

Systempak (Digital/File Type) Single Input Arithmetic Relay Module Model J-SCM 90/95

Introduction

The Single Input Arithmetic Module is an advanced arithmetic module that can combine multiple arithmetic operation functions and execute them.

After A/D conversion, the Single Input Arithmetic Module performs input processing, such as filtering and low cut processing to a single point of input (4 to 20 mA/1 to 5V DC). A signal completed with input processing is then processed with arithmetic operations via the arithmetic equations assigned to a maximum of four processing combo boxes. After output low cut processing, the final output is D/A-converted to 4 to 20 mA/1 to 5V DC.

By selecting one from 18 kinds of arithmetic equations provided as standard equations, an arithmetic function can be easily set on each processing combo box. A variety of arithmetic functions and input/output processing parameter settings can be implemented using the dedicated Loader Software, which operates on a general-purpose PC.

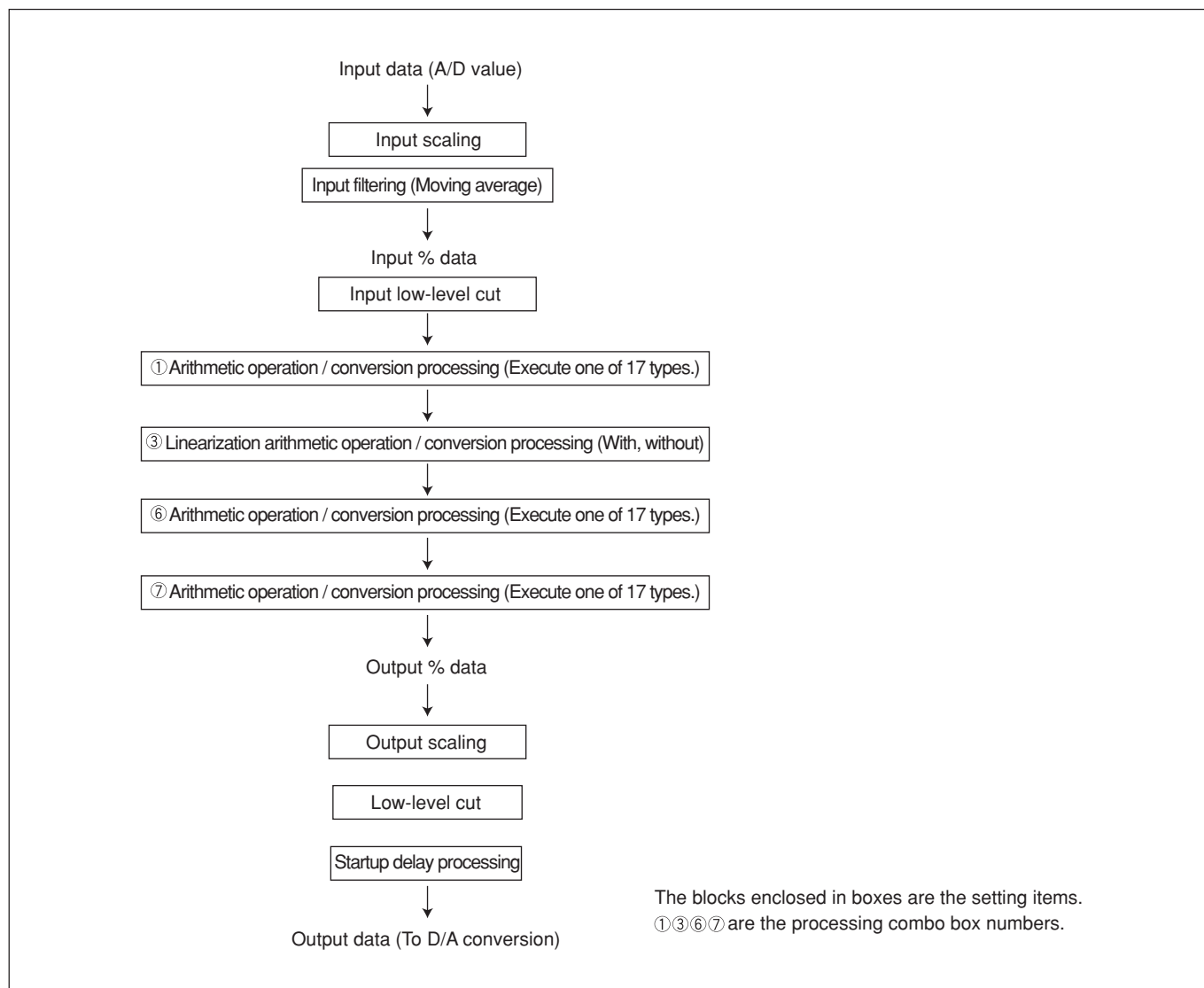
The Single Input Arithmetic Module provides the one-output model of J-SCM90 and the two-output model of J-SCM95. In the two-output model, isolation is employed between the two output circuits.



Specification

- Input signal: 1 to 5V DC or 4 to 20 mA DC
- Input impedance: 1 M Ω (voltage input), 50 Ω (current)
- Output signal:
 - No. 1 output; 1 to 5V DC or 4 to 20 mA DC
 - No. 2 output; 1 to 5V DC
 - Edge connector output; 1 to 5V DC (No. 1 output must be 1 to 5V DC when connecting the signal with the A-MC I/O cable.)
- Output impedance:
 - Voltage output; 250 Ω or less, Current output; 250 k Ω or more
- Output range: -20 to +120%FS
- Allowable load resistance:
 - 0 to 600 Ω (Current output: Up to +110%)
- Input/output response:
 - Minimum of 160 msec, 0 to 90% response (Moving average and first-order lag filtering are not provided.)
- Output hardware filtering: 50 msec, 0 to 90% response
- Accuracy: 0.15%FS (Excluding arithmetic errors)
- Output update period: 5 msec
 - (Output hardware filtering, 0 to 90% response, 50 msec)
- Insulation resistance: 500V DC, 100 M Ω min
 - (Mutual between input - output - GND - power terminal)
- Withstand voltage: 1000V AC, 1 minute
 - (Mutual between input - output - GND - power terminal)
- Power supply: 24V DC $^{+10}_{-15}$ %
- Current consumption: 130 mA or less (at 24V DC)
- Ambient temperature:
 - Normal operating condition: 5 to 45°C
 - Operation limit: 0 to 50°C
- Ambient humidity: 0 to 90%RH (No condensation allowed)
- Mounting: File
- Front mask color: Black
- Weight: 250 g
- Operating influence:
 - Supply voltage effect; $\pm 0.1\%$ FS/24V DC $^{+10}_{-15}$ %
 - Temperature effect; $\pm 0.15\%$ FS/10°C
- Loader settings:
 - Module ID; 16 one-byte characters, 8 two-byte kanji characters
 - Input scaling setting; Zero span setting within input range (Setting of an input such as 0, 100% at each input)
 - Input filtering; Unavailable/available (Moving average)
 - Input low-level cut; Setting of input low-level cut value by %.
 - Output low-level cut; Setting of output low-level cut value by %.
 - Output zero span adjustment; Settable to any value within the output range (-20 to +120%FS)
 - Startup delay; Setting of delay time before starting arithmetic actions during power-on startup (0 to 99 seconds)
 - Function setting; Setting of arithmetic functions on processing combo boxes

Block diagram of arithmetic unit processing



Description of signal conversion/arithmetic operations

Conversion / operator	Function outline	Processing combo box used	Settings
No processing	No signal conversion / arithmetic operation	①, ②, ⑥, ⑦	--
Free-spec linearizer	Sets the output % data for each input % (maximum of 101 points). Or, for the following application cases, tables can be easily created by selecting types and then setting equations and coefficients using the dedicated Loader: Orifice, venturi: ($\sqrt{\text{Input signal}}$) Partial flume: (Input signal) ^a Triangular notch weir: (Input signal) ^{5/2} Rectangular notch weir, Broad-Crested weir: (Input signal) ^{3/2}	②	± 120.00% range
Ratio / bias setting	Arithmetic equation: Select one from the following. Output = Ratio × Input + Bias Output = Ratio × (Input + Bias)	①, ⑥, ⑦	Ratio: -10.000 to 10.000 Bias: -999.99 to 999.99
First-order lag filtering	Provides a first-order lag response.	①, ⑥, ⑦	0 to 999.9 seconds (63% response)
Output ramping	Provides a response with certain amount of changes. Setting of response time 0 to 100% of output range	①, ⑥, ⑦	Gradient response time: 0.5 to 40.0 sec UP direction, DOWN direction. Time is set individually.
Square root	Input square root extraction	①, ⑥, ⑦	With, without Input/output low-level cut point: 0.00 to 100.00
Reverse function	Reverses an input % value for output.	①, ⑥, ⑦	With, without
Maximum value hold	When the hold terminal is shorted: Holds and outputs a maximum input % value. When open: Outputs an input value without holding it.	①, ⑥, ⑦	With, without
Minimum value hold	When the hold terminal is shorted: Holds and outputs a minimum input % value. When open: Outputs an input value without holding it.	①, ⑥, ⑦	With, without
Peak-peak hold	When the hold terminal is shorted: Outputs the range between maximum and minimum. When open: Outputs an input value without holding it.	①, ⑥, ⑦	With, without
Low monitor	One-point low monitoring switch Results can be used as DO to the next processing combo box. (No outputs to terminals)	①, ⑥, ⑦	Monitoring setpoint: -999.99 to 999.99% Differential: 0.00 to 999.99%
High monitor	One-point high monitoring switch Results can be used as DO to the next processing combo box. (No outputs to terminals)	①, ⑥, ⑦	Monitoring setpoint: -999.99 to 999.99% Differential: 0.00 to 999.99%
Deviation monitor	Switch for monitoring deviations from setting values Results can be used as DO to the next processing combo box. (No outputs to terminals)	①, ⑥, ⑦	Monitoring setpoint: -999.99 to 999.99% Differential: 0.00 to 999.99%
Rate-of-change monitor	Switch for monitoring the one-point rate of change Results can be used as DO to the next processing combo box. (No outputs to terminals)	①, ⑥, ⑦	Rate of change Hi: 0.0 to 999.9%/second Rate of change Lo: 0.0 to 999.9%/second
Scaling	Converts an input value scale.	①, ②, ⑥, ⑦	Scale low: -999.99 to 999.99 No indication of unit Scale high: -999.99 to 999.99 No indication of unit
High/low limiter	Limits the high/low of an input value.	①, ⑥, ⑦	Low limit setpoint: -999.99 to 999.99% High limit setpoint: -999.99 to 999.99%
Rate-of-change limiter	Limits the rate of change of an input value.	①, ⑥, ⑦	Rate of change Up: 0.00 to 999.99%/second Rate of change Down: 0.00 to 999.99%/second
Preset value	When the DI input (DO from previous arithmetic operation) is ON: Outputs a specified preset value. When OFF: Outputs an input value without any presetting.	①, ⑥, ⑦	Pre-set value (-999.99 to 999.99%)
Preset with ramping	When the DI input (DO from previous arithmetic operation) is ON: Outputs a specified preset value. (Change function at certain gradients available) When OFF: Outputs an input value without any presetting.	①, ⑥, ⑦	Pre-set value (-999.99 to 999.99%) Gradient (0.01 to 999.99%/second)

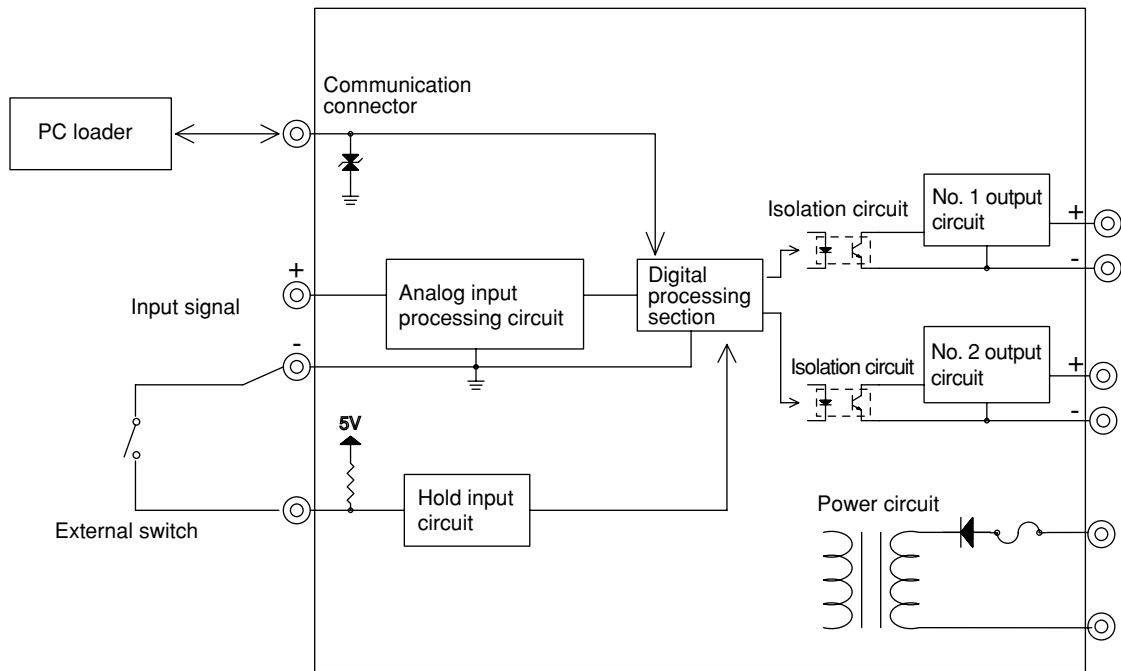


Figure 1. Functional configuration diagram of single input arithmetic unit

Model Number Table

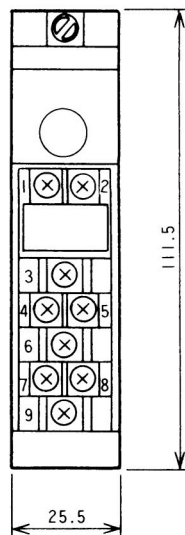
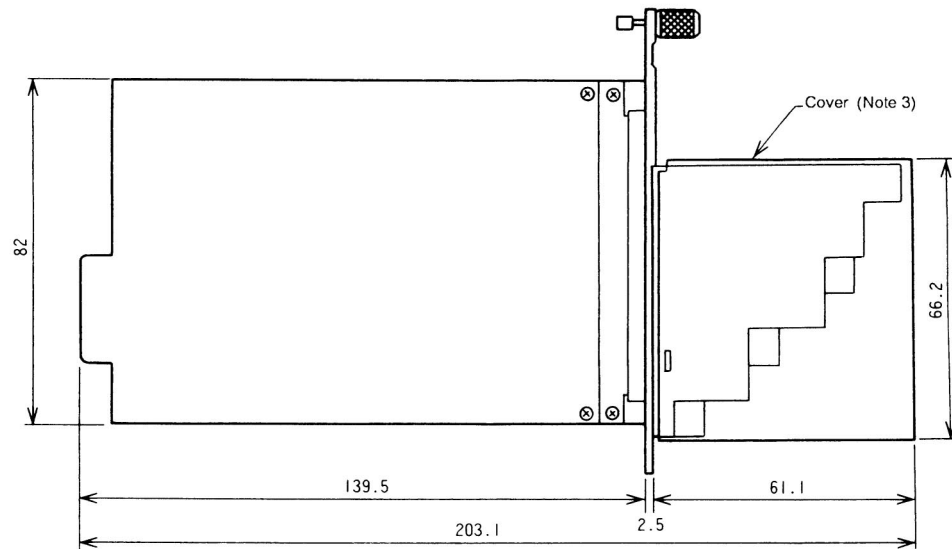
One-output model

Basic Model Number	Selections		Additions	Description
	I	II	I	
J-SCM90				Arithmetic Relay Module (One-output model)
	X			No varnish coated
	C			Varnish coated
		-1		Input: 1 to 5V DC
		-2		Input: 4 to 20 mA DC
			1	Output: 1 to 5V DC
			2	Output: 4 to 20 mA DC
			-0	Without test report
			-1	With test report

Two-output model

Basic Model Number	Selections		Additions	Description
	I	II	I	
J-SCM95				Arithmetic Relay Module (Two-output model)
	X			No varnish coated
	C			Varnish coated
		-1		Input: 1 to 5V DC
		-2		Input: 4 to 20 mA DC
			1	No. 1 output: 1 to 5V DC, No. 2 output: 1 to 5V DC
			2	No. 1 output: 4 to 20 mA DC, No. 2 output: 1 to 5V DC
			-0	Without test report
			-1	With test report

Example: J-SCM90X-11-0



No.	Description
1 (Note 1)	—
2 (Note 1)	Input (-)
3	Input (+)
4	No. 1 Output (+)
5	No. 1 Output (-)
6	No. 2 Output (+) (Note 2)
7	No. 2 Output (-) (Note 2)
8	—
9	GND

- Note 1) For arithmetic operations set with HOLD functions, establish a short between terminal No. 1 and 2.
 2) For two-output mode.
 3) Operate the Module with a cover.
 4) Terminal screws: M3.5
 5) Use the pressured terminals with insulation sheath.

Figure 2. Dimensions and wiring diagram

MEMO

MEMO

When ordering, please specify:

- Tag number

The ratio / bias function (Ratio: 1, Bias: 0%) is configured as an arithmetic function by default at the time of delivery. Input filtering is set to "Moving average available" by default.

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Azbil Corporation

Advanced Automation Company

1-12-2 Kawana, Fujisawa

Kanagawa 251-8522 Japan

URL: <http://www.azbil.com/>

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