



Type 8746 can be combined with...





3/2 way valve

Type ME2X System Control Unit with Gateway functionality

The mass flow controller / meter Type 8746 for gases is intended for the use in a büS or CANopen network. The büS network technology is based on CAN physics and was developed by Bürkert especially for Industrial Ethernet or fieldbus communication in applications with multiple control loops. In combination with the system control unit (SCU) Type ME2X, the CANopen based communication can be translated to the customer's fieldbus. The mass flow controller (MFC) / meter (MFM) can always be switched between büS and CANopen communication. Given that, Type 8746 can also be directly integrated into existing CANopen networks.

Type 8746 can be configured as MFM or MFC. Optional, four different gases can be calibrated. The thermal inline sensor is located directly in the main gas stream and therefore reaches very fast response times. A direct-acting proportional valve as regulating unit guarantees high sensitivity. The integrated PI controller ensures outstanding control characteristics of the MFC / MFM. Type 8746 is especially designed for use in harsh

environments due to a low sensitivity to contamination, high protection class and explosion-proof.

#### MFC Type 8746 is available in two versions:

- Type 8746: with electromagnetic proportional valve
- Type 8746: with motor-driven proportional valve



- Nominal flow ranges from 20 IN/min up to 2500 IN/min
- High accuracy and repeatability
- Communication via fieldbus based on CANopen
- Optional: ATEX II Cat. 3G/D
- Electromagnetic and motor-driven valve actuation available 👌 ว่มร







Type 6013 2/2 way valve





2/2 way valve

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General technical data		
Operating medium	Neutral, non-contaminated gases, others on request	
Calibration medium	Operating gas or air with correction function	
Medium temperature	-10 °C <sup>1)</sup> to +70 °C	
	(-10 °C <sup>1)</sup> to +60 °C with oxygen)	
Ambient temperature	-10 °C to +50 °C (higher temperatures on request)	
Materials		
Body	Stainless steel or aluminium	
Housing	Aluminium diecasting (coated)	
Seals	FKM or EPDM (depending on gas) <sup>2)</sup>	
Port connection G 1/4", 3/8", 1/2", 3/4", 1",		
	NPT 1/4", 3/8", 1/2", 3/4", 1"	
Electr. connection	M12 plug, 5-pin	
Operating voltage	24 V DC	
Voltage tolerance	± 10%	
Residual ripple	± 2%	
Digital Comm.	CANopen or CAN based büS	
Configuration memory	EEPROM (µSIM card: büS relevant data and information about spec. con-	
(included in delivery)	trol loop in order to ease replacement)	
Input-/ Output signals	none, communication via bus	
Installation	horizontal or vertical	

Nom. flow ranges of typical gases (Other gases on request)			
Gas	Min. Q <sub>nom</sub> [I <sub>N</sub> /min]	Max. Q <sub>nom</sub> [I <sub>N</sub> /min]	
Acetylene	20	975	
Ammoniac	20	1250	
Argon	20	1600	
Carbon dioxide	20	1000	
Air	20	2500	
Methane	20	400	
Propane	20	400	
Oxygen	20	2500	
Nitrogen	20	2500	

<sup>1)</sup>When using a motor valve the minimum medium temperature is 0 °C.

<sup>2)</sup>When using a motor valve additionally:

- Type 3280 DN4: Seat seal in PEEK

- Type 3285: Seat seal in Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>

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#### Technical data: Type 8746 with electromagnetic proportional valve

Type 8746 can be configured as MFM or MFC. For MFCs the direct-acting proportional valves of Types 287x are used. These electromagnetic proportional valves are normally closed and stand for highest accuracy and repeatability with settling / response times of few hundred milliseconds.

Technical data		
Nominal flow range (Q <sub>Nom</sub> )	20 to 1500 $I_N$ /min (N <sub>2</sub> ), MFM up to 2500 $I_N$ /min (N <sub>2</sub> )	
Turn-down ratio	50:1 <sup>3)</sup>	
Max. operating pressure Data in overpressure to atmospheric pressure	10 bar (with MFCs the max. pressure depends on the orifice of the valve) optional up to 25 bar for MFM	
Accuracy	±1.5% v.M. ±0.3% v.E. (after 15 min. warm up time)	
Repeatability	±0.1% v.E.	
Settling (MFC)/ Response (MFM) time (t <sub>95%</sub> )	< 500 ms	
<b>Proportional valve</b> (electromagnetic) Valve orifice range k <sub>v</sub> s value range	normally closed 0.8 to 12 mm 0.02 to 2.5 m³/h	
Power consumption <sup>4)</sup>	Max. 2 W (as MFM) Max. 10.5 – 29.5 W (as MFC, depending on valve type)	
Protection class	IP65 and IP67	
ATEX compliance (optional)	II 3G Ex nA IIC T* Gc X and	
	II 3D Ex to IIIC T***°C Dc X <sup>5)</sup>	
Dimensions	See pages 5-8	
Total weight	ca. 1.8 kg (Al, 16 W-valve), ca. 3.1 kg (VA, 16 W-valve)	
Device status	RGB-LED based on NAMUR NE107	

<sup>3)</sup> With vertical installation and flow downwards the turn-down ratio is 1:10

4) Referring to the typical power consumption (at 23 °C ambient temperature, nominal flow and 30 mins regular operation) The data according to UL 61010-1 may differ (see manual)

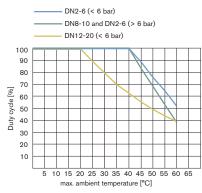
<sup>5)</sup> Acc. to DIN EN 60079-0 and DIN EN 60079-15, T3/4 and T160°C/135°C depending on the device version



The Type 8746 with motor-driven valves is especially designed for applications with high inlet pressures up %  $\left( f_{i} \right) = \left( f_{i} \right) \left( f$ to 22 bars or high flow rates (at a low pressure drop). The motor's power consumption to hold a specific opening position is nearly zero. This key feature can reduce the energy consumption of a plant dramatically. Without electrical power the valve remains in its current position.

The maximum duty cycle of the motor depends on the ambient temperature. The duty cycle does not refer to the duty cycle of the device but to the duty cycle of the motor. The motor is not switched on unless the valve is to move. Frequent set-point value changes will drastically increase the duty cycle of the motor.

#### Derating curve for Type 8746 with motor valve



Technical data		
Nominal flow range (O <sub>Nom</sub> )	20 up to 2500 IN/min (N <sub>2</sub> )	
Turn-down ratio	50:1 <sup>6)</sup>	
Max. operating pressure Data in overpressure to atmospheric pressure	22 bar (with MFCs the max. pressure depends on the orifice of the valve)	
Accuracy	± 2% v.E. (after 15 min. warm up time)	
Repeatability	± 0.5% v.E.	
Settling time (t95%)	< 5 s	
Proportional valve (motor-driven) Valve orifice range k,s value range	normally persisting 2 to 20 mm 0.5 to 7.8 m³/h	
Power consumption	Max. 2 W (as MFM) Max. 10 – 14 W (as MFC) <sup>7)</sup>	
Protection class	IP50 (higher protection class on request)	
Dimensions	See pages 9-10	
Total weight	ca. 1.67 kg (Al, standard, valve 3280), ca. 2.94 kg (VA, standard, valve 3280)	
Device status <sup>8)</sup>	at MFM: RGB-LED based on NAMUR NE107 at valve: RGB-LED displaying the valve opening	

<sup>6)</sup> With vertical installation and flow downwards the turn-down ratio is 1:10

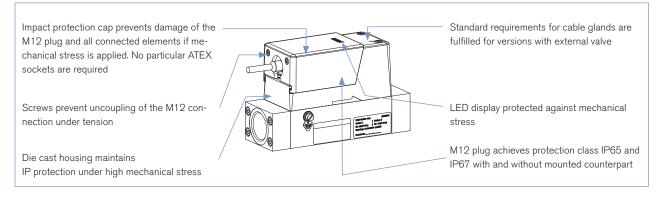
 $^{\prime\prime}$  Data during moving of the valve. The power to hold a specific valve opening <1 W

<sup>8)</sup> Detailed description of the LED colors: see manual

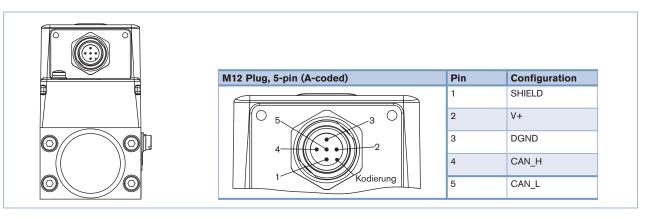


### Features to fulfil the ATEX requirements

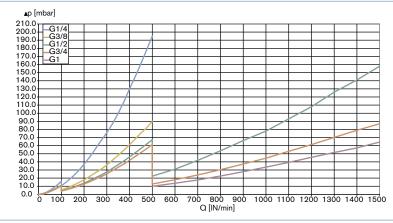
8746



### **Pin Configuration**



#### Pressure Loss Diagram of a MFM (ref. to air, with 250 $\mu m$ inlet filter)



The diagram shows exemplarily the pressure loss characteristics when air flowing through. For determining the pressure loss with another gas it needs to calculate the air equivalent and respect the fluidics needed with the other gas.

# Notes Regarding the Configuration

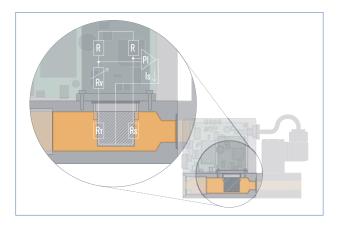
For the proper choice of the actuator orifice within the MFC, not only the required maximum flow rate  $Q_{nom}$ , but also the pressure values directly before and after the MFC ( $p_1, p_2$ ) at this flow rate  $Q_{nom}$  should be known. In general, these pressures are not the same as the overall inlet and outlet pressures of the whole plant, because usually there are additional flow resistors (tubing, additional shut-off valves, nozzles etc.) present both before and after the controller. Please use the request for quotation form on p. 12 to indicate the pressures directly before and after the MFC. If

these should be unknown or not accessible to a measurement, estimates are to be made by taking into account the approximate pressure drops over the flow resistors before and after the MFC, respectively, at a flow rate of  $O_{nom}$ . In addition, please quote the maximum inlet pressure p1max to be encountered. This data is needed to make sure the actuator is able to provide a close-tight function within all the specified modes of operation.

The request form on page 12 contains the relevant fluid specification. Using the experience of Bürkert engineers already in the design phase provide us with a copy of the request containing the necessary data together with your inquiry or order.



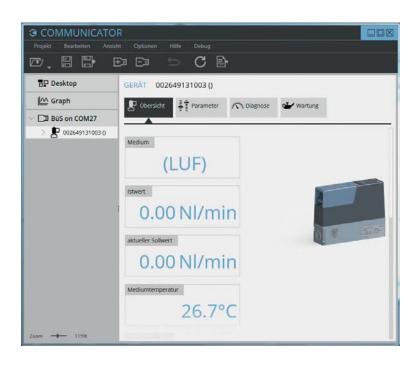
#### **Measuring Principle**



This sensor works as a hot-film anemometer in the so-called CTA operational mode (Constant Temperature Anemometer). To do this, two resistors with precisely specified temperature coefficients located directly in the media flow and three resistors located outside the flow are connected together to form a bridge.

The first resistor in the gas flow (R<sub>1</sub>) measures the fluid temperature, while the second, low-value resistor (R<sub>5</sub>) is heated so that it is maintained at a fixed, predefined over-temperature with respect to the fluid temperature. The heating current required to maintain this is a measure of the heat being removed by the flowing gas, and represents the primary measurement.

An adequate flow conditioning within the MFC and the calibration with high-quality flow standards ensure that the mass of gas flowing per time unit can be derived from the primary signal with high accuracy.



Software Bürkert Communicator

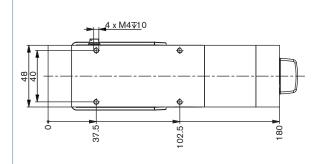
Part of Bürkert's new EDIP program (Efficient Device Integration Platform) is the Bürkert Communicator. This software can be run under MS-Windows and it is available on Bürkert's website for free. The Bürkert Communicator allows convenient system configuration and parameterization of all connected field devices. An accessory part, the büS stick – please see ordering chart for accessories – serves as the interface between computer and process instruments. It transfers "USB data" to "CAN data". The Communicator allows:

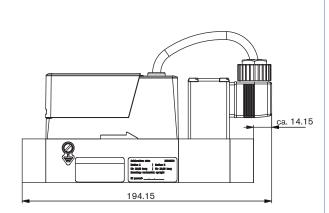
- Diagnosis - Parameterization - Registration and storage of process data. The Communicator allows:

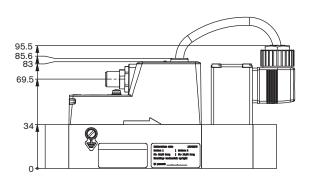
- Diagnosis
- Parameterization
- Registration and storage of process data
- Data logging
- To watch graph of process
- To update firmware of the büS device connected
- To program system controls by User-f(x) e.g. gas blending
- guided re-calibration
- ...

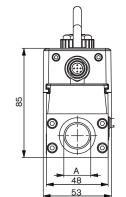


MFC with valve Type 2873 (9 W-coil)

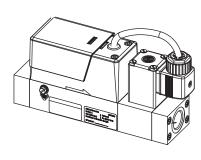




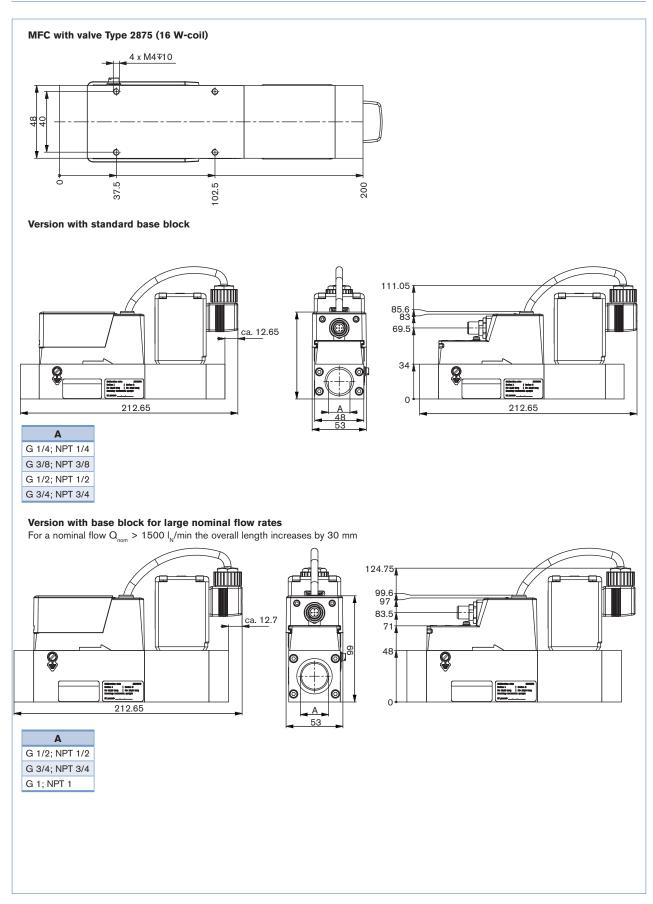




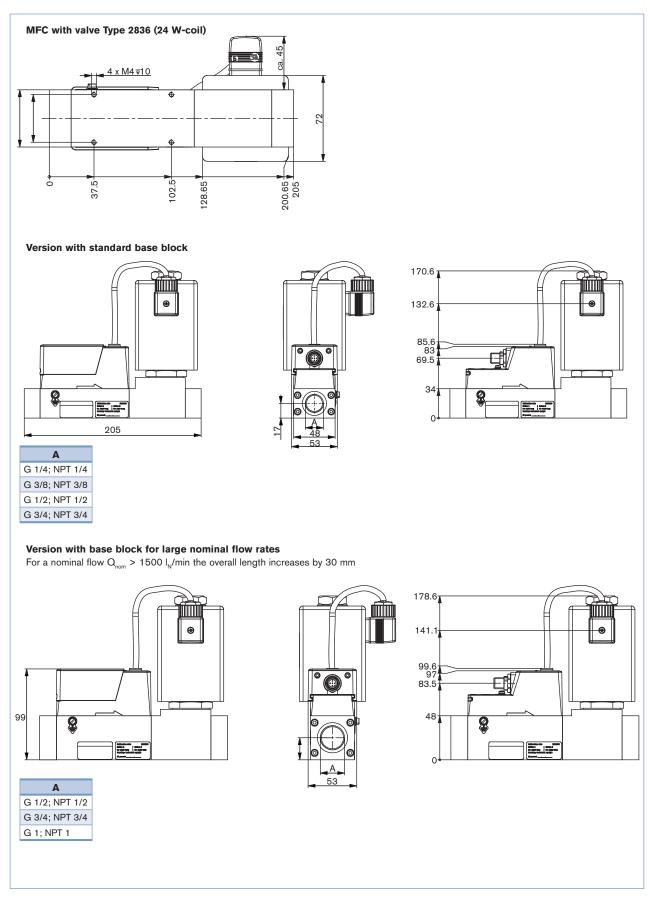
	Α	
G	1/4; NPT 1/4	
G	3/8; NPT 3/8	
G	1/2; NPT 1/2	
G	3/4; NPT 3/4	



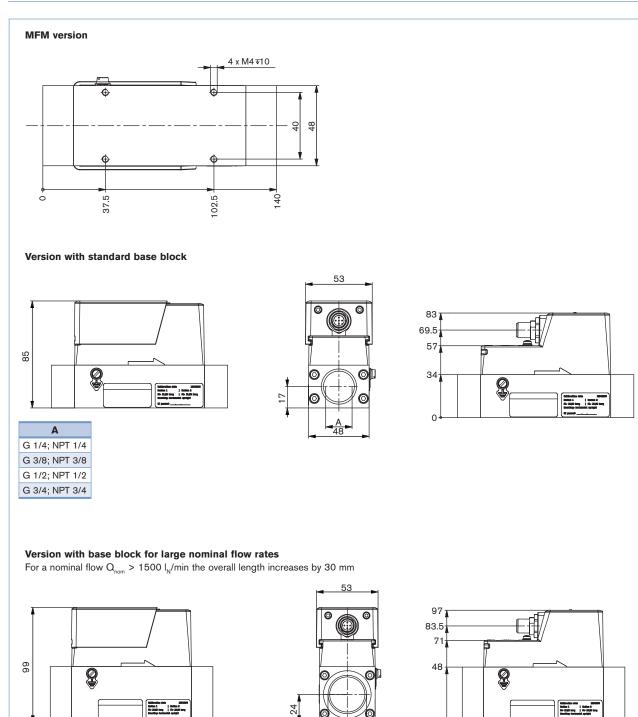










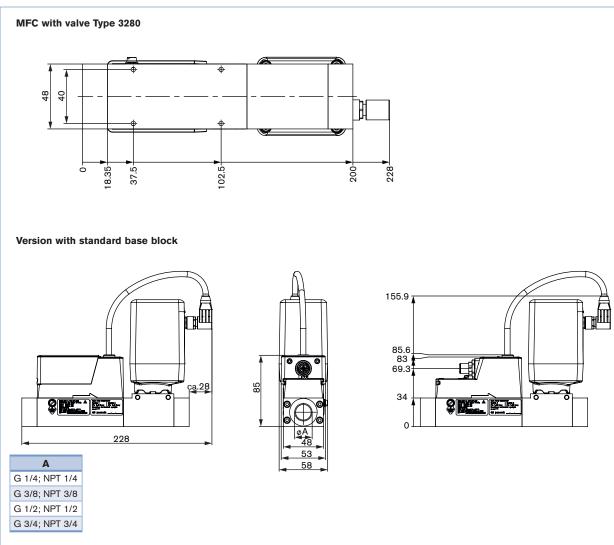


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**A** G 1/2; NPT 1/2 G 3/4; NPT 3/4 G 1; NPT 1

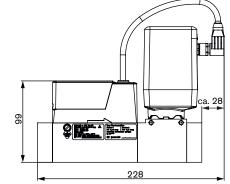
S. 8/12

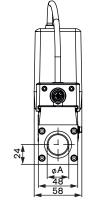


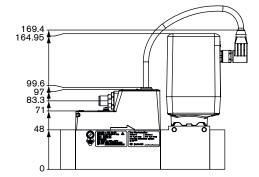


#### Version with base block for large nominal flow rates

For a nominal flow  $\rm Q_{_{nom}}$  > 1500  $\rm I_{_N}/min$  the overall length increases by 30 mm





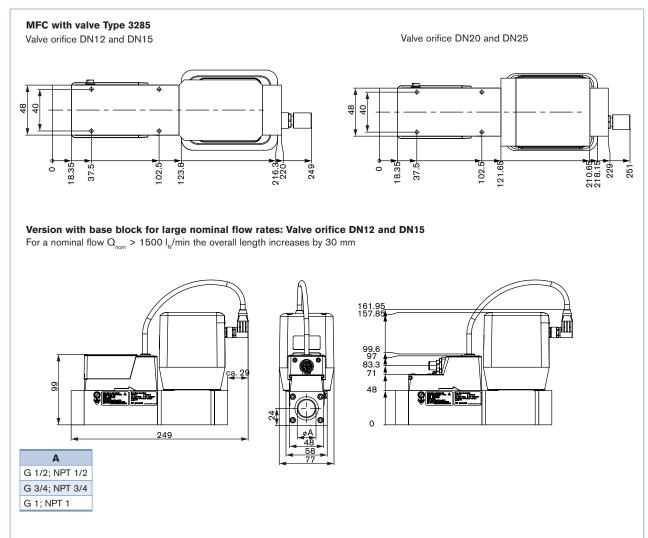




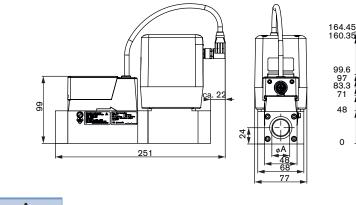
G 1; NPT 1







Version with base block for large nominal flow rates: Valve orifice DN20 and DN25 For a nominal flow  $\Omega_{nom} > 1500 \ I_N$ /min the overall length increases by 30 mm





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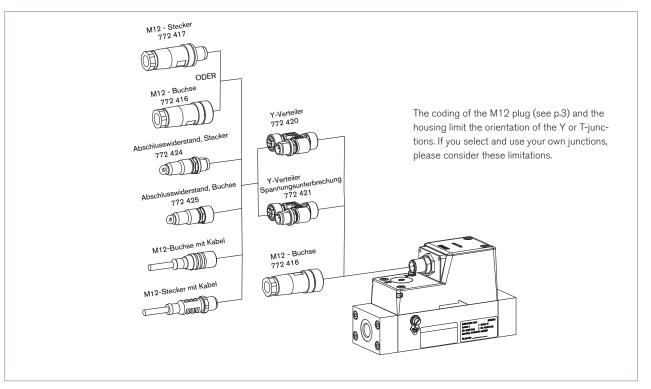
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## **Ordering Chart for Accessories**

Article	Item no.
büS cable extension M12 0.1 m	772 492
büS cable extension M12 0.2 m	772 402
büS cable extension M12 0.5 m	772 403
büS cable extension M12 1 m	772 404
büS cable extension M12 3 m	772 405
Connector M12, female, straight 9)	772 416
Connector M12, male, straight <sup>9)</sup>	772 417
Connector M12, female, angled <sup>9)</sup>	772 418
Connector M12, male, angled <sup>9)</sup>	772 419
Y junction	772 420
Y junction for connecting two separately powered segments of a büS network	772 421
Termination resistor 120 Ohm M12 male	772 424
Termination resistor 120 Ohm M12 female	772 425
büS-Stick Set 1 ((incl. cable (M12)), stick with integrated termination resistor, power supply and software)	772 426
büS-Stick Set 2 (incl. cable (M12)), stick with integrated termination resistor)	772 551
SIM card	on request
LabVIEW device driver	on request
EDS-File (CANopen)	Download from www.burkert.com
Software Bürkert Communicator	Download from www.burkert.com

<sup>9)</sup> It is possible that the M12 connectors cannot be used together on the same side of a Y-junction. If that is the case, please use a prefabricated cable which uses typically a thinner connector.



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Note

IFC/MFM-applications - Reque lease complete and send to your ne		You can fill o the fields dire in the PDF fil before printin
Company	Contact person	out the form
Customer No	Department	
Address	Tel./Fax	
Postcode/Town	E-mail	
MFC-Application MFM-Applic	ation Quantity Re	equired delivery date
ATEX compliance	_	
Preferred valve type: electromagnetic	highly dynamic) motor-driven (energy saving)	
/ledium data		
Type of gas (or gas proportion in mixtures)		
Density	kg/m <sup>3 10)</sup>	
Gas temperature [°C or °F]	D°	°F
Moisture content	g/m³	
Abrasive components/solid particles	no yes, as follows:	
luidic data		
Flow range Q <sub>nom</sub>	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c } \hline Min. & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	lpm) <sup>11)</sup> n (sccm) <sup>11)</sup>
Inlet pressure at $Q_{nom}^{13}$ p <sub>1</sub> =	bar(ü)	
Outlet pressure at Q <sub>nom</sub> p <sub>2</sub> =	bar(ü)	
Max. inlet pressure P <sub>1max</sub> MFC/MFM port connection	bar(ü) .	
	Image: Interview of the second sec	d (ANSI B1.2) d (ANSI B1.2) d (ANSI B1.2)
Installation	<ul> <li>horizontal</li> <li>vertical, flow upwards</li> <li>vertical, flow downwards</li> </ul>	
Ambient temperature	<b>0°</b>	
Naterial data		
Body base	Aluminium Stainless steel	
Seal	FKM EPDM	
Electrical data		
Signals for set point and actual valve  Please quote all pressure values as overpress  to at: 1.013 bar(a) and 0 °C  to at: 1.013 bar(a) arc at the set of	ures with respect to atmospheric pressure [bar(ü)]	üS
o find your nearest Bürkert facility, click on th	e orange box → www.burkert.com	