







Type 8619 Multichannel program controller

**Technical Data** 

Type 0330 2/2 or 3/2-way solenoid valve

Туре 6013 2/2-way solenoid valve

Mass flow meters are used in process technology for the direct measurement of the mass flow of gases. In case of volumetric flow meters, it is necessary to measure the temperature and the pressure either the density, because gases change their density or rather their volume depending on the pressure. The measurement of the mass flow, on the other hand, is independent on pressure and the temperature.

The digital mass flow meter Type 8701 uses a sensor on silicon chip basis (see the description on page 2) located directly in the bypass channel. Due to the fact that the sensor is directly in the bypass channel a very short response time of the MFM is reached. The actual flow is given as an analog output signal or could be read out over RS communication.

Mass Flow Meter (MFM) for Gases

- Direct flow measurement for nominal flow rates from 10 ml<sub>N</sub>/min to 80 l<sub>N</sub>/min (N<sub>2</sub>) in MEMS technology
- High accuracy
- Short response time
- Optional fieldbus



Type 6606 2/2 or 3/2-way solenoid valve

Type 8701 can optionally be calibrated for two different gases, the user is able to switch between these two gases. The materials of the parts that come into contact with the medium are selected according to customer specification so that the unit can be operated with the complete range of standard process gases.

The MassFlowCommunicator software can be used for parameterisation and diagnosis.

Typical application areas are gas flow measurement in

- Test benches
- Environmental technology
- Medical technology and
- Analytical instruments

reenneur Dutu		
Nominal flow range <sup>1)</sup>	10 ml <sub>N</sub> /min $^{2)}$ to 80 l <sub>N</sub> /min (N <sub>2</sub> ),	Voltage tolerance
(Q <sub>nom</sub> )	see table on p. 2	Residual ripple
Span	1:50 (2-100%), higher span on request	Power consumption
Operating gas	Neutral, non-contaminated gases, others on request	Output signal (process value)
Calibration gas	Operating gas or air with conversion factor	Max. current (voltage)
Max. operating pressure (Inlet pressure)	10 bar (145 psi)	Max. load (current)
Gas temperature	-10 to +70°C (-10 to +60°C with oxygen)	Digital communication via adapter possible:
Ambient temperature	-10 to +50°C	
Accuracy (after 1 min. warm up time)	±0.8% o.R. (of reading) ±0.3% F.S. (of full scale)	Fieldbus option
Repeatability	±0.1% F.S.	Protection class
Response time (t <sub>ass</sub> )	< 300 ms	Dimensions [mm]
Materials	< 500 ms	Total weight
Body	Aluminium or stainless steel	Installation
Housing Seals	PC (Polycarbonate) or metal FKM, EPDM	Light emitting diodes (default functions,
Port connection	NPT 1/4, G 1/4, screw-in fitting or flange, others on request	other functions programmable)
Electr. connection Additionally with fieldbus:	Plug D-Sub 15-pin with PROFIBUS DP: Socket M12 5-pin with DeviceNet, CANopen: Socket M12 5-pin	Binary inputs (default functions, other functions programmable)
Power supply	24V DC	Binary output
<sup>1)</sup> The nominal flow value is the max	I flow value calibrated which can be measured. The	(default functions,

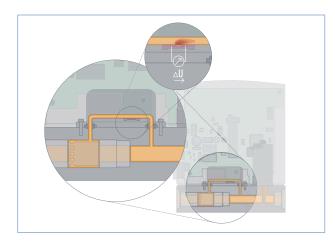
nominal flow range defines the range of nominal flow rates (full scale values) possible. <sup>2)</sup> Index N: Flow rates referred to 1.013 bar and 0° C.

Alternatively there is an Index S available which refers to 1.013 bar and 20° C

Voltage tolerance	±10%	
Residual ripple	< 2%	
Power consumption	2.5 W / 5 W (with fieldbus)	
Output signal (process value) Max. current (voltage)	0-5 V, 0-10 V, 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA	
Max. load (current)	600 Ω	
Digital communication via adapter possible:	RS232, Modbus RTU (via RS adapter) RS485, RS422 or USB (see accessories table on p. 3)	
Fieldbus option	PROFIBUS DP, DeviceNet, CANopen	
Protection class	IP40	
Dimensions [mm]	see drawings on pages 5 to 6	
Total weight	ca. 500 g (aluminium body)	
Installation	horizontal or vertical	
Light emitting diodes (default functions, other functions programmable)	Indication for power, Limit (with analog signals) / Communication (with fieldbus) and error	
Binary inputs (default functions, other functions programmable)	Two 1. not assigned 2. not assigned	
Binary output (default functions, other functions programmable)	A relay output for: 1. Limit (actual value close to O <sub>nom</sub> ) Max. Load: 25V, 1A, 25VA	

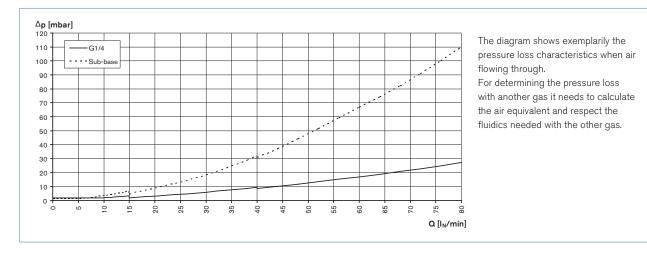


## **Measuring Principle**



The mass flow sensor operates according to a thermal principle which has the advantage of providing the mass flow which is independent on pressure and temperature.

A small part of the total gas stream is diverted into a small, specifically designed bypassing channel which ensures laminar flow conditions. The sensor element is a chip immersed into the wall of this flow channel. The chip, produced in MEMS technology, contains a heating resistor and two temperature sensors (thermopiles) which are arranged symmetrically upstream and downstream of the heater. The differential voltage of the thermopiles is a measure of the mass flow rate passing the flow sensor. The calibration procedure effectuates a unique assignment of the sensor signal to the total flow rate through the device.



## Pressure Loss Diagram (ref. to air, with 250µm inlet filter)

#### Nominal Flow Range of Typical Gases

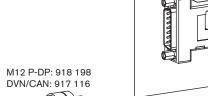
(Other gases on request)

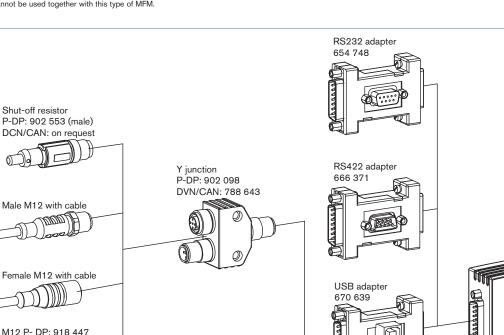
Gas	Min. Q <sub>nom</sub> [I <sub>N</sub> /min]	Max. Q <sub>nom</sub> [I <sub>N</sub> /min]
Argon	0.01	80
Helium	0.01	500
Carbon dioxide	0.02	40
Air	0.01	80
Methane	0.01	80
Oxygen	0.01	80
Nitrogen	0.01	80
Hydrogen	0.01	500

#### Notes regarding the selection of the unit

The decisive factors for the perfect functioning of an MFM within the application are the fluid compatibility, the normal inlet pressure and the correct choice of the flow meter range. The pressure drop over the MFM depends on the flow rate and the operating pressure.

> The request for quotation form on page 7 contains the relevant fluid specification.





GSD-File (PROFIBUS), EDS-File (DeviceNet, CANopen)	Dov
<sup>3)</sup> The adapters serve mainly for initial operation or diagnosis. Those are not obligatory for continuous operation.	
<sup>4)</sup> The two M12 connectors as listed above cannot be used together on the same side of the Y-junction.	
At least one of the two MIO connection models to be an assume vibial action which were two allows the action of the	

At least one of the two M12 connection needs to be an overmoulded cable which uses typically a thinner connector.

A T-junction cannot be used together with this type of MFM.

0

M12 P- DP: 918 447 DVN/CAN: 917 116

M12 P-DP: 918 198

DVN/CAN: 917 115

OR

Q



burkert

8701

## **Ordering Chart for Accessories**

6

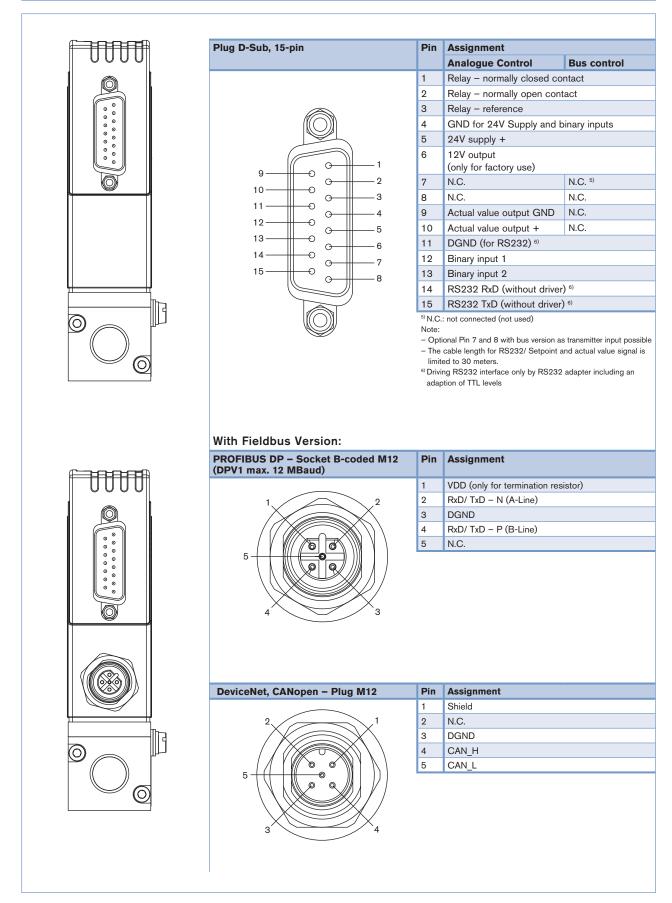
0

Ģ



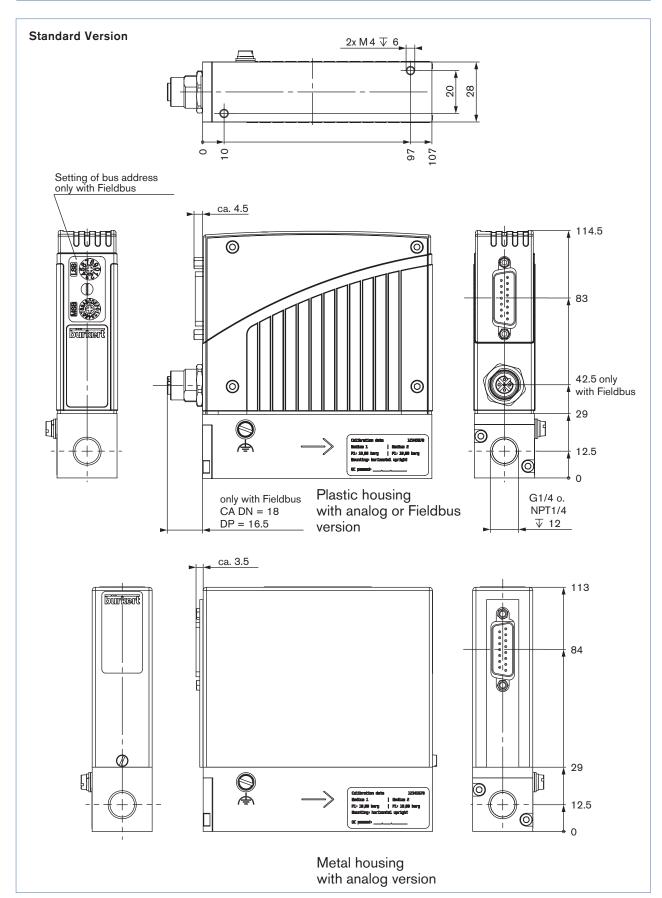


### **Pin Assignment**



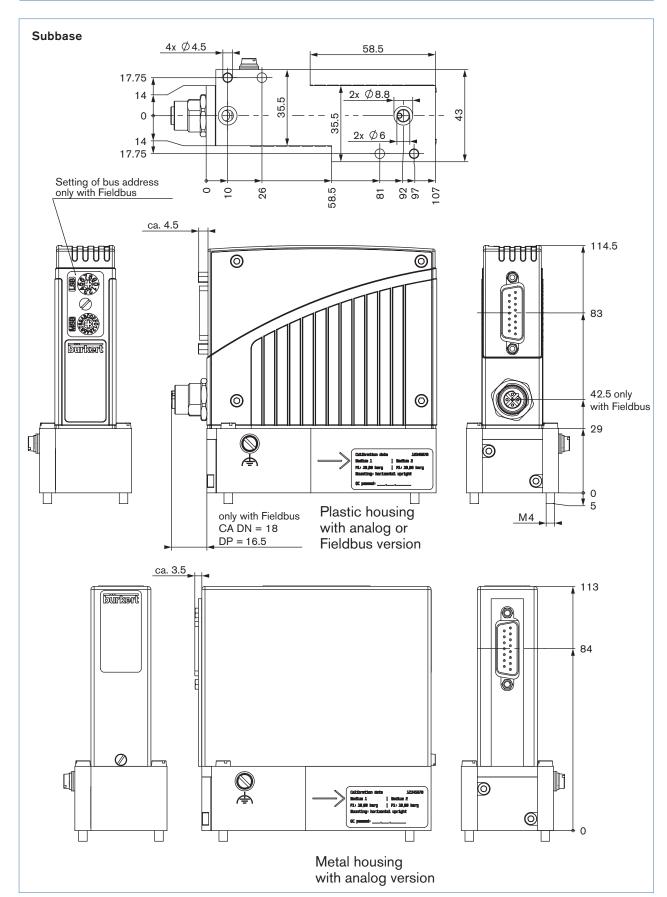


## Dimensions [mm]





## Dimensions [mm]



# burkert

Note

lease complete and send to your ne	arest Bürkert sales centre		in the PDF f
Company	Contact person		out the form
Customer No	Department		
Address	Tel./Fax		
Postcode/Town	E-mail		
MFC-Application MFM-Applic	ation Quantity	Required delivery date	
/ledium data			
Type of gas (or gas proportion in mixtures)			
Density	kg/m <sup>3 7)</sup>		
Gas temperature [°C or °F]	O°	۴	
Moisture content	g/m <sup>3</sup>		
Abrasive components/solid particles		s, as follows:	
luidic data			
Flow range Q <sub>nom</sub>	Min. I <sub>N</sub> /min	<sup>7)</sup> I <sub>S</sub> /min (slpm) <sup>8)</sup>	
	Max Max.	<sup>7)</sup> kg/h	
	□ cm <sub>N</sub> <sup>3</sup> /n □ l <sub>N</sub> /h <sup>7)</sup>	nin <sup>7)</sup> cm <sub>s</sub> <sup>3</sup> /min (sccm) <sup>8)</sup>	
nlet pressure at $Q_{nom}^{9}$ $p_1 =$	bar(g) ■		
Outlet pressure at $Q_{nom}$ $p_2 =$	bar(g)		
Max. inlet pressure p <sub>1max</sub>	bar(g) ■		
	<ul> <li>1/4" G-thread (DIN ISO 228/1)</li> <li>1/4" NPT-thread (ANSI B1.2)</li> <li>with screw-in fitting</li> <li>mm pipe (external 6)</li> <li>inch pipe (external 6)</li> <li>Flange version</li> </ul>		
Installation	horizontal vertical, flow upwards	rtical, flow downwards	
Ambient temperature	D°		
Naterial data			
Body	Stainless steel		
Housing		not with type 8712/8702 and not with fieldbus)	
Seal	FKM EPDM		
Electrical data	with standard (* • • •	the fields	
Signals for set point		with fieldbus	
and actual value	Setpoint         actual value           0-5 V         0-5 V         [           0-10 V         0-10 V         [           0-20 mA         0-20 mA         [           4-20 mA         4-20 mA         [	PROFIBUS DP M12 DeviceNet CANopen (only for type 8712/87)	702)
<ul> <li>Please quote all pressure values as overpress</li> </ul>			

Subject to alteration. © Christian Bürkert GmbH & Co. KG

In case of special application conditions, please consult for advice.

p. 7/7

1501/8\_EU-en\_00891909