output 4.000 mA equal to reference meter? 1 Yes 2 No If not equal, select No, press ENTER, then key in new meter value. (returns to "Enter meter value" prompt until field device output equals reference meter.) If equal, select Yes, press ENTER. 			
3	 The following display prompts will appear: Setting field device output to 20 mA. Press OK. Enter meter value. Key in meter value, then press ENTER. Is field device output 20.000 mA equal to reference meter? 1 Yes 2 No If not equal, select No, press ENTER, then key in new meter value. (Returns to "Enter meter value" prompt until field device output equals reference meter.) If equal, select Yes, press ENTER. Prompt notifies you that the field device will be returned to its original output. 			

4-2: Calibrating Range

The ST3000 Smart Transmitter has two-point calibration. This means when you calibrate two points in the range, all the points in that range adjust to that calibration.

(Device setup) - (Diag/Service) - (Calibration) - (Correct Input)



- Select "Correct Input LRV" or "Correct Input URV".
- You will be warned to remove the loop from automatic control. After doing so, press OK.
- When prompted, adjust pressure source to apply pressure equal to LRV (0%) or URV (100%), then press OK.
- When pressure is stable, press OK.
- When prompted, remove pressure.

4-3: Resetting Calibration

A Corrects Rest returns the zero and span calibration factors to their default values. The transmitter calculates its output based on the characterization equation alone, without any compensation for the residual errors.

(Device setup) - (Diag/Service) - (Calibration) - (Reset Corrects)

- When prompted, remove the loop from automatic control. Press OK.
- Prompt notifies you that a Reset Corrects is about to occur. Press OK.
- When message "Reset Corrects OK" appears, press OK.
- Calibration is reset to default values.
- When prompted, return the loop to automatic control and press OK.

Section 5 : Service Setup Menu

Service Setup menu includes;

- DE Mode
- B/O Direction
- · Reset Change Flag

To enter Service Setup menu, password number is required.

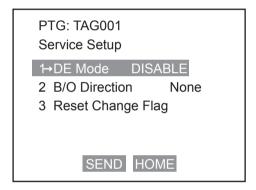
5-1: Entering Service Setup Menu

(Device setup) - (Detailed Setup) - (Output Condition) - (Service Setup)

When the prompt notifies you that password number is required, press OK.

Key in "3000" as the password number.

The following display will appear.



5-2: DE Mode

The model PTG with HART® communication option has capability to communicate with both HART® Communicator and SFC (Smart Field Communicator).

The function to communicate with SFC is disabled when the transmitter is shipped.



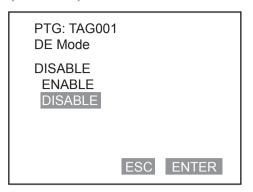
WARNING

Hooking up HART® Communicator with enabling the DE mode might cause output fluctuation.

Do not hook up the HART® Communicator "On Line" when the DE mode is enabled.

To enable the function, follow the procedure.

(Service Setup) - (DE Mode)



Select ENABLE and press ENTER.

5-3: Failsafe Direction

The failsafe direction of the transmitter cannot be configured.

Terms and Conditions

We would like to express our appreciation for your purchase and use of Azbil Corporation's products. You are required to acknowledge and agree upon the following terms and conditions for your purchase of Azbil Corporation's products (system products, field instruments, control valves, and control products), unless otherwise stated in any separate document, including, without limitation, estimation sheets, written agreements, catalogs, specifications and instruction manuals.

1. Warranty period and warranty scope

1.1 Warranty period

Azbil Corporation's products shall be warranted for one (1) year from the date of your purchase of the said products or the delivery of the said products to a place designated by you.

1.2 Warranty scope

In the event that Azbil Corporation's product has any failure attributable to azbil during the aforementioned warranty period, Azbil Corporation shall, without charge, deliver a replacement for the said product to the place where you purchased, or repair the said product and deliver it to the aforementioned place. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any failure falling under one of the following shall not be covered under this warranty:

- (1) Failure caused by your improper use of azbil product (noncompliance with conditions, environment of use, precautions, etc. set forth in catalogs, specifications, instruction manuals, etc.);
- (2) Failure caused for other reasons than Azbil Corporation's product;
- (3) Failure caused by any modification or repair made by any person other than Azbil Corporation or Azbil Corporation's subcontractors;
- (4) Failure caused by your use of Azbil Corporation's product in a manner not conforming to the intended usage of that product;
- (5) Failure that the state-of-the-art at the time of Azbil Corporation's shipment did not allow Azbil Corporation to predict; or
- (6) Failure that arose from any reason not attributable to Azbil Corporation, including, without limitation, acts of God, disasters, and actions taken by a third party.

Please note that the term "warranty" as used herein refers to equipment-only-warranty, and Azbil Corporation shall not be liable for any damages, including direct, indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages in connection with or arising out of Azbil Corporation's products.

2. Ascertainment of suitability

You are required to ascertain the suitability of Azbil Corporation's product in case of your use of the same with your machinery, equipment, etc. (hereinafter referred to as "Equipment") on your own responsibility, taking the following matters into consideration:

- (1) Regulations and standards or laws that your Equipment is to comply with.
- (2) Examples of application described in any documents provided by Azbil Corporation are for your reference purpose only, and you are required to check the functions and safety of your Equipment prior to your use.
- (3) Measures to be taken to secure the required level of the reliability and safety of your Equipment in your use Although azbil is constantly making efforts to improve the quality and reliability of Azbil Corporation's products, there exists a possibility that parts and machinery may break down.

 You are required to provide your Equipment with safety design such as fool-proof design, *1 and fail-safe design*2 (anti-flame propagation design, etc.), whereby preventing any occurrence of physical injuries, fires, significant damage, and so forth. Furthermore, fault avoidance, *3 fault tolerance,*4 or the like should be incorporated so that the said Equipment can satisfy the level of reliability and safety required for your use.
 - *1. A design that is safe even if the user makes an error.
 - *2. A design that is safe even if the device fails.
 - *3. Avoidance of device failure by using highly reliable components, etc.
 - *4. The use of redundancy.

3. Precautions and restrictions on application

Azbil Corporation's products other than those explicitly specified as applicable (e.g. azbil Limit Switch For Nuclear Energy) shall not be used in a nuclear energy controlled area (radiation controlled area).

Any Azbil Corporation's products shall not be used for/with medical equipment.

The products are for industrial use. Do not allow general consumers to install or use any Azbil Corporation's product. However, azbil products can be incorporated into products used by general consumers. If you intend to use a product for that purpose, please contact one of our sales representatives. In addition,

you are required to conduct a consultation with our sales representative and understand detail specifications, cautions for operation, and so forth by reference to catalogs, specifications, instruction manual, etc. in case that you intend to use azbil product for any purposes specified in (1) through (6) below.

Moreover, you are required to provide your Equipment with fool-proof design, fail-safe design, anti-flame propagation design, fault avoidance, fault tolerance, and other kinds of protection/safety circuit design on your own responsibility to ensure reliability and safety, whereby preventing problems caused by failure or nonconformity.

(1) For use under such conditions or in such environments as not stated in technical documents, including catalogs, specification, and instruction manuals

- (2) For use of specific purposes, such as:
 - * Nuclear energy/radiation related facilities
 [For use outside nuclear energy controlled areas] [For use of Azbil Corporation's Limit Switch For Nuclear Energy]
 - * Machinery or equipment for space/sea bottom
 - * Transportation equipment
 - [Railway, aircraft, vessels, vehicle equipment, etc.]
 - * Antidisaster/crime-prevention equipment
 - * Burning appliances
 - * Electrothermal equipment
 - * Amusement facilities
 - * Facilities/applications associated directly with billing
- (3) Supply systems such as electricity/gas/water supply systems, large-scale communication systems, and traffic/air traffic control systems requiring high reliability
- (4) Facilities that are to comply with regulations of governmental/public agencies or specific industries
- (5) Machinery or equipment that may affect human lives, human bodies or properties
- (6) Other machinery or equipment equivalent to those set forth in items (1) to (5) above which require high reliability and safety

4. Precautions against long-term use

Use of Azbil Corporation's products, including switches, which contain electronic components, over a prolonged period may degrade insulation or increase contact-resistance and may result in heat generation or any other similar problem causing such product or switch to develop safety hazards such as smoking, ignition, and electrification.

Although acceleration of the above situation varies depending on the conditions or environment of use of the products, you are required not to use any Azbil Corporation's products for a period exceeding ten (10) years unless otherwise stated in specifications or instruction manuals.

5. Recommendation for renewal

Mechanical components, such as relays and switches, used for Azbil Corporation's products will reach the end of their life due to wear by repetitious open/close operations.

In addition, electronic components such as electrolytic capacitors will reach the end of their life due to aged deterioration based on the conditions or environment in which such electronic components are used.

Although acceleration of the above situation varies depending on the conditions or environment of use, the number of open/close operations of relays, etc.

as prescribed in specifications or instruction manuals, or depending on the design margin of your machine or equipment, you are required to renew any Azbil Corporation's products every 5 to 10 years unless otherwise specified in specifications or instruction manuals.

System products, field instruments (sensors such as pressure/flow/level sensors, regulating valves, etc.) will reach the end of their life due to aged deterioration of parts.

For those parts that will reach the end of their life due to aged deterioration, recommended replacement cycles are prescribed. You are required to replace parts based on such recommended replacement cycles.

6. Other precautions

Prior to your use of Azbil Corporation's products, you are required to understand and comply with specifications (e.g., conditions and environment of use), precautions, Prior to your use of Azbil Corporation's products, you are required to understand and comply with specifications (e.g., conditions and environment of use), precautions, and instruction manuals to ensure the quality, reliability, and safety of those products.

7. Changes to specifications

Please note that the descriptions contained in any documents provided by azbil are subject to change without notice for improvement or for any other reason.

For inquires or information on specifications as you may need to check, please contact our branch offices or sales offices, or your local sales agents.

8. Discontinuance of the supply of products/parts

Please note that the production of any Azbil Corporation's product may be discontinued without notice. For repairable products, we will, in principle, undertake repairs for five (5) years after the discontinuance of those products. In some cases, however, we cannot undertake such repairs for reasons, such as the absence of repair parts. For system products, field instruments, we may not be able to undertake parts replacement for similar reasons.

9. Scope of services

Prices of Azbil Corporation's products do not include any charges for services such as engineer dispatch service. Accordingly, a separate fee will be charged in any of the following cases:

- (1) Installation, adjustment, guidance, and attendance at a test run
- (2) Maintenance, inspection, adjustment, and repair
- (3) Technical guidance and technical education
- (4) Special test or special inspection of a product under the conditions specified by you

Please note that we cannot provide any services as set forth above in a nuclear energy controlled area (radiation controlled area) or at a place where the level of exposure to radiation is equivalent to that in a nuclear energy controlled area.

Document Number: CM2-PTG300-2001

Document Name: Smart Pressure Transmitter

Model: PTG71 / 72 User's Manual

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